0188747

Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2016 with funding from
Corporation of the Presiding Bishop, The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints

https://archive.org/details/memoirofsamuelen00endi_0

Lawrence W. Jenkins
With regards of
his friend
William LeRoy Emerson

November 11th
1936

MEMOIR

OF

SAMUEL ENDICOTT

WITH A

GENEALOGY OF HIS DESCENDANTS

Saml. Endicott

MEMOIR
OF
SAMUEL ENDICOTT
WITH A
GENEALOGY OF HIS DESCENDANTS

By
His Great-Grandson
William Crowninshield Endicott
The Younger

BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS
1924

FAMILY HISTORY LIBRARY
35 NORTH WEST TEMPLE
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84150

PRIVATELY PRINTED IN AN EDITION OF
ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE COPIES

TN6009NL

Herald, Dec. 2, 1936

PRIVATELY PRINTED IN AN EDITION OF
ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE COPIES

TN600608

Herald, Dec. 2, 1936

W. C. ENDICOTT RITES THRONGED

Philanthropist Is Buried In Salem Following Church Services

GROTON EDUCATOR, BISHOP OFFICIATE

SALEM, Dec. 1—Men and women socially prominent, educators, lawyers and business men thronged Grace Church here today at funeral services for William Crowninshield Endicott, 77, widely known philanthropist, who died Saturday at his home, 163 Marlborough street, Boston.

The Rev. Dr. Endicott Peabody of Groton School conducted the service. Bishop William Lawrence gave the benediction. Seated within the chancel were the Rev. Benjamin I. Harrison, rector of the Church of the Advent, Boston, and the Rev. Frederick M. Morris, rector of Grace Church.

Delegations were present from many of the organizations with which Mr. Endicott had been identified, including the Essex Institute of Salem, of which he was president; the Peabody Institute, Society for the Preservation of New England Antiquities, Massachusetts Humane Society, Boston Library Society, Free Hospital for Women, Massachusetts Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, the Society for Promoting Agriculture and others.

Honorary pall bearers were Francis B. Crowninshield, Dr. Henry F. Sears, Charles P. Curtis, Russell Codman, A. Lawrence Lowell, president emeritus of Harvard; Dr. Henry Jackson, Herbert W. C. Browne, Berkeley Updike, Nathaniel I. Bowditch, Charles Francis Adams, ex-secretary of the navy; George A. Vickery and Dr. John W. Bartol.

SERVICES AT GRAVE

The ushers included G. Peabody Gardner, Jr., head usher; Morton P. Prince, Augustus P. Loring, Jr., Caleb Loring, Gray Thoron, Francis W. MacVeagh, John P. Monks, Lindsey Dexter and Richard C. Curtis.

Following the church service, the Rev. George Gardner Monks, headmaster of Lenox School, conducted the committal services at Harmony Grove cemetery in Salem.

Among those who attended were T. Jefferson Coolidge, Brookline; Stephen W. Phillips, Salem; James Duncan Phillips, Topsfield; Maj. Philip Little, Salem; Judge Robert Grant, Boston; Mrs. J. G. Bradley and Cameron Bradley, Boston; Prof. Elihu Thomson and Mrs. Thomson, Swampscott; Mrs. Henry Parkman, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. Henry Endicott, Boston; Maj.-Gen. and Mrs. C. C. Williams, Hamilton and Washington; Mr. and Mrs. Roger Wolcott, Milton; Mrs. E. D. Brandegee, Brookline; Mr. and Mrs. James Lawrence, Brookline; Ward Thoron, Boston; Gen. Francis Peabody, Milton; Mr. and Mrs. Boylston Beal, Boston; Mrs. E. J. Holmes, Boston; United States Senator-elect Henry Cabot Lodge, Jr., and Mrs. Lodge, Beverly; Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Benson, Salem; George P. Gardner, Boston; George P. Gardner, Jr., Brookline; Mrs. Olga E. Monks, Boston; Mrs. Russell Gray, Boston; Henry Sprague, Boston; William D. Chapple, Salem; Charles H. Gibson, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. Francis Lee Higginson, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Vaughn, Sherborn; Miss Clara Winthrop, Manchester; W. T. Aldrich, Brookline; Dr. Thomas Barbour, Boston; F. B. Crowninshield, Boston; Mrs. Q. A. Shaw, Mrs. Louis Frothingham and Mrs. John S. Ames, all of Boston; Lawrence W. Jenkins of the Peabody Museum, Salem, and Howard Corning, secretary of the Essex Institute.

Mr. Endicott was the son of William Crowninshield Endicott, secretary of war during President Cleveland's first administration. He was a native of Salem and ninth lineal descendant of Gov. John Endicott, first Governor of the Massachusetts Bay Colony. He was a graduate of Harvard in the class of 1883.

He served for three years in the office of the United attorney-general at Washington and also acted for a time as secretary to his father while the latter was a cabinet member. He had practiced law in Boston since 1896.

TN600608

To the Memory
of
CLARISSA (CLARA) ENDICOTT
Widow of
GEORGE PEABODY
Youngest Daughter
of
SAMUEL ENDICOTT
and
Elizabeth Putnam, his Wife

"*Her children arise up and call her blessed.*"

TN Lavland

INTRODUCTION

IN ORDER *to preserve a record of Samuel Endicott, of Elizabeth Putnam, his wife, and of their five children, I have written this Memoir in the hope that it may be of interest and an inspiration to their descendants. To me, and I doubt not to many of my generation, it was a great privilege to have known, for so long a period, my grandfather, William Putnam Endicott; my grandmother, Mrs. George Peabody; and my great-aunts, Mrs. Augustus Perry and Mrs. Francis Peabody. As I think of them I seem to see in my mind's eye people of dignity of character; of general cultivation; of extreme reticence; and of great personal charm and beauty. They lived in a small community and all their interests were of necessity more or less centered around their homes. I am sure they represented what was best in the life of New England and set high ideals for those among whom they lived. The family life at that time stands out in bold relief but I fear would be little understood by the present generation. Young and old had common interests and at the large family gatherings on Thanksgiving and on Christmas and on the Fourth of July, differences of age seemed to disappear in mutual enjoyment.*

A genealogy through October 1924, of the descendants of Samuel Endicott, is added to this Memoir, in

which the family tree in direct line is traced back to Governor John Endecott. "The Governor and his descendants to the third generation (1724) spelt their names Endecott; since then an i *has been substituted for the* e *in the second syllable."*

I am indebted to the Essex Institute; to various members of my family; to Miss Sarah Elizabeth Hunt; to Mr. George Francis Dow; and to valuable notes made by the late William Endicott, Senior, of Beverly, and by the late Miss Susan Gray, for assistance given me in compiling this Memoir and Genealogy. Without their aid the work would not have been possible.

WILLIAM CROWNINSHIELD ENDICOTT
THE YOUNGER

The Farm,
Danvers, Massachusetts,
November 1, 1924.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Memoir of Samuel Endicott	1
John Endicott (1713-1783)	5
John Endicott (1739-1816)	7
Samuel Endicott (1763-1828)	8
The Children of Samuel Endicott	33
Samuel Endicott (1795-1828)	33
Elizabeth (Eliza) (Endicott) Perry (1797-1866)	33
Martha (Endicott) Peabody (1799-1891)	39
William Putnam Endicott (1803-1888)	48
Clarissa (Clara) (Endicott) Peabody (1807-1891)	54
Genealogy of the Descendants of Sammuel Endicott	65
The Endicott Burying Ground	145
Gravestone Inscriptions	153
The Orchard Farm	167
The Endicott Pear Tree	175
Notes on the Portraits of Governor Endecott	189
Index	203

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

Samuel Endicott, Esq. (1763-1828) *Frontispiece*
From a silhouette in possession of William Crowninshield Endicott.

Endicott Family Coat of Arms *Title Page*

Robert Endicott, Esq. (1756-1819) . . 8
From a silhouette in possession of William Crowninshield Endicott.

Birthplace of Mrs. Samuel Endicott, neé Elizabeth Putnam, Danvers, Mass. 22
From a photograph made in 1918.

Residence of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Endicott (1816-1841), 359 Essex Street, Salem, Mass. 24
From a photograph made in 1890.

Mrs. Samuel Endicott, neé Elizabeth Putnam (1764-1841) 26
From a silhouette in possession of Mrs. William Crowninshield Endicott.

Augustus Perry (1809-1871) 34
From a photograph made about 1860.

Mrs. Augustus Perry, neé Elizabeth Endicott (1797-1866) 34
From a photograph made about 1860.

Residence of Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Perry (1840-1871), 29 Warren Street, Salem, Mass. 36
From a photograph made about 1910.

Francis Peabody, Esq. (1801-1867) . . 38
From a miniature painted in Paris in 1822 by Lainé, fils, now in the possession of Mrs. John Endicott Peabody.

Mrs. Francis Peabody, neé Martha Endicott (1799-1891) 38
From a miniature by Miss Sarah Goodrich in possession of Mrs. John Endicott Peabody.

Residence of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Peabody (1823-1839), 380 Essex Street, Salem, Mass. 40
From a photograph made about 1905.

Front Door of the House, 380 Essex Street, Salem, Mass. 40
From a photograph made about 1905.

"Kernwood," the Country Residence of Francis Peabody, Esq. (1844-1871), Salem, Mass. 42
From a daguerreotype made in 1848.

Residence of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Peabody (1839-1874), 134 Essex Street, Salem, Mass. Taken down in 1908 44
From a photograph made about 1900.

Banqueting Hall in the Residence of Francis Peabody, Esq. 134 Essex Street, Salem, Mass. Built in 1850 46
From a photograph made about 1900.

William Putnam Endicott (1803-1888) 48
From a photograph made about 1860.

Mrs. William Putnam Endicott, neé Harriet French (1801-1886) . . . 48
From a photograph made about 1860.

Residence of Mr. and Mrs. William Putnam Endicott (1826-1833), corner of Derby and Orange Streets, Salem, Mass. 48
The birthplace of William Crowninshield Endicott.

Mrs. William Putnam Endicott, neé Mary Crowninshield (1804-1838), and her son William Crowninshield Endicott (1826-1900) 50
From a silhouette made in 1828 and now in the possession of Mrs. William Crowninshield Endicott.

Country Residence of Mr. and Mrs. William Putnam Endicott (1856-1879), Milford, N. H. 52
From a photograph made in 1876.

George Peabody, Esq. (1807-1892) . . 54
From a miniature painted by Henry Inman in 1824 and now in the possession of William Crowninshield Endicott.

Mrs. George Peabody, neé Clarissa Endicott (1807-1892) 54
From a miniature painted in Italy in 1833 and now in the possession of Mrs. William Crowninshield Endicott.

Residence of Mr. and Mrs. George Peabody (1827-1834), 21 Chestnut Street, Salem, Mass. 56
From a photograph made about 1880.

Residence of Mr. and Mrs. George Peabody (1834-1892), 29 Washington Square, Salem, Mass. 58
From a photograph made about 1890.

Country Residence of Mr. and Mrs. George Peabody (1854-1892), The Farm, Danvers, Mass. 60
From a photograph made in 1892.

PLAN SHOWING LOCATION OF TOMB OF GOVERNOR ENDECOTT, GRANARY BURYING GROUND, BOSTON 73

ENDICOTT BURYING GROUND, DANVERS, MASS. 148
From a photograph made May 24, 1920.

PLAN OF THE ENDICOTT BURYING GROUND, ORCHARD FARM, DANVERSPORT . . 152

PLAN OF THE ORCHARD FARM, DANVERS, MASS. 170
From a drawing by Sidney Perley.

THE ENDICOTT PEAR TREE, ORCHARD FARM DANVERS, MASS. 178
From a drawing made in 1863 by Maurice Curran Obey and now in the possession of the Essex Institute.

THE ENDICOTT PEAR TREE WITH THE OAKES COW 182
From an oil painting made in 1816 by Miss Hannah Crowninshield now in the possession of William Crowninshield Endicott.

THE ENDICOTT PEAR TREE 186
From a photograph made September 15, 1923.

FRUIT FROM THE ENDICOTT PEAR TREE . 188
From a photograph made September 15, 1923.

GOVERNOR JOHN ENDECOTT (1588-1666) . 191
From the portrait painted in Boston in 1665 and now in the possession of William Crowninshield Endicott.

SUN DIAL OWNED BY GOVERNOR ENDECOTT 192
Made by Boyer of London in 1630.

SWORD OWNED BY GOVERNOR ENDECOTT WITH WHICH HE IS SAID TO HAVE CUT THE CROSS FROM THE KING'S COLORS IN 1634 194

MEMOIR OF SAMUEL ENDICOTT

MEMOIR OF SAMUEL ENDICOTT

Our branch of the Endicott Family trace their descent in this country from Governor John Endecott, who settled Salem in 1628. Tradition has been handed down that Governor Endecott was born in Dorchester, Dorset, England, but recent investigations prove that this was not the case. After careful search in England to discover the parents of the Governor, Mr. Henry Fitz Gilbert Waters, the most distinguished genealogist in this country, failed to do so. Sir Roper Lethbridge, an equally distinguished genealogist in England, has since that time made investigations which lead him to believe that he has discovered the parents of the Governor, Thomas and Alice Endecott of Drewston, Chagford, Devon, England, but of this fact I am not convinced.

Governor John Endecott left England when forty years of age and as far as is known, broke loose, with one exception, from all family ties. The Puritans who came to this country to escape persecution seem to have had little or no communication with the mother country, except officially. The Governor must have left many papers behind him which would have thrown some light upon his life before and after he came here, but with the exception of a few letters known to be in existence, none remain. The data that I have been able to collect with the

idea that his life should be written, has been obtained from the Archives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; of the Massachusetts Historical Society, Boston; of the American Antiquarian Society, Worcester; of the Essex Institute, Salem; of the Record Office (Colonial Branch), London, where State Colonial Papers and State Papers, Domestic, were found; of the British Museum, London; and of the Bodleian Library, Oxford.

It is true that his grandson, John Endecott, a surgeon in the British Navy, born in Salem about 1657, resided in London for some years where two children, Anne Endecott and Robert Edwards Endecott, were born. Both these children were baptized at St. Olave's, Hart Street, London, — Anne Endecott on October 13, 1689, and Robert Edwards Endecott on April 11, 1693. After the death of their father, John Endecott, about 1693-4, their mother came to the Colony with her two children. The daughter, Anne Endecott, married December 20, 1711, her cousin, Samuel Endicott, from whom we are descended. Upon her death in May, 1723, she was buried in the Endicott Burying Ground at Danvers, and on her tombstone it is stated that she was born in London. Upon the death of Zerubbabel Endicott, a great-grandson of the Governor, in 1773, his cousin, the above-named Samuel Endicott, and his family were the only descendants of the Governor living in New England. With this single exception the Endicott Family had no connection with England until Samuel Endicott, the subject of this

memoir, was made a prisoner there during the War of the Revolution.

After the death of Governor John Endecott his descendants for five generations continued to reside and to be buried on the Orchard Farm* in Danvers, which had been in the family since 1632 when the Court of Assistants granted the estate to the Governor. The men of the family were farmers who tilled the soil as a means of livelihood; were respected members of the community in which they lived; and were in their quiet way good citizens. The women appear to have been a strong, attractive and competent race and their families were large. Zerubbabel, the son of the Governor, had thirteen children; his grandson, Samuel Endicott, had four children; his great-grandson, Samuel Endicott, had twelve children; his great-great-grandson, John Endicott, had four children; and his great-great-great-grandson, John Endicott, had twelve children.

John Endicott (1713-1783), of the fourth generation from the Governor (who was a small man and never had very good health), owned and lived in the easterly side of the present house at the Orchard Farm. He had four children, — John, Elizabeth, William and Robert, — two of whom, Elizabeth and William, died before their father. This John Endicott was very much interested in military affairs and through the war against the French served his King and Country as Captain in Colonel Plaisted's

* See Appendix for title to Orchard Farm.

Regiment (1757) at Lake George and as a Major in Colonel Joseph Fry's Regiment, March, 1759—May, 1760.

His wife, Elizabeth (Jacobs) Endicott, was a woman of high principle, of unusual firmness and energy of character, of intelligent mind, and of a tall and commanding presence. In early life she must have had much beauty, for she was always considered remarkably handsome and attracted attention wherever she went. She died in 1809 at the age of ninety-one. She knew men and women who had known Governor Endecott, and related to her children and grandchildren many events about the early Colonial days which, unfortunately, have not been transmitted to her descendants. On the day of the battle of Bunker Hill when Colonel Timothy Pickering had halted his company for a few minutes near the South Meeting House, South Danvers, such was her impatience at any delay that she walked up to him and said: "Why on earth don't you march; don't you hear the guns at Charlestown?" Undoubtedly she left as a legacy to her many descendants her frank, outspoken ways, for she always said what she thought and had no sentimental delusions about anybody or anything. When her brother, Daniel Jacobs, aged ninety-five, confided to her that he contemplated matrimony with a certain widow; she looked at him in amazement, and said: "Why Daniel Jacobs! you had better be thinking of your grave." In the later generations of the Endicott family there have been remarkable instances of longev-

ity, particularly in the female lines, and it is a fair presumption that this "length of days" is an inheritance from Elizabeth (Jacobs) Endicott.

John Endicott (1739-1816), of the fifth generation from the Governor (who stood some six feet, two inches in height), was a man of athletic build and of a strong, sturdy character. After the death of his father in 1783, he owned the Orchard Farm, where he lived with his seven sons and five daughters until they left home or were married. He was a true sportsman and had brought up his children to be competent, self-reliant, and accustomed, as he was, to outdoor life whether on land or sea. At the time of the American Revolution, when the Danvers Company was called out April 19, 1775, John Endicott was out fishing in the bay and only arrived in Danvers after the Troop, i.e., the Troop of Horsemen, had left for Lexington. He saddled his horse and rode off at once to join the Company, but soon came back, as he had not gone far before he met the soldiers returning. When only four years old his daughter Elizabeth (afterwards Mrs. James Gray*), who lived to be one hundred years, one month and six days old, remembered well how handsome her father looked in his uniform when he left home and how many tears her mother shed. Heart and soul in sympathy with the Colonists in their determination to free themselves from British rule, he took an active part in the Revolution. In 1778, Washington had directed General Sullivan to call

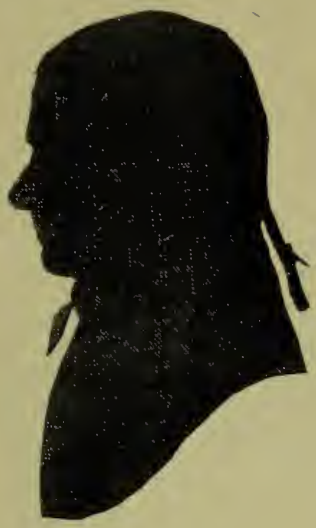
* Born August 15, 1771; died September 21, 1871.

upon the New England militia for a campaign against Newport and its defences. Little seems to be known regarding the experiences of John Endicott in the Revolutionary War except that he was at Tiverton, Rhode Island, from August until November, 1778.

His wife, Martha (Putnam) Endicott, was "a woman of great purity of character, of blameless life and conversation," and was honoured and revered by her children to an extraordinary degree. "By her amiable deportment, kindly feelings and gentle bearing she won the esteem of all who knew her." After her husband's death in 1816, she moved to Salem and lived in the house of her son Samuel, until her death in 1821.

With such antecedents and such traditions Samuel Endicott, the oldest of the twelve children of John Endicott and Martha Putnam, his wife, was born at the Orchard Farm, Danvers, on June 28, 1763.

His boyhood was passed with his eleven brothers and sisters upon this old farm. His father gave his children a good rudimentary education. The boys of the family, under the tutelage of an Englishman who remained in Danvers after the close of the American Revolution, were taught English composition, geography, mathematics and navigation, in which they all became proficient and which proved of great assistance in the seafaring life they afterwards led. Five brothers, Samuel, John, Moses, William and Timothy, left home when mere youngsters and eventually became masters or owners of



ships and carried the name of Salem to all parts of the world.

In the fifth generation from the Governor, John Endicott (the father of Samuel), and Robert Endicott, the ancestor of the Beverly Endicotts, with their brothers and sisters, were the only descendants of the Governor living at the Orchard Farm. Samuel Endicott was a nephew of Robert Endicott who was born at the Orchard Farm in 1757. The difference in their ages was so slight that they bore to each other the relation of brothers. Robert Endicott continued to live at the Orchard Farm until 1781, when he married Mary Holt, daughter of the Rev. Nathan Holt of South Danvers. At the time of his marriage Robert Endicott moved to Beverly, where he became a much respected and prominent citizen. The tie between Samuel and Robert Endicott was a very intimate one and scarcely a week passed that Samuel did not visit his uncle Robert in Beverly. Robert Endicott appears to have been a very charming person, not only to his family but to his friends. His mother, Elizabeth (Jacobs) Endicott, was "particularly devoted to Robert" and always insisted that when they had any especially good vegetables or lamb or household dainties, Robert must have his portion; so his niece, Elizabeth Endicott, oftentimes saddled her horse at short notice and rode to the ferry which was near the present Beverly Bridge in Salem, hitched her horse to a tree on the bank of the river, crossed the ferry, delivered the good things to her uncle Robert, and on her return

always found the horse standing where she had left him, which shows how conservative and law-abiding people were in those days. When Robert Endicott died on March 6, 1819, it was a great sorrow to Samuel Endicott who was now looked upon as the head of the family. The widow was escorted to the Burying Ground by this nephew and after her husband's coffin had been lowered into the grave she turned and said: "Nephew Samuel, I shall never again enter into the bonds of matrimony."

At the age of sixteen, in 1779, Samuel Endicott went to sea and for a time was made a prisoner in England, at Dartmoor Prison.* The Chaplain of the prison was very kind to him and when he was finally released, gave him a Bible which he greatly valued and which is now in the possession of his great-grandson. After the death of her brother, William Putnam Endicott, in 1888, Mrs. George Peabody (Clara Endicott) inherited the Bible and wrote upon a slip of paper the following:

> "A Bible given to my father, when a prisoner in England during the War of the Revolution, by the Chaplain of the prison and always prized by him. C. P."

Upon his return from England he remained for some time on the Orchard Farm, but soon, with his brothers, went again to sea and spent a very active, seafaring, strenuous life until 1805, when he retired and followed thereafter mercantile pursuits as shipowner and merchant.

* Possibly Mill Prison or Forton Prison.

Much responsibility was thrown upon sea captains at that time, which developed a self-reliant, vigorous race of men. The following data, in regard to the schooner "Sally" and the ship "Cincinnatus", will give a clear idea of how business was transacted.

While yet a young man, Samuel Endicott commanded the schooner "Sally",* 86 tons burden, built in Danvers in 1791 and owned by Samuel Page of that town. The schooner was ready for sea on July 4, 1794 and Captain Endicott was instructed to "prosead to sea the first Good wind & make the best of your [his] way for the Island of Trinidad" in the West Indies and there dispose of the cargo to the best advantage. He was given authority, however, to dispose of the cargo at some other island if it seemed best in his judgment. The return cargo was to be molasses with a possible shipment of cocoa. The owner's instructions and also the invoice covering the cargo shipped by the owners are both dated July 4, 1794, showing that business was transacted as usual on that patriotic anniversary notwithstanding the orations and celebrations usual at the time. Her cargo consisted of 79 hogsheads of salt fish; 10 hogsheads fall bank fish; and smaller quantities of large and small "Fall Bay and Bank Fish". Fourteen barrels of salt beef and fifteen barrels of flour accounted for the needs of the crew and left something over for sale in the West Indies. Thirty-nine boxes of "mould and dipt" candles; 166 pairs of men's fine shoes; 3 pair boots; with 100 hogs-

*There are thirty-two "Sallys" recorded in the Ship Registers of the Salem Custom House.

heads in shooks to be coopered for the expected return shipment of molasses, and "1 Bdle Shoes Contents Unknown marked Oakes on half Profitts", completed the cargo. Captain Endicott found a market for his salt fish at Grenada, thereby shortening his voyage. The gross profits on the outward cargo were about £500. 0. 0. The return cargo consisted of molasses at three shillings a gallon; cocoa at one shilling a pound and rum at 4 shillings, four and one-half pence per gallon. Mr. Caleb Oakes' coarse men's shoes sold at six shillings per pair and his fine men's shoes at 10 shillings and 4 pence. By the month Captain Endicott was paid £3. 0. 0; the mate, Daniel T. Smith, was paid £4. 4. 0; the able seamen were paid £3. 12. 0. and the boy received £1. 16. 0. The highest paid man on board was the cooper, William Carroll, who was paid at the rate of £5. 8. 0. The voyage lasted four months and four days. The seemingly low wages paid to the Captain may be explained by the custom of allowing him to ship free of freight on his own risk and account. In this instance it was molasses, but on a later voyage to St. Petersburg, it was tons of hemp,—all he could stow—and he also shipped ten bundles of clean hemp on the brig "Admittance", Captain Samson, bound for Salem, "to be delivered in Salem harbour or a Longside Crowninshield's wharf." The rate at that time was $26. per ton.

Voyages were also made by Captain Endicott in the "Sally", to Curaçoa, Jamaica and St. Vincent (1796-1797), and in the schooner "Active" (1797-

1798), he made three voyages to St. Pierre, Martinico. The next year he commanded the ship "Cincinnatus", a fine new vessel of 226 tons, built on the North River, at Hanover, in 1799, for the firm of Peabody & Perkins. Captain Perkins had gone to Hanover early in the winter, and contracted for the building of the ship with Mr. Kingman,* the shipwright, and not long after his return to Salem, Captain Endicott was sent to Hanover to oversee the construction and hasten in every way the progress of the work. His orders requested frequent reports and from these letters it is possible to picture many of the details connected with the building of a vessel at the end of the eighteenth century.

When he reached Hanover, early in March, 1799, he found that little progress had been made because of the very cold weather, but the keel had been laid and most of the timber was on hand, so that it was expected that the ship would be ready for launching early in May. Her stern post was 13 feet, 4 1/2 inches from the transom to the bottom of the keel, and the hold was to be nine feet deep. The keel was eleven inches deep abaft and forward it was 16 3/4 inches deep. "You will Excuse my not taking a Draft of the Ship," he writes, "as I do not profess to be a Draftsman." On March 15th he again reported slow progress because of the bad weather. On April 7th, there was much snow in the ship's hold, which was then being removed.

* David Kingman, born 1763, had a shipyard at Hanover, called "the Kingman Yard," where many vessels were built between 1799 and 1811.

The last of the bends went into place that day and the hold was "sealed ready to receive her lower deck." He was somewhat disturbed by the fact that three or four beams were of black oak as well as some of her clamps or carlings. "This stuff was got out before you bought the Ship and they was understood to go in her. All the timber they bring from the woods now is good white oak."

Early in the following month Captain Endicott was writing of the scarcity of suitable plank. Mr. Kingman, the shipwright, had been to Bridgewater and other towns in search of plank for the thick strakes ("streeke", he called them) without success and a man had been dispatched to Easton with orders to purchase the required plank "if money will purchase them." As it turned out it was impossible to obtain two-inch white oak plank to finish the waist and finally a mixture of red, black, and yellow oak plank was used, which Mr. Kingman thought would "pass the inspection of the River". Eleven bolts were put into the apron of the stern, the quarter-deck plank were split and caulkers were already at work, together with about a dozen ship carpenters, and more men were expected the next week. "There will be a Coaster from this river to bring some Iron work for the Salem Frigate* if you should choose to send the Dead Eyes by her." On April 22d, seventeen carpenters, five caulkers and two joiners were at work on the ship which was

* The frigate "Essex", then being built at Salem Neck by the merchants and patriots of Salem, as a contribution to the Government.

planked up to her plank shear, and the upper main deck beams were in place. "You can have two State rooms on the starboard side the same as the ship Foxwell", he writes to his owners.

A week later Captain Endicott complained of the absence of a number of the ship carpenters who had gone to their homes to attend to "there owne farming work." The blacksmith work on the "Cincinnatus" was being done at Hingham and the masts and rigging were coming from Salem and he asked that a small caboose be sent at the same time with some provisions for the ship's use, as it was expected that she would be launched about May 15th. Captain Thomas Perkins had written that he intended to come to Hanover to inspect the hull and the master builder hoped that he would come shortly as he wished "to Consult with you about the horse pieces and Windlass bitts. . . . Please to write me if you will have holes through the rails for belaying pinns or Cleats to the shrouds for the rigging . . . am sorry to hear of the total Distruction of the Nabby."* Captain Perkins arrived soon after and found the work going on fairly well but not as rapidly as was hoped for. When it rained, only half of the ship carpenters would continue their work and as for hurrying Mr. Kingman, the master shipwright, it was "Like whipping a Dull horse." However, all things come to an end and on May 16, 1799, the ship was launched.

* Peabody & Perkins had owned a schooner "Nabby", 113 tons, in 1795, but sold her the following year. The Salem Ship Registers do not list another "Nabby" owned by this firm.

The North River is very narrow at Hanover and moreover, there is a shoal in the river making it necessary for all of the larger vessels to be slung between gundalows to keep them up and lighten the draught until the hulls could be delivered farther down the river. The "Cincinnatus" also required more time and care in launching because she was not "a flat bottomed ship." Three days after she took to the water they "got her fore & aft the River", and so safely headed down stream and the next day, the 20th, between gundalows, she was floated "on the Bad shoal about 100 rods from the shipyard", where the ship rested that night and the following day at high tide, the pilot got her safely over the shoal. The rudder was then shipped and on the evening tide the "Cincinnatus" floated down to Delano's Landing where a gang of riggers awaited her coming.

On June 17, 1799, the ship was registered at the Salem Custom House and four days later sailed for St. Petersburg under the command of Captain Endicott, arriving at Elsinore Road, near Copenhagen, on the evening of July 16th, after a twenty-five days passage during which only one ship was sighted, "an English 64-gun man of war bound hear which I keept company with. I could sail faster than she by or Large." While at anchor at Copenhagen, Captain Rust of the brig "Favorite" of Salem, called on Captain Endicott. He was then homeward bound from St. Petersburg and well informed on the Russian markets. As a result of this visit

Captain Endicott decided to unload his cargo of coffee at Copenhagen as there was an over-stock at St. Petersburg. By the 25th the ship was in ballast and the next day sailed for Russia.

The merchandise carried to and from Europe in a ship like the "Cincinnatus", and the disbursements in connection with the voyage are clearly shown in the ledger of Samuel Endicott.

DISBURSEMENTS OF SHIP "CINCINNATUS" AT CRONSTADT IN RUSSIA

Paid my expenses up & down from Cronstadt to St. Petersburg	$55.95
Pd for 133¾ gallons Rum for Ships use	27.50
Pd for 7 Bolts of Duck to make F. Sail and F. Top Sail @ 27	189.00
Pd for Carting 7 Bolts of Duck	1.00
Pd Sail Maker's bill	63.00
Pd Ship Chandler's Bill	25.00
Pd for Potatoes & other Vegetables	20.00
Pd one man Caulking 10½ days @ 1 per day	10.50
Pd the Butcher's bill	61.91
Pd Bakers bill for 15 poods of Bread @ 3½ Ro pr pood	52.50
Pd for a Warp waying 7 poods at Ro 5 pr pood	35.00
Pd for Junk	6.00
Pd for Small Rigging & Spun yarn 10-25 @ 5 Ro	53.00
Pd Landing the Ballast & Potash fees	22.50
Pd Mr. Booker's bill for Clearing out	24.60
Pd bill for Screw Geer Wood Tar Pitch & Oakum	45.75
Pd bill for Matts & Deels to Stow hemp	29.15
Pd the Harbour Master	25.00
Pd the Tide Waiter	10.00
Pd Russians for Stowing Hemp	40.00
Pd Screw hire	20.00
Pd the Guard Ship	1.00
Pd for 30 Matts	1.90
	$821.66

Cronstadt 16th August 1799
E. E.

SAM[l] ENDICOTT

Memoir of Samuel Endicott

Dr. Ship "Cincinnatus" in Account with Saml. Endicott, Cr.

July '99. *Bill of Disbursements.*

	Pd Custom House Officer for Discharging Ship	$10.00
When	Pd for 10 Lasts of Ballast	6.64
	Pd for Cooking on Shore	1.00
bound	Pd the Guard Ship	3.00
	Pd for fresh Meat & Vegetables while in Copenhagen	18.20
out.	Pd the harbour Master	1.00
	Rix Dollars*	39.84
	Paid for 2 barrels Beef at 11 Dollars	22.00
	Pd for fresh Meat & Vegetables	6.00
	Pd for 12 bushells Potatoes Sea Stock @ 3 Shill.	9.00
	Pd for 2 half Anchors Gin for the People	9.00
When	Pd 300 weight Lang-rage† at 2 Dollars	6.00
	Pd for 2 Papers Pump Nails	.56
bound	Pd for a 14 Second Glass	.18
	Pd for Carlerage Papper§	.32
home-	Pd for 19 pounds Sheet Lead at 10 Shg	1.94
	Pd for a Lott of Junk	17.14
ward	Pd for half anchor of Molasses	5.04
	Pd for 100 four pound Shott	16.46
	Pd for a Pilot to St. Petersburg & back to Copenhagen	140.00
	Pd for Paints to paint the Guns	4.00
	Pd for 2 Paint Brushes	.26
	Pd for Elsinore Pilot to Copenhagen	6.72
	Pd for Harbour Pilot	3.48
	Pd Broker's Account	201.37
	Pd Express to & from Elsinore	2.00
	Pd Broker's Account for his attendance	3.06
	Pd the Guard Ship	1.00
	Pd Expenses for Lights, Powder & Signals for Ship as Commodore through the Catta gate & North Sea.	7.31
	Rix Dollars*	$502.86

Contra Cred.

By Cash Received of Messrs Ryburg & Co. on Ship's Account	$476.67
Balance	26.21
	$512.88

Copenhagen, 14th Sept. 1799
E. E.

Saml Endicott.

* Large silver coins.
† A kind of shot.
§ Cartridge paper.

The "Cincinnatus" entered at the Salem Custom House on the return voyage the following November.

On June 3, 1804, Captain Endicott again arrived at Cronstadt, then in command of the ship "Mount Vernon." Much of his cargo had been unloaded at Copenhagen, and he had on board only "19 Cask Coffee, 30 Boxes sugar, 164 Bags pepper." He found exchange rising and also the price of hemp, so after loading in accordance with instructions, he took on board about seventy tons of hemp, and also shipped to Salem on the brig "Admittance", Captain Samson, Master, 621 poods and twenty pounds of hemp.

The following letter from Messrs. Peabody & Perkins explains the usual instructions given to ship captains when a ship was ready to sail:

Captn Samuel Endicott Salem, June 7th 1800.

Sir.

You being Master and Factor of our ship Cincinnatus and Cargo, now complete for Sea; our instructions are, that you embrace the first fair Wind and proceed for Cadiz in Spain, where you will dispose of our Cargo if you can obtain a freight, and invest the proceeds in such Manner as you may think most for our interest and return to Salem. But in case Sugar should be low at Cadiz, then you'll proceed from thence direct for Leghorn and there sell the Cargo, unless it should be low & dull Sale, and you can get information which you can depend upon, of a better market at any Ports in the Mediterranean Sea, one or more of which you may proceed to if you judge it will be most advantageous; and when the Cargo is disposed of invest about ten thousand Dollars of the proceeds in such Goods which you may judge will pay the most profit home; the remainder invest in Spanish milled Dollars if they can be obtained at about par, but if they cannot, then in good Bills of Exchange on London drawn by Men of repute, and guaranteed by Men of undoubted credit; which Bills you'll send to Messrs Bainbridge, Ansley & Co. Merchants in London, for collection, to be placed to our credit when paid, requesting them to write us on receipt of your Letter.

Bring one Set of the Bills home with you, leave one Set with the Merchant who assists you in doing your business and forward two more to London as above directed. Write us by all opportunities and be very particular, forward three Certificates that the Cargo has been landed, and pay particular attention that the whole on board is included in the Certificate.

In case any unforeseen accident should deprive you of the command of our Ship Cincinnatus, we do in this case constitute and appoint your Chief Mate, Mr. John H. Andrews to take charge of her, hereby giving him power to act & proceed as he may judge most for our interest consistent with these orders.

We remain, wishing you a safe and prosperous voyage and a happy return

Your Friends

Joseph Peabody
Thomas Perkins

The following vessels were commanded or owned by Samuel Endicott:

CINCINNATUS: ship, built at Hanover in 1799, 226 tons. Joseph Peabody and Thomas Perkins, owners; *Samuel Endicott, master,* June 17, 1799 and March 14, 1801.

DE WITT CLINTON: brig, built at Wiscasset, Maine, in 1823, 292 tons. *Samuel Endicott, part owner* between 1823-1827: George Washington Endicott, master.

JEREMIAH: schooner, altered to a brig, built in Danvers in 1803, 131 tons. *Samuel Endicott, part owner* between 1810-1825; John Graves, master, 1804-1810; William R. Russell, master, 1811; William Thompson, master, 1821; William Duncan, master, 1823; Henry Morgan, master, 1825; Cutler Weston, master, 1825; John Day, master, 1827. Sold at Rio di Janeiro in 1827.

MOUNT VERNON: ship, built in Salem in 1803, 355 tons. Joseph Peabody and Gideon Tucker, owners; *Samuel Endicott, master,* June 4, 1803. The first Mount Vernon was built in Salem in 1798 and was lost in 1801.

PATRIOT: bark, built in Danvers in 1803, 265 tons. *Samuel Endicott, part owner* between 1810-1819; James Buffington, master, 1810; Nathan Frye, master, 1815; Jeremiah Page, master, 1819; Holten J. Breed, master, 1821. Broken up at Salem about 1829.

Rebecca: schooner, built at Danvers in 1803, 137 tons. Altered to brig in 1805, 178 tons. *Samuel Endicott, part owner*, 1810-1819; Solomon Giddings, master, 1810; Curtis Searl, master, 1810; William Duncan, master, 1815-1819; Jeremiah Page, master, 1821; James M. Barr, Jr., master, 1832; Benjamin Shillaber, master, 1834. Condemned at Buenos Ayres in 1834.

Sally: schooner, built at Danvers in 1791, 86 tons. *Samuel Endicott, master* in 1798.

Suffolk: ship, built at Pembroke in 1818, 314 tons. *Samuel Endicott, part owner* in 1827. Timothy Endicott, master in 1827. Also Moses Endicott, master. Sold at Rio di Janeiro in 1828.

Thomas: schooner, built at Kennebunk in 1801, 103 tons. *Samuel Endicott, sole owner*, July 29, 1809; Thomas Calley, master, 1804; Benjamin Larcom, master, 1808; John Lambert, master, 1809; Josiah Ober and Michael Shepard also were at times masters.

Two Brothers: schooner, built at Casco Bay in 1783, 103 tons. Changed to brigantine in 1793, 148 tons. Jonathan Gardner, owner, October 9, 1793; *Samuel Endicott, master.*

On May 18, 1794, Samuel Endicott married Elizabeth Putnam of Sterling,* Massachusetts, who was the daughter of William Putnam and Elizabeth Putnam, his wife. William Putnam and his wife had been born and brought up in Danvers, but during or at the close of the Revolutionary War, moved to Sterling. Grants of land had been made to William Putnam as early as 1776 and 1778 in what was at that time the town of Lancaster and Richard Derby of Beverly† conveyed in 1780 to William Putnam "his Farm in Lancaster with buildings." In 1785 these farms were conveyed to his two sons (brothers of Mrs. Samuel Endicott),—William Putnam settled upon his father's farm and Andrew

* Sterling was set off as a separate township from Lancaster on April 25, 1781.
† He owned "Browne's Folly," North Beverly, and died Nov. 9, 1783.

Putnam settled upon the adjoining farm. These farms were famous for over eighty years throughout Worcester County as models of what farms should be. In 1780, William Putnam of Lancaster, the elder, was a member of the Convention which framed the State Constitution and also a Member of the Great and General Court.

In 1821, Timothy Endicott (the youngest brother of Samuel) married Harriet Martyn, the step-daughter of William Putnam who had married her mother, Abigail Fiske, widow of John Monis Martyn. Retiring from a seafaring life in 1828, Timothy Endicott had decided some years before that the life of a farmer would be the happiest life for him and his wife, so, with the stipulation that they would care for Mr. and Mrs. Putnam as long as they lived, William Putnam, the younger of that name, conveyed on June 15, 1827, his farm, including what was known as "Rocky Hill," to Timothy Endicott who lived there until his death in 1865. In 1871, after the death of Mrs. Timothy Endicott, the William Putnam farm was sold and the Andrew Putnam farm is, it is believed, still in the family.

Mrs. Endicott and her children made long and frequent visits to Sterling, of which they had happy memories except of the Puritan Sabbath which was to them a horror. The Sabbath began at sun-down on Saturday night and ended with the setting of the sun on Sunday. The children well remembered going into the attic on Sunday afternoon and sitting huddled together near the western window in order that

they should know as soon as the sun set, for then came the freedom of the week-days. The reaction was often meteoric, which their elders found hard to understand.

The grandfather of Mrs. Samuel Endicott was Colonel David Putnam (1707-1768), who married in 1728, Rebecca, daughter of Thomas Perley of Boxford, and his wife, Sarah Osgood. For over fifty years David Putnam was one of the most prominent men in Danvers. Influential, not only in town affairs, he was also known throughout the County as a dashing cavalry officer. Colonel Timothy Pickering, when a boy, remembered him as the man who rode the best horse in the Province. He was "Master of the Horse" in the County of Essex.

Five children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Endicott,—two sons and three daughters,—Samuel Endicott; Elizabeth (Eliza) Endicott; Martha Endicott; William Putnam Endicott; and Clarissa (Clara) Endicott.

After his marriage Mr. Endicott lived upon the Orchard Farm until 1796 when he purchased from Penn Townsend, Jr. (Sept. 14, 1796), a house which stood at the westerly corner of Bridge and Winter Streets (2 Winter Street), in Salem, where his four youngest children were born. On May 9, 1816, he purchased from Benjamin Lander, the house at 359 Essex Street, where he resided until his death in 1828, and where his widow, Elizabeth (Putnam) Endicott, continued to live until her death in 1841. Later, his son William Putnam Endicott lived there

until his death in 1888, after which the house was sold (August 21, 1888) to Dr. George Emery Percy, who still resides there.

Samuel Endicott, with his brother John, owned the Endicott (Orchard) Farm in Danvers, which after an uninterrupted possession of one hundred and ninety-seven years was sold on December 31, 1829, by the heirs of Samuel Endicott and by John Endicott. The Farm remained out of the family for some thirty-four years, when it was purchased by his nephews, James Bridges Endicott and William Endicott. Upon the death of James Bridges Endicott in 1874, his brother William inherited his share of the Farm and upon the death of the latter, July 3, 1892, he devised by will dated May 7, 1892, the Endicott (Orchard) Farm "to my cousin, William Crowinshield Endicott." The clause of his will making this devise is as follows:

I devise my freehold farm situate at Danversport, Massachusetts, United States of America, known as the Endicott Farm, to my cousin, William Crowninshield Endicott, absolutely, or if he shall predecease me, to his father, the Honourable William Crowninshield Endicott, late Secretary of War of the United States of America, in the hope that the devisee and his descendants will keep the property in the family.

That Mr. Endicott became a leading citizen of the town of Salem, is shown by the following record of offices held by him:

Member of Petit Jury, 1806.
Member of Board of Health, 1807.
Member of Travers Jury, 1810; 1821.
Member of Grand Jury, 1816.
Fire Ward, 1809-1810; 1812-1818; 1820-1827.
Delegate to County Convention (War against Great Britain, July 7, 1812).

Selectman, 1817-1821.
Representative to General Court, 1817; 1819; 1822.
Surveyor of Highways, 1818; 1820; 1821.
Committee to examine West School, 1820.
Committee to superintend building the South Bridge, 1820-22.
Committee on Cistern in Bridge Street, March 17, 1823.
Committee on North Bridge repairs, March 14, 1825.

Much respected by family and friends, Samuel Endicott was a reticent, self-contained man with strong opinions, which, when the occasion arose, he never hesitated to express, sometimes it is said, in language far from parliamentary. He was always looked upon as the head of the family by his brothers and sisters, of whom there were eleven, — five sons and six daughters. His brothers, John and Jacob, were violent Republicans, approved the War of 1812, and took an active part in privateering, of which Samuel Endicott, who was a Federalist, disapproved. The brothers never avoided discussing these issues, no matter how opposed their views might be. It has been often said that the wives of the family dreaded these discussions among the brothers so much, that they usually kept out of the way when the storm broke.

Mr. Endicott was over six feet in height, had very fine teeth, dark hair and a commanding presence. Two stories are told of him which will prove how different were the relations existing between father and son in those far-off days in comparison with the present.

William Putnam Endicott, his youngest son, when a very little boy had been told that when walking

he must always turn out his toes. Every Sunday afternoon father and son took a walk. When they reached Town House Square, Salem, Mr. Endicott said, on one occasion, "Go home. I won't walk with a boy who does not turn out his toes." So the little boy trudged home alone, always remembered the event, and his dignified walk in after years was attributed by him and his family to this drastic lesson.

Later in life the same son had been away from Salem some two years on a voyage to the East, and as Captain of the ship he brought her into Salem harbor on a wild winter night in January, in the midst of a snow storm and gale. Landing at the wharf he walked home and reached his father's house long after midnight. In trying to arouse the household, a window over the side door was opened and a voice said, "Who's there?" "William," was the reply. "You ought to be ashamed to bring a ship into Salem harbor a night like this," said his father. The window was slammed down and the son went back to his ship. This was advice which the son never forgot and which he always said was of help to him in after voyages.

Mrs. Endicott was a short woman of dark complexion (known in the family as "a black Putnam") and of a very dignified manner. She was held in high esteem by all. The grandchildren remember her gifts made with her own hands for Christmas, always spread out upon the parlour table, at a time when Christmas was little celebrated in New Eng-

land. She was for many years an invalid and suffered from trouble with her heart. Her children described her death as tragic. A victim of Puritan theology she dreaded "Hell fire," because of her unworthiness, and felt that her life had been ill-spent, when in fact she had been deeply, almost morbidly, religious and had led an exceptionally useful life, considerate of everyone and always anxious to assist those less fortunate than herself.

The doors of her home were always open to members of their family in the most delightful manner, as well as to nephews, nieces and cousins, particularly so to those who lived in the country. The Reverend George Putnam, a son of Andrew Putnam of Sterling and a nephew of Mrs. Endicott, passed many winters with them in order that he might have educational advantages which he could not obtain at home. The result was that all the children through their long lives were very intimate with Mr. Putnam, who graduated at Harvard College in the class of 1826 and became one of the leading Unitarian ministers in New England,—a source of pride and satisfaction to the family who felt that he was a brother rather than a cousin.

The son of Mrs. John Gardner (Maria Cecilia Endicott, a niece of Samuel Endicott and daughter of his brother, John Endicott), John Endicott Gardner, passed four years with Mrs. Endicott while his parents were living in Rio di Janeiro, Brazil, as it was thought best for his education to have the advantage of Salem schools, which stood high for

scholarship. In 1838 he joined his parents in their South American home. His son, John Endicott Gardner, now lives in Berkeley, California; is a distinguished scholar and has written a very remarkable English-Chinese calendar which he compiled at the request of the United States Department of Labor and which was published by the Government. This calendar has been in use for about twenty years by Immigration officials throughout the United States, on trans-Pacific vessels, and also in the Consular offices in China.

As long as he lived and afterwards, during the lifetime of his widow, "Uncle Sam's house" was a rendezvous for young and old, notwithstanding that Mr. and Mrs. Endicott had quite a family of their own. That was true hospitality. In those days it must have been at times a hard task to have such a houseful when means were small and the luxuries of life, now become necessities, were unknown. The women of the family had to do their full share of the necessary work.

The memory of the parents was revered by their children. The death of Samuel Endicott was very sudden and unexpected. He had been working in the garden of his house on Essex Street a good part of the day, had become overheated, and in order to cool off went into the cellar, which was damp and cold. He contracted a violent chill, leading to complications which caused his death. The Salem Register of May 5, 1828, says:

"In this Town on Thursday morning last, died after a short

illness, Samuel Endicott, Esq., aged 65, a direct descendant of Governor Endicott. In early life an active shipmaster and afterwards an enterprising merchant. Captain Endicott has represented this Town in the Legislature of the Commonwealth and sustained in the various relations of life a fair and unblemished character. A faithful husband and kind parent, he has left behind him a most interesting and lovely family to mourn this melancholy bereavement."

His funeral took place from his residence in Salem, on May 2, 1828, at four o'clock in the afternoon, and his body was buried in the Endicott Burying Ground at Danvers, next to his father and mother. Thirteen years afterwards his wife died (November 9, 1841), and she, too, was buried in the family Burying Ground, next to her husband. A marble slab, enclosed in an iron fence, supported by six columns, marks their last resting place.

This ancient family Burying Ground* is situated on a lonely, bleak New England hillside upon the original grant made by the Court of Assistants to Governor John Endecott in 1632. Some stately white pine trees make the landscape a little less harsh, beneath which lie in their last sleep the remains of the lineal descendants of the Governor, for five generations, as well as many other descendants, both male and female. "There clustered beneath the pines that whisper and sigh on the river bank are the Memorial stones, some old and gray, some gleaming white, which bear the names of many who have been mentioned in this rambling sketch."† The first interment made therein was in 1658 when Eliza-

* See Appendix. — The Endicott Burying Ground.

† Notes on the family by Miss Sarah Elizabeth Hunt, 1893.

beth Endecott, the eldest daughter and child of Zerubbabel Endecott, the son of the Governor, died. On the northerly side of the Burying Ground several family slaves are buried—the best known was Phyllis, who was purchased when a mere child by Mrs. John Endecott for a small sum of money because she was lame and was much respected and beloved by all the family.

When General Thomas Gage, acting Royal Governor of the Province and Commander of the 64th Regiment and two companies of the 65th Regiment of the Royal Troops, had his headquarters from June to September 1774, at "The Lindens," Danvers (at that time the Robert Hooper Mansion), two British officers died. There had been more or less intercourse between the Orchard Farm and the Robert Hooper Mansion when General Gage was stationed there, for Elizabeth (Jacobs) Endicott was much disturbed by the continual flogging of the soldiers, whose screams could be heard across the fields at the Farm, and had frequently remonstrated against such punishment which she considered excessive for the offence committed. But when death came, she and her family offered a place of burial in the old Burying Ground. To-day the bodies of these two British officers lie in an unmarked double grave between two tall pine trees. Their names are unknown. An effort has been made in this country and in England to find their names and rank, but thus far without success. Some day it is hoped the mystery will be solved.

THE CHILDREN OF SAMUEL ENDICOTT

THE CHILDREN OF SAMUEL ENDICOTT

Samuel Endicott, the eldest child, was born at the Orchard Farm in the old homestead, March 13, 1795, and died at Sterling, May 15, 1828. He was tall, athletic in build, handsome and rather difficult to manage. He had no desire for education as understood by the usual college training, and being obstinate and unmanageable was sent to Sterling to live with his uncle, William Putnam, on his farm, where he made himself useful and where he died at the age of thirty-three; two weeks after the death of his father. He was buried in the Putnam tomb on the Sterling farm, but after the farm was sold his remains were removed to the old cemetery in the village where he is buried with his Putnam relatives. In 1914, a stone was placed to his memory near the graves of his parents in the Endicott Burying Ground at Danvers.

Elizabeth Endicott, the second child, familiarly known as Eliza Endicott, was born in a house which stood on the corner of Bridge and Winter Streets, Salem, April 28, 1797, and died at Salem, February 6, 1866. To the men and women of her time she was a remarkable woman, devoted to family and friends.

In early life she was engaged to Mr. Samuel Perry of New Bedford, who was studying to be a Uni-

tarian minister after having graduated at Harvard College with high honors in the class of 1816. As her father was a man of the most limited means, he felt that if they wished to be married her husband should be in a position to support her; so Mr. Perry gave up the idea of being a minister and went to sea, as most of the young men of that time were doing. The schooner "Jeremiah," owned in part by Samuel Endicott, his future father-in-law, on which he sailed as supercargo, went to Havana. There he contracted yellow fever and died May 7, 1821, aged twenty-five years, and there he was buried. His death was a great tragedy to her and colored the daily life of the family for some years as in those days people yielded to grief more than now. Mr. Samuel Perry was a charming and cultivated man of whom her relations always spoke with pride and affection.

When Lafayette came to Salem in 1824, a dinner was given him in Hamilton Hall, which was hung with portraits of many of the worthies of the Town. Mrs. Nathaniel Silsbee, Jr. (Marianne Cabot Devereux), assisted Miss Endicott upon this occasion in decorating the hall "by handing her the oak leaves and garlands to be arranged by her around the picture frames and windows with an elegance of taste which no one could rival."

In 1835-1836, she visited Europe with Mr. and Mrs. John Lowell Gardner and their son Joseph; made a very extended and unusual trip for those days and returned to Salem full of interest and with

a most intelligent appreciation of all she had seen both in France, Switzerland and Italy, as well as in England and Scotland.

On January 9, 1838, she was married in New York to Augustus Perry, a younger brother of Samuel Perry to whom she had been engaged. After Mr. Perry's death she had befriended this brother and had done all she could to give him an education and a good start in life. He had lived for some years in her mother's house in Salem and had been regarded as a member of the family. The marriage was a most happy one and Mr. Perry endeared himself to each generation. He had been born in New Bedford (where his father, Samuel Perry, was a very distinguished physician) and was left an orphan early in life with no means of livelihood.

After their marriage, Mr. Perry was an invalid for some years — threatened with consumption — which was quite unaccountable because he had led a healthy out-of-door life on land and sea. In January 1844, they sailed in the ship "Duxbury," on a journey to Cuba, with her brother, William Putnam Endicott, where the winter was passed. In 1844-1845, another journey was made to Rio de Janeiro, where Mr. and Mrs. John Gardner were living and where Mr. Gardner was the head of one of the most prosperous and prominent banking houses. These seem to have been the only journeys taken after their marriage.

Her home (which was at 29 Warren Street, Salem, 1840-1866) was the center of life for her nephews

and nieces. It was a delightful home, made so from the fact that with her taste and skill as a needlewoman (as is shown by a beautiful set of furniture* which she embroidered for her parlour), she was sure of making her surroundings, wherever they were, attractive and homelike.

Mrs. Perry was devoted, as has been said, to family and friends,—her family in each generation turned to her when illness and trouble came and she never failed them. By instinct she was an excellent nurse, perfected by practice, as at that time modern nursing did not exist. In writing to her sister, Mrs. George Peabody, in 1833, who was then in Europe, she says that her sister-in-law, Mrs. William Putnam Endicott, née Mary Crowninshield, had been so ill that her life had been despaired of. "You can form some idea how inadequate I feel to the slightest effort in writing you when I tell you that last night was the first time my head had touched the pillow for fifty-six hours."

She dressed in the latest fashion and with unusual taste and most of her clothing was made at home under her careful supervision. Her brother-in-law, George Peabody, said he had often seen her when a young woman, beautifully dressed, walk down Essex Street in satin slippers when the snow was on the ground. Tall, with a stately walk (which those who knew her never seem to have forgotten), she was a commanding figure with a charm of manner and buoyancy of nature most unusual.

* Now in possession of Mrs. William Crowninshield Endicott.

Mrs. Perry died at Salem on February 6, 1866. In referring to her death her niece, Mrs. George Dexter (Sarah Rogers Endicott), to whom Mrs. Perry was particularly devoted, often referred to the poem written by James Aldrich:

Her sufferings ended with the day
Yet lived she at its close,
And breathed the long, long night away
In statue-like repose.

But when the sun in all his state
Illumed the eastern skies,
She passed through Glory's morning gate
And walked in Paradise.

Her funeral took place from Warren Street and her body was buried in a tomb at Harmony Grove, Salem, which belonged jointly to her brother William Putnam Endicott and his brother-in-law Richard Saltonstall Rogers. In a few years her husband purchased a lot of his own in Harmony Grove where her body was removed and now lies beside that of her husband, Augustus Perry, who died March 5, 1871. Recently, slate tombstones have been placed over their graves by her nephew and nieces to replace the marble ones which time had disintegrated.

Mrs. Nathaniel Silsbee, Jr., who knew Mrs. Perry all her life and had an intense admiration for her and for all for which she stood, wrote in the *Christian Register* the following obituary notice:

Many an estimable member of the great human family who has been little known or felt beyond the

inner circle of near friends, is taken away, and it is the inexorable hand of Death that lifts the curtain which has veiled the useful and honorable life. But when one so full of vitality, so replete with all that adorns and gladdens existence, is removed from among us, our friendly task is not to reveal excellence, but to show that we remember the characteristics which made our departed townswoman a brilliant reality in life, and now a splendid vision.

We were all proud of her; we felt some increase of distinction in her pervading presence; in her sparkling energetic youth, so replete with health, when her elastic foot-fall seemed to mark the supremacy which she never needed to assume, it was so freely granted.

She accepted with a grace peculiarly her own the actual or implied concessions to her power, and never trenched upon the social rights of any person. She generously bestowed the admiration that she honestly took pleasure in receiving, and disdained the petty arts by which inferior natures sometimes tarnish their successes. Her taste and ingenuity were a marvel, and the industrious hand could always, by its magic touch, call into being the pictures of her fancy. A cheerful spirit, a warm heart, a keen insight, made her a charming companion; an almost total self-abnegation made her a valued friend; and a remarkable portion of that most uncommon quality, common sense, gave an importance to her counsels, which rendered them a safe guide to those who sought her advice, which, never obtruded, was always freely given.

In the stately maturity of life, her noble qualities rounded into just proportions by the friction of divers circumstances to which her ready sympathies subjected her, she seemed the complete pattern of

daughter, sister, friend and wife. Her ardent affections made the household all aglow with genial fire, and as succeeding generations sprung up in her path to greet and love her, she welcomed them to their pleasures, she strengthened them in their duties, she solaced them in their troubles, and she "took the little children in her arms and blessed them."

Her life was well spent, filled, finished. Undying energy guided faithful love until near the close; and when she, who had never shrunk from the heat and toil of the day, lay down in the evening to rest, loving, grateful hands smoothed the weary brow, and loving hearts beat a mournful music to the spirit's onward march to a new life. Her dear ones to whom she was such an absolute vitality will in the midst of their sorrow, rejoice that she has been their refuge through so many of life's storms, and feel that her rich and strong nature is only removed to a higher scene of action. The God, whom, in the pure and reverend faith of our most honored teachers, she worshipped while on earth, has revealed to her the glory of the heavens, and the "well done" is the exceeding reward of the faithful servant.

Martha Endicott, the third child, was born in the same house as her older sister, November 27, 1799, and died at 231 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston, March 12, 1891. At the age of twenty-four, on July 7, 1823, she married, at her father's house, 359 Essex Street, Francis Peabody of Salem, a son of Joseph Peabody and Elizabeth Smith, his wife. Six children were born to them: — Joseph Peabody; Samuel Endicott Peabody; Martha Endicott Peabody; Francis Peabody; Elizabeth Putnam

Peabody and Francis Peabody; all of whom lived to grow up with the exception of the third son, Francis Peabody, who died when an infant.

On their wedding journey, Mr. and Mrs. Peabody were accompanied by the Rev. John Brazer, Miss Clarissa (Clara) Endicott and Mr. George Peabody, whom Miss Endicott four years later married. They made quite an extended journey to Saratoga Springs and Niagara in their own travelling carriage.

From the time of her marriage until 1839, she lived at 380 Essex Street, in a house which is still standing and which was designed by the famous Salem builder, Samuel McIntire,—where all her children were born. In 1839 she moved to 134 Essex Street, the handsome, stately house which was next door to the house occupied by her father-in-law, Joseph Peabody, and which he had built for his eldest son, Joseph Augustus Peabody, in 1820.

Her husband, Francis Peabody, died in 1867, but she continued to live in her home for a few years. In the early seventies she went to England with her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Crowninshield Rogers, and remained there until 1879. Her home in Salem was sold August 1, 1874, and was pulled down in 1908 to make room for a State Armory. After leaving Salem she lived the remainder of her life with Mr. and Mrs. Rogers. Until her husband's death, her summers had been passed at Danvers in a house over which towered stately pines and which stood at the head of Ingersoll Street on the Newburyport Turnpike;

or, at Nahant where the families of George and Francis Peabody lived (1837-1846) under the same roof when the children were small.

In 1844, her husband, Francis Peabody, purchased a large estate in the suburbs of Salem, which he called "Kernwood" and where he built a Gothic house with a beautiful Italian garden, and also a house for his daughter, Mrs. Richard Denison Rogers (Martha Endicott Peabody),—all made doubly attractive from the fact that Mr. Peabody had taste and an intense love of everything that was best in art and nature. His country house and the house in Salem were filled with beautiful furniture and "objets d'art" which had been purchased during his frequent visits to Europe. In fact, both his residences had a certain finish and completeness of style which was more unusual in those days than it would be now. For the marriage of his daughter, Martha Endicott Peabody (April 2, 1851), a fine Gothic banqueting hall was added to the Salem house where the wedding supper was served. Later, in 1870, when His Royal Highness, Prince Arthur, now the Duke of Connaught, came to this country to attend the funeral of George Peabody of London,* Mr. Peabody's son, Samuel Endicott Peabody, gave a memorable dinner to the Prince in this same hall.

Mrs. Peabody was very handsome and was much admired by all who knew her. Short, with a slight, graceful figure, a brilliant complexion, a radiant

* George Peabody died in London, Nov. 4th, 1869.

smile and a cultivated voice, she was the embodiment of daintiness, dignity and sympathetic charm. Wherever she went, whether at home or abroad (where she spent much of her time), she was a marked personality. For many years Mrs. Peabody made an annual visit to Saratoga Springs, where she made many friends, as was the case wherever she went.

Her mind was active and her knowledge and love of poetry, particularly that of her youth, was great. It was a pleasure to hear her recite this poetry by the hour in a low musical voice, and her own verses, written to friends when the occasion arose, were unusual. Her mind was also imaginative. She had extraordinary dreams, which the psychologists of to-day would find filled with "complex repressions" and the like. Once she had a very vivid dream that she was in Heaven and was enraptured with its beauties and peace when of a sudden she heard a voice say, "Nothing avails here but character." Then she awoke and found that it was a dream. When her daughter, Mrs. Richard Denison Rogers (Martha Endicott Peabody), died at St. Catharine's, in Canada, she aroused her husband at about the hour Mrs. Rogers died and described the vivid dream she had had of a deathbed with people (whom she named) standing about in great distress. The dream made a deep impression upon her and when the news reached Salem of Mrs. Rogers' death she was not as surprised as other members of the family, for there had been no thought of any serious illness.

Her sister often spoke of "Martha's dreams" as curious and startling.

Mr. and Mrs. Peabody spent much of their married life in Europe and had exceptional opportunities of seeing the great world of London and Paris, where they, with their children, were sought and were welcome guests wherever they went. Their two charming daughters were especially admired,—Martha Endicott Peabody, who was considered by many people the handsomest woman of her time, and Elizabeth Putnam Peabody, who is well remembered as a gracious, dignified and graceful figure even when she reached her 93rd year.

In view of the fact that four of the descendants of Mr. and Mrs. Peabody have married into the Lawrence family (three of whom are descendants of the Honorable Abbott Lawrence, the American Minister at the Court of St. James), it will be interesting to read a letter which Disraeli wrote to his sister Sarah:—

Ceylon Committee Rooms

May 13, 1850

After describing the annual dinner at the Royal Academy in London, he says:—

"Afterwards we went to the first Assembly of Mrs. Abbott Lawrence, the wife of the American Minister, which was very numerous. Mr. Lawrence is a very opulent man and has given for Lord Cadogan's fine house in Picadilly Terrace, a rent equal to his salary £2,000 per annum. All the world was there. Mr. Lawrence is a very fine specimen of the New World,

—good looking and cordial and well bred,—a high Protectionist. I had heard much of him from John Manners, as he stayed a week at Belvoir and they were all pleased with him. There were a good many Americans among them,—the Peabody Family,—great people. As Mrs. Lawrence says, 'the Peabodies are the Howards of America.' The chief Peabody (Francis Peabody) was presented to me. He said of the Duke of Wellington, who was there as well as at the Academy dinner where he made a speech, 'The two hemispheres can't show a man like that, Sir!' "*

Mr. and Mrs. Peabody with their daughters† and sons, Joseph and Francis, were present on the evening of December 1, 1851, at the usual Monday reception at the Élysée Palace held by the then Prince President on the eve of the famous "Coup d'État" which made him later the Emperor Napoleon the Third. A winter mist was hanging over Paris, but at the Élysée there were brilliant lights in all the windows and the "sound of dance music drifted into the night." The guests were received by the Princess Mathilde (Countess Anatole Demidoff: Princess of San Donato), who acted as Hostess for her cousin on official occasions and who wore that night the famous jewels which had belonged to the Princess Borghese (Pauline Bonaparte) and which were so heavy in their settings that she turned to Mrs. Peabody and said, "*Il faut souffrir pour être*

* *Life of Benjamin Disraeli*, by Moneypenny and Buckle, Vol. III, p. 250.

† It is barely possible that Martha Endicott Peabody, who had married Richard Denison Rogers on April 2, 1851, was not in Paris at this time.

belle." No unusual features were presented that night except that the Prince President withdrew rather suddenly after having been conspicuously standing by a mantelpiece in deep, quiet conversation with a friend. "Before eleven the carriages drove away in the darkness and the lights went out at the Élysée." As the guests were leaving the Palace they found that Paris was barricaded. "Paris was indifferent but the army was with the Prince President." The two daughters, with their brothers Joseph and Francis, accompanied by Prince Murat, an intimate friend of Francis, walked the streets to see what was going on, much to the horror and consternation of their parents. The troops were marching through the empty streets in the gray light and before dawn Proclamations by the Prince President were being posted all over Paris under police escort. The Assembly was dissolved and martial law proclaimed.

Early the next morning the sons appeared at the family apartment and related in detail the experiences of the night about which the daughters had been rather reticent. Everyone was urged to get up and soon the entire family found themselves on the Champs Élysée where they remained for hours mixing with the crowd and sharing the excitement which was intense. In the afternoon the Prince President had ridden out of the Élysée Palace on his famous mare "Lizzy," to review the troops who had entered Paris from the direction of the Arc de Triomphe. The Peabody family, much to their

amusement, were all standing on a long low seat when the future Emperor, riding at the head of the troops, raised his hat in such a way that there could be no doubt that he recognized them all as having been his guests at the Élysée the night before. Later in the day Francis Peabody, Jr., was walking along the Rue St. Honoré when he heard a great noise behind him. This proved to be the famous Cuirrassiers coming towards him with lances in rest. His tailor's shop was conveniently near, where he stepped in and avoided more intimate contact with them.

In after years it was delightful to hear these members of the family recall their many European experiences which were unknown to the average American of those days when only the privileged few could travel. To those who remained at home a certain glamour was cast over European travel. Many efforts were made to induce Mrs. Rogers and her brothers to write an account of what they had seen and done, but unfortunately without avail. A great many family letters, if published some day, will in a great measure fill this want.

Deeply religious, Mrs. Peabody had a strong faith which never failed her and which helped her to bear the sorrows of life. On March 12, 1891, she died in her ninety-second year and to the end she remained the same, with none of the burdens or infirmities of age, as the illness from which she died was of brief duration.

Her funeral took place from the First Church in

Boston, on March 16th, where she had been a constant attendant for many years. Two hymns were sung, "At Last" and "My Grace is Sufficient for Thee," and the Rev. Stopford W. Brooke, the minister of the Church at that time, made the following prayer:—

> Almighty God, we resign into Thy closer embrace all that rests here of Thy child, our sister. We thank Thee for this spirit whom we all loved, so fresh and pure and happy through long years, so quiet and beautiful at its close. She has gone from us now; but she has gone home to Thee. We look up to Thee, the Immortal Love, and know she has but changed the form, in which she rejoiced so many, for some more heavenly shape. Thy love is round her there as here: Thy spirit still guides and cheers her soul: she takes her place in Thy great mansions: she meets again the friends that have gone before: she sees Christ face to face and is at peace. With the remembrance of her, and of all whose loss we mourn, now living and warm in our hearts, we pray to Thee for ourselves. We have seen one more human soul pass in deep faith and happiness into Thy eternal radiance. Grant, Lord, that we too may henceforth live in Thy sight with more purity and truth: cleanse with Thy Spirit each dark place of our soul: fill us with juster, more tender love for one another: hold before us that great vision of the perfect life, as seen in Christ Jesus: and so lead us on, through all the changes of this world, that, when Thy last call comes, we may look up in faith and trust, and pass home into the nearer vision of Thyself. Amen.

Her grandsons carried her coffin into the Church filled with relatives and friends which showed in a marked way that her life, long as it was, had touched young and old alike.

Her body was taken to Harmony Grove Cemetery, Salem, for burial,— the cemetery which her husband had been largely instrumental in making beautiful by laying out the grounds and by erecting an entrance arch and iron gate which he himself designed,—and was laid in the Peabody Tomb beside that of her husband and her son Francis, who had died long years before.

There from the music round about me stealing
I fain would learn the new and holy song,
And find at last beneath Thy trees of healing
The life for which I long.

William Putnam Endicott, the fourth child, was born in the same house as his sisters in Salem, March 5, 1803, and died at Salem, March 11, 1888. He attended the public schools of his native town and graduated at Harvard College in the class of 1822, where he was popular and a member of the various Clubs, including the Porcellian. His standing as a scholar was excellent. His love and knowledge of literature, particularly of Latin and Greek, was very great and during his long life he enjoyed nothing better than re-reading the classics. After leaving college he entered the counting room of Joseph Peabody in Salem, where he remained for some years. Later he went to sea and commanded

several ships and made voyages to Russia, India, the West Indies and South America. In 1835 he became a member of the East India Marine Society, and in 1844 represented Salem in the Great and General Court.

On January 31, 1826, he married Mary Crowninshield, the daughter of the Honorable Jacob Crowninshield and Sarah Gardner, his wife, a prominent merchant of Salem and a member of Congress from 1801 until his death in 1808. Mr. Crowninshield had been appointed Secretary of the Navy in 1805 by Thomas Jefferson, which position he declined, though his commission as Secretary of the Navy is on file in the Department of State in Washington, D. C. The wedding took place in a house standing on the easterly corner of Bridge and Sanders Streets in Salem, where her sister, Mrs. Richard Saltonstall Rogers (Sarah Gardner Crowninshield) lived. The bridesmaids were: Miss Mary Crowninshield Silsbee (afterwards Mrs. Jared Sparks), Miss Clarissa Endicott (afterwards Mrs. George Peabody), Miss Margaret Mason Peele (afterwards Mrs. Stephen C. Phillips), Miss Elizabeth Putnam (afterwards Mrs. John Amory Lowell), and Miss Sarah Ellen Derby (afterwards Mrs. John Rogers). The groomsmen were Benjamin Crowninshield, Nathaniel Silsbee, Jr., Gideon Tucker and Samuel Hodges. The day was a cold winter day and when the young couple reached their new home in Derby Street, Mr. Endicott had to shovel away the snow from the door in order that the bride could enter.

Four children were born to them of whom two lived to grow up,—William Crowninshield Endicott, who became distinguished as a lawyer, was Associate Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and Secretary of War (1885-1889) during Cleveland's first administration; and a daughter, Sarah Rogers Endicott, who married George Dexter of Brookline. The other children were Mary Crowninshield Endicott, who died when three years old, and George Frederick Endicott, who died when two months old. On March 12, 1838, his wife, who was an intellectual, handsome and gifted woman, died. At the time of her death, Miss Eliza Leavitt Pickman (a daughter of Dudley Leavitt Pickman, Esq., and Catherine Sanders, his wife, and afterwards Mrs. Richard Saltonstall Rogers), a devoted friend, wrote the following verses:—

LINES ON THE DEATH OF MRS. M. C. E.

The scene is clos'd! all—*all* is o'er!
The flickering lamp is spent!
That lovely smile on *us* no more
May sweetest consolation pour!
The "silver cords" are bent.

* * * * * * *

Translated to a purer sphere?
To higher — holier joys?
To bliss unknown to pilgrims here?
Where sorrow's sigh, and suffering's tear
The happiest lot alloys.

Say, are thy bright affections glowing
With yet a loftier aim?
Thy bosom still with love o'erflowing?
On angels, thy blest smiles bestowing?
Art thou, sweet Mary, still the same?

* * * * * * *

Yes! God is Love! and near his throne
Are mansions for the blest,
Where sigh — nor tear — nor sorrows moan,
Or suffering — pain — or fear — is known,
There is thy spirit's rest!

When her little boy, George Frederick Endicott, died on January 11, 1833, Mrs. Perry wrote to her sister, Mrs. George Peabody: — "To-day, dear Clara, we have paid the last tribute to Mary's infant. The dear little thing expired last evening after a short but distressing sickness. Mary bears her affliction with her usual calmness. I cannot but repeat what I have often said and always thought, that she is indeed a wonderful woman. The more I see her the greater is my admiration for her character."

Her brother-in-law, George Peabody, in speaking of Mrs. Endicott in his Diary says: — "She was a conscientious, excellent woman of great dignity of character and inspired every one who associated with her with feelings of respect. Her manners were formal to strangers, but with her friends, although never approaching levity, were always extremely affable."

0188747

FAMILY HISTORY LIBRARY
35 NORTH WEST TEMPLE
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84150

On December 4, 1844, Mr. Endicott married Mrs. Harriet French Peabody, widow of Joseph William Peabody and daughter of Josiah French and Rebecca Blanchard, his wife, of Milford, New Hampshire. For forty-two years they lived together. His children became so devoted to her that they hardly knew that she was not their own mother. Her stepson, in writing of her and of all she had been to him, said: "She was a very rare and noble character, and it is very pleasant to me to receive testimonials from so many sources of her virtues and goodness." "I do not wonder that you retain such pleasant and delightful recollections of her because she was a charming woman and impressed herself in the same way upon all who knew her."

The summers from 1856 until 1879 were passed at Milford, New Hampshire, in a house and farm owned by Mrs. Endicott, who had purchased the estate from her mother, Mrs. Josiah French, who was a daughter of Augustus Blanchard, a well-known citizen of New Hampshire. When first married, Mr. Endicott lived in the westerly side of what is now the Old Ladies' Home, on Derby Street, Salem (1826-1829) (1832-1833), where his son, William Crowninshield Endicott, was born. Later he moved with his family to the Derby Farm in Danvers (1829-1832) now Peabody, which his wife inherited from the estate of her father, Jacob Crowninshield, and which had originally belonged to her great uncle, Elias Hasket Derby. In 1833 he moved to 5 Summer Street, Salem, where his first wife died.

Subsequently he lived with his mother at 359 Essex Street until his second marriage in 1844 when he moved to 14 Elm Street and some years afterwards he returned to his father's house on Essex Street, where he and his second wife died.

His great-grandmother, Elizabeth (Jacobs) Endicott, who died in 1809, was, as has been stated, a remarkable woman. Her great-grandson remembered her well, though only five and one-half years old at the time of her death. The funeral procession went on foot across the fields from the old Homestead to the Burying Ground,—her coffin being carried by her sons and grandsons. His cousin, Eliza Endicott Gray, afterwards Mrs. Newhall, who was seven years old, led the little boy by the hand firmly across the fields—the last of the procession. She pushed him into a barberry bush, which scratched him badly, and whispered to him, "You can't yell because you are at a funeral." He always had rather a bitter feeling against Mrs. Newhall.

Another story of childhood, which seems amusing, was that he, with his brother and sisters, used to go blueberrying at the Orchard Farm and he was quite old before he discovered that the advice given by the two older sisters was not quite accurate,—for they told him that blueberries tasted much better if eaten on a pin, while they, themselves, ate them by the handful.

William Putnam Endicott was a vigorous, determined, high-spirited man, with decided views on both religion and politics, and much of a recluse.

During the last thirty years of his life he withdrew entirely from the world and lived a solitary life, mixing seldom even with family or friends. He had great knowledge of classical as well as of English and French literature, and the hours passed each day in reading, enabled him to enjoy many a lonely hour. He always had good health and with his retired life was spared much of its usual wear and tear. His love of nature and everything to do with horticulture and agriculture was so great that he never was happy and contented except with an out-of-door life. Whether at Milford or Salem he always had fruits and vegetables and even flowers better than others.

After a brief illness he died on March 11, 1888. The funeral took place from his residence in Salem and his body was placed in a tomb at Harmony Grove which he and his brother-in-law had built. A few years after his death he and his family were all removed to a lot in the same cemetery which belonged to his son William Crowninshield Endicott.

Clarissa Endicott, the fifth child, known as Clara Endicott, was born in the same house as her sisters and brother William, on December 16, 1807, and died at 29 Washington Square, Salem, April 18, 1891.

On September 5, 1827, at the age of nineteen, she married George Peabody of Salem, a son of Joseph Peabody and Elizabeth Smith, his wife. The

wedding took place at her father's home, 359 Essex Street. Her bridesmaids were Mary Crowninshield (afterwards Mrs. Charles Mifflin) and Elizabeth Putnam (afterwards Mrs. John Amory Lowell). On their wedding journey Mr. and Mrs. Peabody travelled to Quebec, Montreal and Albany in a coach and were accompanied by Miss Eliza Endicott and the Rev. John Brazer, the clergyman who had married them.

Seven children were born of this marriage:— Clara Endicott Peabody; George Peabody, Jr.; Joseph Augustus Peabody (afterwards George Augustus Peabody); Ellen Peabody; Eliza Endicott Peabody; Mary Crowninshield Peabody and Fanny Peabody, all of whom lived to grow up except one son, George Peabody, who died when two years old. This was a terrible sorrow to the parents, as the boy was remarkably handsome, unusually intelligent for his age, and gave great promise for the future. Many children of their friends and family died at this time in Salem from scarlet fever of a very malignant type.

After the death of George Peabody, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Peabody went to Europe. They left New York on September 21, 1832 on the packet ship "Manchester," and landed at Havre on October 13, 1832, a rather short voyage for those days. Their journey was an extended one and they must have done a great deal of hard travelling if one can judge from a journal kept at the time. France, Switzerland and Italy were visited and the journey was made

either by private carriage or by diligence. Dr. Abel Lawrence Pierson of Salem, was their travelling companion. At Leghorn, they visited Mr. Filicchi and his family, who had been the commercial agent for many years of Joseph Peabody. Mr. and Mrs. Filicchi presented them with a beautiful cut-glass urn* containing rose leaves which had been blessed by Pope Gregory the XVI. In Florence, a small marble bust† was made of Mr. Peabody by the Italian sculptor, Luigi Pampaluna, for which he sat to the famous sculptor, December 8-9, 1832; and a miniature† was painted of Mrs. Peabody at the same time by an artist now unknown. On April 8, 1833, they sailed from Havre, reached New York on May 11, and on May 12 found themselves settled at Mrs. Endicott's house in Salem where their daughter Ellen was born on May 21. During this European trip the children,—Clara Endicott and Joseph Augustus,—were cared for by their grandmother Endicott and "Aunt Eliza" (Endicott) at their residence, 359 Essex Street.

On August 2, 1842, accompanied by six children, the youngest of whom was a baby in arms, Mr. and Mrs. Peabody again sailed for Europe (where they remained until May, 1844) from New York, in a sailing vessel called the "Baltimore," Captain Funk, master. The crossing took thirty-five days from New York to Havre. While Mr. and Mrs. Peabody went to England in the autumn of 1843, with

* Now in possession of Mrs. Knyvet Winthrop Sears.

† Now in possession of Mrs. William Crowninshield Endicott.

the two oldest children, for a short visit, the other children were left at Havre under the care of a faithful nurse, Sallie Dodge by name,—a very capable, sensible New England woman who came from Vermont, was more a friend of the family than a servant, and was much beloved by all the children. In France, though she could not speak the language, she always said that she made the French people understand perfectly what she wanted by "yelling English at them." While in London, Mrs. Peabody was present when Parliament was prorogued, saw Queen Victoria and heard her make a speech from the throne. The dignity of the young queen and the refined musical tones of her voice impressed her greatly and in after years she often referred to this fact. The winters were passed in Paris, first in the Hotel Windsor and afterwards in an apartment opposite the Tuileries Gardens on the Rue de Rivoli. Later they had an apartment near the Church of the Madeleine. The children had a French governess, Madame Carcassie. It was at this time that Mr. Peabody bought several pictures, principally from the sale of the Marquis of Aguado, a Spanish nobleman who had settled in Paris and had a very famous collection of pictures. Among the purchases made were a Virgin by Bartholomé Esteban Murillo; a landscape by Jean Both; an interior by Nicholas Maes; an interior by Gerard Dow; and a head by Francisco Zurbaran, as well as others of less importance. While in Paris, Mr. and Mrs. Peabody had the interesting experience of being presented at the

Court of Louis Philippe, which was held at the Palace of the Tuileries. During the summer months the children would go on excursions to St. Cloud and other places in the neighborhood of Paris.

With the exception of these two trips to Europe, Mrs. Peabody passed her life in Salem and her summers either at the Peabody Farm in Danvers or at Nahant, with an occasional trip to Saratoga.

In her early married life she lived at 21 Chestnut Street, Salem, where the three eldest children were born. Ellen Peabody was born at her grandmother Endicott's house, 359 Essex Street, and the other three daughters were born at 29 Washington Square, where she moved in 1834 and where she continued to reside during the remainder of her life. The many years she spent in her home, which she loved and which she made her centre, gave her time to do an immense amount of solid reading for she had a natural love of literature and was an inveterate reader of books touching upon many subjects. She had the rare gift of remembering what she read and making use of it in conversation. Like her sister, Martha, she could repeat poetry by the hour.

Mr. William Amory,—who was a friend and classmate of her husband at Harvard in the class of 1823 and who was considered a caustic critic of men and things,—said of her, that she had "the best furnished mind he knew and conversed better than any woman he had ever met." These views were shared by Thomas Gold Appleton, familiarly known as "Tom Appleton," the wit of his time,

who was loud in his praise of her intellectual abilities.

A woman of strong character she never shrank from any duty. Rather rebellious by nature she had the gift of self-control and of adapting herself to conditions which she found it often hard to understand, particularly as they related to the younger generation. With a very slender figure which later in life became rather stout; brilliant eyes, a gracious smile, a fine complexion, dark hair and beautiful teeth she presented a vivid picture and though short in stature, she gave the impression of a certain stateliness of bearing which was unusual. The houses in Salem and in the country, whether at Danvers or Nahant, were a rallying point for each generation and the memory of graciousness, of hospitality and of sympathy with young and old, is a precious legacy to her descendants.

A happy married life extending over a period of sixty-four years was a poor preparation for separation. When her husband died on January 3, 1892, her grief was intense. She had a feeling that it was natural that death should come to others but that it could come to them was inexplicable. In a few months, on April 18, 1892, she followed her husband.

On Easter Monday her funeral took place from the North Church, Salem, of which she had been a member her entire life, first attending it as a child and later as a married woman. Her body was buried in the Peabody Tomb at Harmony Grove next that

of her husband and her son George who died when a little child.

After Mrs. Peabody's death, Miss Sarah Hammond Palfrey, the oldest daughter of John Gorham Palfrey (the distinguished historian of New England) and a great friend all her life of Mrs. Peabody, wrote the following lines:—

C. (E.) P.

April 18th, 1892.

Sic Transit.

The joys and sorrows of this world are past.
The dark bright eyes have smiled and wept their last.
The last sweet word
Hath from those rare, benignant lips been heard.

Oh queenliness and kindness, love and grace!
Oh stately, noble form and beauteous face!
Must these but seem
Henceforth, for aye, a phantasm and a dream?

Oh realm of shades, why rob our emptying earth?
Oh realm so rich already, from our dearth
Why take one more,—
So fair, so dear,— unto the gone before?

Time perfected,— not claimed again,— her charms.
Forbear, O Death! too rash thy unsparing arms!
Leave *her* to show
What were the marvels of the long ago.

Too precious to be longer left below,
Where fierce suns smite and raging tempests blow,
And oft the heart,
That loves, must from its well-beloved part.

Set in God's treasure-house high o'er the range,
And cruel, marring hands of Age and Change,
Should heaven not be
A fitter place than earth for such as she?

Let all give thanks, who once in her were blest,—
Her waking glory be, her sleep be rest.
Let Grief be dumb,
And heard her Saviour's call, "Behold, I come!"

The women of the family are remembered as having had beauty, grace and charm. The sea captains all admired Eliza Endicott and the sailors used to say, "Why everyone in Marselles and Civity Veck knows about Eliza Endicott."

Mrs. J. Mason Warren (Annie Caspar Crowninshield) in "The Reminiscences of My Life," says on page 20:—

> At that time in Salem there were many beautiful women. I must recall the three Miss Endicotts. First was *Eliza*, not so beautiful as her sisters, but the very essence of style; her figure faultless and her grace unequalled, and one of the most capable of human beings. Nothing that could be done did she fail in, from needlework to house decorations, and she made herself most efficient at wedding parties, giving valuable aid with her exquisite taste. She became Mrs. Augustus Perry. *Martha*, the next one, was very beautiful and lovely in her character as well as in her appearance. She became Mrs. Francis Peabody. The youngest, *Clara*, was pretty and pleasing, but did not have the great beauty of her sister Martha. She married Mr. George Peabody.

Mrs. Sarah Mytton Maury, who wrote two very understanding and interesting books,—one "The Statesmen of America in 1846,"—the other "An Englishwoman in America,"—says in an article in the former book about the Honorable Robert Charles Winthrop, while dwelling upon the marked characteristics of his family:—

> The ladies of the family of Endicott of Salem, Massachusetts, bear also a striking resemblance to the handsome features of their magnanimous and intrepid predecessor. I shall never forget their sweet faces.

The children of Samuel and Elizabeth (Putnam) Endicott were of marked personality. They were not all perfect and had human failings. Quickness of temper was a characteristic inherited through their Endicott ancestors but over which they ordinarily had control, except on occasions which seemed to allow for righteous indignation. They never hesitated to say what they thought or to do what was considered best. It was always a saying in the family that they had many of the stern characteristics of the old Governor.

Mrs. Andrew Jacobs, a granddaughter of Jacob Endicott, a younger brother of Samuel Endicott, wrote for the Danvers Historical Society some years ago (1893), a memoir of her grandfather in which she said:—

> Last year I stood in the old Endicott Burial Ground in Danvers, side by side with my mother and two

others of my kith and kin. The day was declining and the evening shadows were beginning to fall, while under our feet lay men and women who had lived and been happy and suffered like ourselves, and the feeling came to me how blessed we ought each one of us to feel that we had come of honourable lineage.

GENEALOGY OF THE DESCENDANTS OF SAMUEL ENDICOTT

GENEALOGY OF THE DESCENDANTS OF SAMUEL ENDICOTT, WITH DATA REGARDING THEIR DESCENT FROM GOVERNOR JOHN ENDECOTT

As far as I know, no genealogy of the Endicott family was ever published until Charles Moses Endicott, a son of Moses Endicott and nephew of Samuel Endicott, printed one in the *New England Historical and Genealogical Register* of October, 1847. This genealogy was compiled from family Bibles, of which there were many; from tombstones in burial grounds; and from data obtained from the Probate Court and the Registry of Deeds for the County of Essex. The work was preëminently well done, and though of late years certain facts have come to light which were unknown at that time, Mr. Endicott's genealogy must always be the basis for any data regarding the family.

For many years I have been compiling a genealogy of the descendants of Governor John Endecott in the female as well as the male line, but the work is far from complete, and cannot be printed at present. In the meantime worthless genealogies have been published from time to time, which are full of errors, particularly as regards later generations.

The following genealogy shows the descent of Samuel Endicott from Governor John Endecott and also gives a complete list of his descendants living on April 4, 1924.

1. Governor John Endecott, born ——— 1588, in England; died March 15, 1665/66; buried March 24, 1665/66. Place of burial — probably in the Governor's Tomb, Granary Burying Ground, Boston. (*See Notes.*)

Married, 1st, in England, Anna Gower, a cousin of Gov. Mathew Cradock, Governor of the Company of the Massachusetts Bay in New England.

No Issue.

Married, 2nd, in Boston, August 18, 1630, Mrs. Elizabeth (Cogan) Gibson of Cambridge, England, a widow. She was the daughter of Philobert Cogan of Chard, County Somerset, England, whose will dated 1640/41, mentions two daughters, Elizabeth Endecott and Mary Ludlow. Born ——— 1611, England; died September 18, 1676, Boston. Place of burial — unknown.

Issue:
2. i. John Endecott, Jr.
3. ii. Zerubbabel Endecott.

NOTES.

Governor John Endecott. — "At a meeting of the General Court held the 23d of the 3d mo'th (May), 1655.

"It is ordered by this Court, that who soeuer shalbe chosen Gouenor from yeare to yeare shall, w'th the first

oppertunity, make his abode in Boston, or some adjacent towne or place within fower or fiue miles of Boston, & shall there contynue his abode dureing the time of his goumet, that so he may be the more serviceable to the country in gen'll, both in respect of straungers & otherwise; & it is further ordered, that either now or next sessions suteable accommodations may be p'vided, which may encourage the same for the future, & for p'sent doe desire the Gounor to reside in Boston, or neere therevnto, as much as his owne necessary occasions will p'mitt."

"March 15th, 1665. Governor John Endecott died. He had scarcely moved from Salem, when he was called to his perpetual abode. He came from Dorsetshire, England. He was brother-in-law to Roger Ludlow, Deputy Governor. The consideration, that he was selected by the company who fostered the settlement of Massachusetts to carry their plans into effect, is enough to show that he stood high in the estimation of discerning and deserving men in his native country. Their recorded commendation of him coincided with their real opinion. An English writer,* in speaking of him, 1630, remarks: 'a man well known to divers persons of good note.' The merits of his character, as possessed by him when coming to this country, were not diminished, but greatly increased by his long employment in public service. True, the individuals and denominations, against whom he deemed it his duty to act, would not allow him to be so estimable a person. They cherished opinions and commended an administration of the laws, which he did not approve; and, therefore, they considered him wrong so far, as he differed from them. They measured his reputation by the rule of prejudice in favour of their own cause, for

* White, *Planter's Plea.*

which rule impartial observers always make many allowances. After all the severe reflections cast upon him he appears, in the eye of candour, to have diligently enforced a policy of government, which was approved by many of the best among his co-temporaries; but which was found, by his successors, to need, in some respects, the correcting hand of experience. In his private and public relations, he was a man of unshaken integrity. For my country and my God,—was the motto inscribed upon his motives, purposes and deeds. That he had his imperfections, there is no doubt. But that he exhibited as few of them under his multiplied and trying duties, as the most excellent of men would in his situation, is equally correct. His many exertions for the prosperity of Salem, and his ardent attachment to it, should impress his name and worth on the hearts of its inhabitants as long as its existence continues. His first wife was Anna Gower, who came with him from England, and lived but a short time after her arrival hither. His second wife was Elizabeth Gibson who survived him. He left two sons, John and Zerubbabel. He was in his 77th year at his decease."—Felt, *Annals of Salem*, pages 223-225.

"Old age and the infirmities thereof coming upon him he fell asleep in the Lord on the 15th of March, 1665, aet. 77. God sifted a whole nation that he might send choice grain over into the wilderness."

The Governor's Tomb. The Governor "with great honor and solemnity was interred in Boston," March 24, 1655, and was probably buried in the Governor's tomb, Granary (South) Burying Ground. Family tradition says King's Chapel Burying Ground on the left of the entrance to the Church and that the stone was destroyed by Brit-

ish soldiers at the time of the Revolution. This statement was made by Timothy Endicott, Esq. (1785-1865), to his nephew, William Putnam Endicott, Esq. (1805-1888). Dr. Samuel A. Green, Librarian of the Massachusetts Historical Society, was instrumental in having placed on a bronze tablet at the entrance gate of King's Chapel Burying Ground, the name of Governor John Endecott as having been buried there.

Governor Endecott's grandson, John Endecott, married Anna Edwards of London, England, and in 1721 her brother John Edwards, Jr. applied to the Selectmen of the town of Boston for the use of the Governor's tomb.

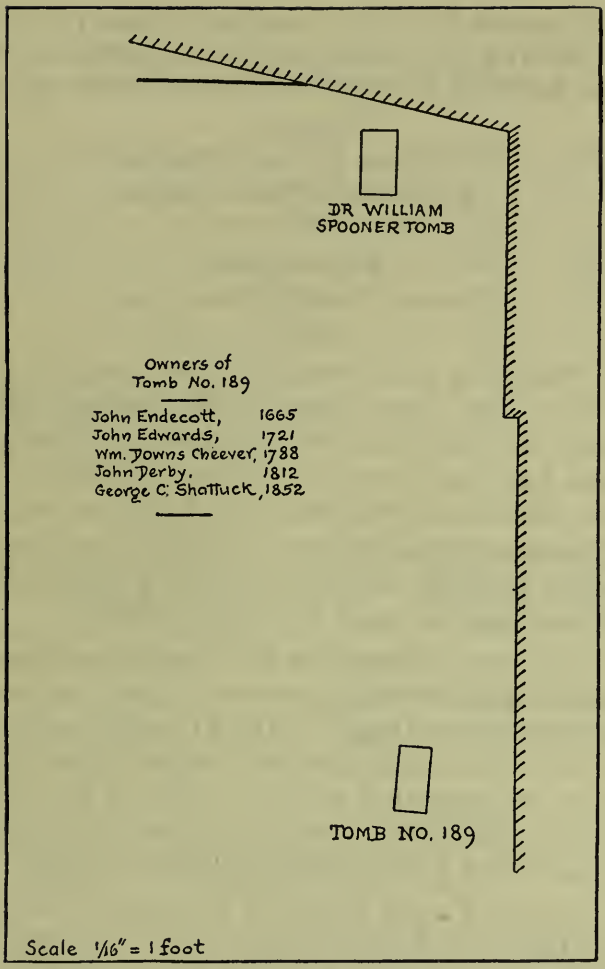
The record from the Selectmen's Book is as follows:

"At a Meeting of the Selectmen, Mar. 5th, 1721. Upon a petition of Mr. John Edwards of Boston, Sheweth That whereas there is a Tomb in the South Burying place belonging to the late Governor Endicot, which has bin unimproved for many years, and there being no family in Said Town nearer Related to the Said Governor Endicot family than his, Desires he may have Liberty granted him to make use of it for his family."

"Granted that the Said John Edwards has Liberty to Improve the Said Tomb Until a person of Better Right to it appears to Claim it."

After King's Chapel Burying-Ground was closed in 1660, the first tombs of the Granary (South) Burying Ground were built in the northwest corner.

The tomb has been handed down since John Edwards died in 1746, through his descendants Cheever, Derby and Shattuck. An ancient plan of the burying ground gives the exact location of the tomb with the name of EDWARDS inscribed on the raised horizontal monument over the tomb.



PLAN SHOWING LOCATION OF THE TOMB OF GOVERNOR ENDECOTT IN THE NORTH-WEST CORNER OF THE GRANARY BURYING GROUND, BOSTON

The present horizontal monument (1924) is built of red-faced brick with a white marble slab on the top, which has the following inscription cut on the marble slab:

TOMB OF
WILLIAM DOWNS CHEEVER
REPAIRED BY JOHN DERBY
1803

RESTORED BY
GEORGE CHEYNE SHATTUCK
1852

On May 31st, 1904, through the courtesy of the owners, Dr. George Brune Shattuck, Dr. Frederick Cheever Shattuck and their sister, Mrs. Alexander Whiteside, née Eleanor Ann Brune Shattuck, William Crowninshield Endicott had this tomb, No. 189, opened. No trace was found that this was the burial place of the Governor though the tomb was evidently a very ancient one judging from the brick work and the small size of the entrance.

ANNA (GOWER) ENDECOTT (the first wife of Governor Endecott), sailed from Weymouth, England, on June 20, 1628, in the ship "Abigail", Henry Gauden, master, with about one hundred planters, and reached Salem with her husband on September 20, 1628. During the winter of 1628-1629 she died a victim of the illness which depleted the Colony and was undoubtedly buried in Salem.

ELIZABETH COGAN (GIBSON) ENDECOTT (the second wife of Governor Endecott), came out in the ship "Arbella", with Governor John Winthrop, and reached Salem on June 12, 1630. "Thursday, August 18 (1630), Capt. Endecott and ——— Gibson were married by the Governor and Mr. Wilson."* — Winthrop, *History of New England*, Volume I, page 30.

* Afterwards Pastor of the First Church in Boston.

2. JOHN ENDECOTT, JR.[2] (*John*[1]), born between 1631-1634, Salem; died February 7, 1667/68, Boston. Place of burial — unknown, Boston.

Married November 9, 1653, Boston, Elizabeth Houchin, daughter of Jeremiah Houchin and Esther ——— his wife; born ——— 1638, England; died April 5, 1673, Boston. Place of burial—Granary Burying Ground, Boston.

No Issue.

NOTES

"JOHN ENDECOTT, son and heir to the worshipful John Endecott was married to Elizabeth Houchin, daughter of Jeremiah Houchin of Boston, 9th, 9th month, by Richard Bellingham, 1653."— *Boston Records.*

John Endecott, Jr. removed to Boston from Salem with his father in 1655 and owned a house on Sudbury Street near the junction of Hanover.

John Endecott, Jr.'s will dated January 27, 1667/68, was offered for probate after February 7, 1667/68. The inventory was filed February 24, 1667/68.

ELIZABETH (HOUCHIN) ENDECOTT married August 31, 1668, the Rev. James Allen, pastor of the First Church in Boston, and had four children by him.

It is evident from the papers in the Supreme Court, that there was some understanding with Houchin as to what the portion of his daughter should be in the Endecott property and also that the Governor's will did not

take cognizance of this understanding, hence the Quarterly Court made a settlement and the Bishop farm was given to Elizabeth (Houchin) Endecott as her share of her husband's estate and given to her outright for she, in turn, gave it to her second husband, the Rev. James Allen, who sold it.

The following inscription is on the tomb where the widow of John Endecott, Jr. (Mrs. Elizabeth Allen) is buried in the Granary Burying Ground, Boston:—

HERE LYETH ENTOMBED
MRS. HANNAH ALLEN, WIFE TO MR. JAMES ALLEN
AGED 21 YEARS, DECEASED FEBRUARY 26, 1667.

AND MRS. ELIZABETH ALLEN
WIFE TO MR. JAMES ALLEN, AGED 35 YEARS,
DECEASED APRIL YE 5, 1673.

Stay! Thou this tomb that passeth by,
And think how soon that thou may'st die:
If sex or age or virtues bright
Would have prolonged to these it might
Though virtue made not death to stay
Yet turn'd it was to be their way
And if with them thou wouldst be blest
Prepare to dye before thou rest.

JAMES ALLEN
DIED SEPT. YE 22D, 1710, ÆTATIS SUA 79.

3. ZERUBBABEL ENDECOTT[2] (*John*[1]), born——— 1635, Salem; died between November 23, 1683, when will is dated, and March 27, 1684, when the will was offered for probate, Salem. Place of burial — Endicott Burying Ground, Danvers.

Married, 1st, about 1654, Wenham, Mary Smith, daughter of Samuel Smith and Sarah ——— his

wife, of Great Yarmouth, Norfolk, England; born ——— 1636, Wenham; died June 20, 1677, Salem. Place of burial—Endicott Burying Ground, Danvers.

Issue.

i. Elizabeth Endecott.
4. ii. John Endecott.
5. iii. Samuel Endecott.
iv. Elizabeth Endecott.
v. Zerubbabel Endecott.
vi. Zerubbabel Endecott.
vii. Benjamin Endecott.
viii. Mary Endecott.
ix. Joseph Endecott.
x. Sarah Endecott.
xi. Elizabeth Endecott.
xii. Hannah Endecott.
xiii. Mehitable Endecott.

Married, 2nd, after November 4, 1677 and before January 1, 1678, Elizabeth Winthrop Newman, widow of the Rev. Antipas Newman and daughter of Governor John Winthrop, the younger, and Elizabeth Reade his wife, who was the daughter of Edmund Reade of Wickford, Co. Essex, England; born July 24, 1636, Boston; died December 4, 1716, Boston. Place of burial—Governor Winthrop's Tomb, King's Chapel Burying Ground, Boston.

No Issue.

NOTES

Zerubbabel Endecott was a physician and resided in Salem on the easterly side of what is now Washington

Street, near Church Street. After his father's death he resided principally at the "Orchard Farm."

Zerubbabel Endecott agreed to marry after the death of his first wife in 1677, one Mrs. Elizabeth Kimball of Wenham, widow of Henry Kimball of Wenham, who died in 1676.—*N. E. Hist. Genealogical Register*, Volume VI, page 252.

His will dated November 23, 1683, mentions sons John, Samuel, Zerubbabel, Benjamin and Joseph; and daughters Mary, Sarah, Elizabeth, Hannah and Mehitable.

Will offered for probate March 27, 1684, was proved October 26, 1696, Inventory filed March 27, 1684.

March 27th, 1684. "Zerubbabel Endecott died recently. He was son of Gov. John Endecott. His second wife, Elizabeth, the widow of Rev. Antipas Newman and daughter of Governor Winthrop survived him. He left ten children: — John, Samuel, Zerubbabel, Benjamin, Joseph, Mary, Sarah, Elizabeth, Hannah, Mehitable. He was a respectable inhabitant."—Felt, *Annals of Salem*, page 276.

Mary (Smith) Endecott (first wife) was admitted to the First Church, Salem, on July 30, 1666, she having been baptized the previous Sunday.

Elizabeth Endecott (second wife) was the daughter of Governor John Winthrop of Connecticut. She married, first in 1658, Rev. Antipas Newman, and secondly, Zerubbabel Endecott. By Rev. Antipas Newman she had five children. Her son-in-law mentioned was John Edwards who married her daughter Sybil Newman.

August 4, 1678. "Mrs. Endecott, formerly Newman, but now wife of Zerubbabel Endecott, was admitted to

the Church, Salem, by recommendation of the Wenham Church."—Felt, *Annals of Salem*, page 261.

Dec. 7, 1716. "Friday, Madam Elizabeth Endecott, alias Winthrop, buried from her son John Edwards': put into Gov. Winthrop's Tomb. Bearers: Hutchinson, Sewall: Em. Hutchinson, Belchar: Bromfield, Sam. Lynde. Was 80 years and 5 moneths old."—*Diary of Samuel Sewall*, Volume III, page 113.

4. JOHN ENDECOTT[3] (*Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born ——— 1657, Salem; baptized June 19, 1666, First Church, Salem; died ——— 1693, London. Place of burial — unknown, London.

Married before August 12, 1689, London, Anne Edwards, daughter of John Edwards of Lymehouse, Stepney, Co. Middlesex, England; born ——— England; died December, 1720, Salem. Place of burial — Endicott Burying Ground, Danvers.

Issue.

6. i. Anne Endecott.
7. ii. Robert Edwards Endecott.

NOTES

JOHN ENDECOTT was a physician (called himself "Chirurgeon"), a surgeon in the British Navy, and resided sometime in London. After his death his widow and two small children returned to Massachusetts. John Endecott's will was dated August 12, 1689, offered for probate and proved March 30, 1695.

At the time John Endecott dated his will on August 12, 1689, no child was born.

"May 29, 1700. About this time Doctor John Endecott, son of Zerubbabel Endecott and grandson of Gov. Endecott died. He left a widow Ann. He was active, useful and respected." (This as to date is incorrect as his will was proved March 30, 1695.)—Felt, *Annals of Salem*, page 334.

Anne Endecott of Salem, gentlewoman, made a will December 5, 1720, "very sick,"—mentions son Robert Edwards Endecott, daughter Anne Endecott, granddaughter Sarah Endecott, daughter of daughter Anne. Daughter Anne was sole executrix. Mentions what is due me from James Phillipps, Sen. This will was proved December 30, 1720.—*Essex County Probate*, No. 9047.

5. Samuel Endecott[3] (*Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]) born ——— 1659, Salem; baptized September 19, 1666, First Church, Salem; died ——— 1694, Salem. Place of burial — Endicott Burying Ground, Danvers.

Married 1684, Salem, Hannah Felton, daughter of Nathaniel Felton and Mary Skelton, his wife; born June 20, 1663, Salem; died August 9, 1737, Salem. Place of burial—Proctor Burying Ground, Peabody.

Issue.

i. John Endecott.
8. ii. Samuel Endecott.
iii. Ruth Endecott.
iv. Hannah Endecott.

NOTES

Samuel Endecott took the north side with the Governor's homestead in the division of the Orchard Farm which took place March 26, 1691.

Hannah Felton Endecott, widow of Samuel Endecott, married Thorndike Proctor on December 15, 1697, at Salem, and had four children, Nathan Proctor, Thorndike Proctor, Ebenezer Proctor and Jonathan Proctor.

She was appointed guardian of her children, by Samuel Endicott, all minors, September 13, 1697. Hannah Felton was descended from Thomas Felton, Knight of the Garter, 1381. The original Garter Plate is in Windsor Castle, St. George's Chapel, the tenth stall from the Sovereign.

Nathaniel Felton (1615-1705) came to Salem, in 1633, with his mother "Misstress Eleanor Felton", his sisters Judith and Margaret, and his uncle Benjamin Felton. Nathaniel Felton married Mary, daughter of Rev. Samuel Skelton who was educated at Cambridge and was Rector of Semperingham and afterwards the first Minister at Salem. Nathaniel Felton was born at Great Yarmouth, Norfolk, England.

Mary Skelton (1627-1701) was the daughter of the Reverend Samuel Skelton (1597-1634), M. A. 1615, Clare Hall, Cambridge, who married Susanna Trevis of Semperingham, County Lincoln, England, and who died March 15, 1631. Mr. Skelton was Governor Endecott's spiritual adviser while in England and aided by Endecott and the Reverend Francis Higginson, founded the First Church in Salem, 1629. Reverend Samuel Skelton was Pastor of church; Reverend Francis Higginson was Teacher.

6. ANNE ENDECOTT[4] (*John;*[3] *Zerubbabel*[2]*; John*[1]), born ——— 1689 (after August 12, 1689 when the will of her father was made), London, England; baptized October 13, 1689, St. Olave, Hart St., London; died May, 1723, Salem. Place of burial — Endicott Burying Ground, Danvers.

Married December 20, 1711, Salem, Samuel Endecott, son of Samuel Endecott and Hannah Felton, his wife; born August 30, 1687, Salem; died May 7, 1765, Danvers. Place of burial — Endicott Burying Ground, Danvers.

Issue.

9. i. John Endecott.
ii. Sarah Endecott.
iii. Samuel Endecott.
iv. Sarah Endecott.
v. Robert Endecott.

NOTE

ANNE ENDECOTT came to New England with her mother, Anne Endecott, and brother, Robert Edwards Endecott, before March 30, 1695, when her father's (John Endecott's) will was proved. She inherited from her father one-third of the Orchard Farm, where she lived, the division of which was made July 4, 1720. Anne Endecott also inherited the two-thirds given to her brother, Robert Edwards Endecott, in said division, at his death in 1721.

7. Robert Edwards Endecott[4] (*John*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born ——— 1693, London; baptized April 11, 1693, St. Olave, Hart St., London; died ——— 1721, Salem. Place of burial—Endicott Burying Ground, Danvers.

Married November 14, 1720, Salem, Elizabeth Phillips, daughter of James Phillips and Sarah Stevens, his wife; born ——— Salem; baptized August 16, 1702, Salem Village; died ——— 1738, Salem. Place of burial — unknown.

No Issue.

NOTES

Robert Edwards Endecott came to New England before March 30, 1695, when his father's (John Endecott's) will was proved, with his mother, Anne Endecott. He inherited from his father two-thirds of the Orchard Farm, the division of which was made July 4, 1720, which his sister Anne inherited at his death in 1721. Administration on the estate of Robert Endecott, of Salem, was granted to his widow Elizabeth, with Jonathan Putnam and Rufus Herrick, on a bond dated April 24, 1721. Inventory, £1397. 15.0. Item; paid to Mr. James Phillips, several fines. Samuel Endecott was appointed administrator, with Thorndike Proctor and Benjamin Porter, on a bond dated January 8, 1722. Dower was set off to the widow, Mrs. Elizabeth Endecott, on July 9, 1722.

"Whereas Samuel Endecott, late of Salem, dec'd, conveyed to William Shelden, 2 July 1689, land in Salem which land is since conveyed unto Skelton Felton of Salem or fell to him in right of his wife Hepzebah Felton, which

land is deemed by some to be under some sort of an entail for £14 pd. to Robert Endecott of Salem, only son of John Endecott, late of Salem, aforesaid, phisician, and Samuel Endecott, only son of Samuel Endecott, late of Salem, yeoman, decd, quit all their r't to said pc of land" — 26 July, 1716.

We Robert Edwards Endicot, son of Mrs. Ann Endicott & Samuel Endicot, son-in-law to ye sd Mrs. Ann Endicot, have with consent & advice of our s'd mother made a division of some land that was formerly granted to our Grandfather in Salem — being that half or share that was divided or fell to our father Mr. John Endecot of London Dec'd—a divisional line made between this land and ye land of Mr. Samuel Endecot of Salem dec'd now possesst by his son ye above s'd Samuel Endicot—ye land as above bounded contains 199 acres & ½ ye ⅓ pt belongs to Samuel Endicot by virtue of his wife, ye other ⅔ belong to Robert Edwards Endicott. They make division 4 July 1720.— *Essex County Deeds*, Volume 38, leaf 79.

Elizabeth (Phillips) Endecott was the daughter of James Phillips, Sr., who is mentioned in the will of Anne Endecott, the mother of her husband. On May 1st, 1723, Elizabeth (Phillips) Endecott married, second, Zerubbabel Endecott, a cousin of her husband Robert Edwards Endecott.

8. Samuel Endicott[4] (*Samuel*[3]; *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born August 30, 1687, Salem; baptized September 13, 1716, Middle Precinct Church, Salem; died May 7, 1766, Danvers. Place of burial — Endicott Burying Ground, Danvers.

Married, 1st, Decmber 20, 1711, Salem, Anne Endecott, daughter of John Endecott and Anna Edwards, his wife; born ——— 1689, London (after August 12, 1689, when will was made); baptized October 13, 1689, St. Olave, Hart Street, London; died May ——— 1723, Salem. Place of burial — Endicott Burying Ground, Danvers.

Issue.

9. i. John Endicott.
ii. Sarah Endicott.
iii. Samuel Endicott.
iv. Sarah Endicott.
v. Robert Endicott.

Married, 2nd, February 11, 1724/25, Salem, Margaret Foster, widow of James Foster and daughter of John Pratt and Margaret Maverick, his wife; born March 1, 1694, Boston; died May 11, 1758, Danvers. Place of burial — Endicott Burying Ground, Danvers.

Issue.

vi. Margaret Endicott.
vii. Hannah Endicott (twin).
viii. Ann Endicott (twin).
ix. Elias Endicott.
x. Joseph Endicott.
xi. Lydia Endicott.
xii. Ruth Endicott.

NOTES

Samuel Endicott lived on a part of the Orchard Farm in an old house standing back of the Page, now Gallivan house. This house was pulled down in the early part of the 18th century.

James Foster married Margaret Pratt, May 15, 1719, at Salem, and had a daughter, Margaret Foster, born July 10, 1720, who died August 2, 1720, and a son, James Foster, born August 10, 1721. Administration on the estate of James Foster was granted to Margaret, his relict widow, on August 25, 1724. *Essex County Probate*, Volume 314, folio 407.

Guardianship of James Foster, minor, about three years of age, son of James Foster, late of Salem, was ordered February 25, 1724/25. This guardianship was revoked and granted to John Pratt, grandfather of the child, at the request of Samuel Endicott. *Essex County Probate*, Volume 514, folio 521.

Guardianship of James Foster, minor, about four years old, son of Captain James Foster of Salem, was granted to John Pratt, July 5, 1725. *Essex County Probate*, Volume 314, folio 579.

9. JOHN ENDICOTT[5] (*Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born April 20, 1713, Salem; baptized April 29, 1713, Middle Precinct Church, Salem; died May 11, 1783, Danvers. Place of burial — Endicott Burying Ground, Danvers.

Married May 18, 1738, Salem, Elizabeth Jacobs, daughter of John Jacobs and Abigail Walters, his wife; born November 9, 1718, Salem; baptized September 27, 1719, Middle Precinct Church, Salem; died August 9, 1809, Danvers. Place of burial — Endicott Burying Ground, Danvers.

Issue.

10. i. John Endicott.
ii. Elizabeth Endicott.
iii. William Endicott.
vi. Robert Endicott.

10. JOHN ENDICOTT[6] (*John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]) born April 29, 1739, Salem; baptized June 7, 1741, Middle Precinct Church, Salem; died March 11, 1816, Danvers. Place of burial — Endicott Burying Ground, Danvers.

Married April 19, 1762, Lunenburg, Martha Putnam, daughter of Samuel Putnam and Elizabeth Putnam, his wife; born September 9, 1742, Salem; baptized March 27, 1742/43, Salem Village Church, Salem; died September 3, 1821, Salem. Place of burial — Endicott Burying Ground, Danvers.

Issue.

11. i. Samuel Endicott.
ii. John Endicott.
iii. Moses Endicott.
iv. Anna Endicott.
v. Elizabeth Endicott.
vi. Jacob Endicott.
vii. Martha Endicott (twin).
viii. Nathan Endicott (twin).
ix. Sarah Endicott.
x. Rebecca Endicott.
xi. William Endicott.
xii. Timothy Endicott.

NOTES

JOHN ENDICOTT was a strong, sturdy character who always owned and lived upon the Orchard Farm with

his seven sons and five daughters—until they left home or married.

Martha Putnam Endicott, his wife, "was a woman of great purity of character of blameless life and conversation."

11. SAMUEL ENDICOTT[7] (*John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]) born June 20, 1763, Danvers; baptized November 1, 1767, South Church, Danvers; died May 1, 1828, Salem. Place of burial—Endicott Burying Ground, Danvers.

Married May 18, 1794, Putnam Farm, Sterling, Elizabeth Putnam, daughter of William Putnam of Sterling, Mass, and Elizabeth Putnam, his wife; born March 25, 1764, Danvers; died November 9, 1841, Salem. Place of burial—Endicott Burying Ground, Danvers.

Issue.

12. i. Samuel Endicott.
13. ii. Elizabeth (Eliza) Endicott.
14. iii. Martha Endicott.
15. iv. William Putnam Endicott.
16. v. Clarissa (Clara) Endicott.

RESIDENCES

Town. 1796-1816, Corner Winter and Bridge Streets, Salem. 1816-1841, 359 Essex Street, Salem.

Country. 1763-1796, Orchard Farm, Danvers. 1816-1828, owned Orchard Farm with his brother, John Endicott, until his death when the Farm was sold.

12. SAMUEL ENDICOTT[8] (*Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born March 13, 1795, Salem; died May 15, 1828, Sterling. Place of burial—Putnam Lot, Old Cemetery, Sterling. May 1914, a stone was erected to his memory near the graves of his parents at the Endicott Burying Ground, Danvers.

13. ELIZABETH (ELIZA) ENDICOTT[8] (*Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born April 28, 1797, Salem; died February 6, 1866, Salem. Place of burial — Perry Lot, No. 1105, Harmony Grove, Salem.

Married January 9, 1838, New York, N. Y., Augustus Perry, son of Samuel Perry and Elizabeth Clapp, his wife; born June 5, 1809, New Bedford; died March 5, 1871, Salem. Place of burial—Perry Lot, No. 1105, Harmony Grove, Salem.

No Issue.

RESIDENCES

1797-1816, 2 Winter Street, Salem. 1816-1839, 359 Essex Street, Salem. 1840-1871, 29 Warren Street, Salem.

14. MARTHA ENDICOTT[8] (*Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born November 27, 1799, Salem; died March 12, 1891, Boston. Place of burial—Peabody Tomb, No. 50, Harmony Grove, Salem.

Married July 7, 1823, 359 Essex Street, Salem, Francis Peabody, son of Joseph Peabody and Elizabeth Smith, his wife; born December 7, 1801, Salem; died October 31, 1867, Salem. Place of burial — Peabody Tomb, No. 50, Harmony Grove, Salem.

*Issue.** 17. i. Joseph Peabody.
18. ii. Samuel Endicott Peabody.
19. iii. Martha Endicott Peabody.
20. iv. Francis Peabody, Jr.
21. v. Elizabeth Putnam Peabody.
22. vi. Francis Peabody, Jr.

RESIDENCES

Town. 1799-1816, 2 Winter Street, Salem. 1816-1823, 359 Essex Street, Salem. 1823-1839, 380 Essex Street, Salem. 1839-1874, 136 Essex Street, Salem.

Country. 1824-1836, House on Newburyport Turnpike, under the Pines, Danvers. 1837-1846, Nahant House, Nahant. 1847-1870, Kernwood, Salem.

15. William Putnam Endicott[8] (*Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John;*[1]), born March 5, 1803, Salem; baptized March 13, 1803, North Church, Salem; died March 11, 1888, Salem. Place of burial — Endicott Lot, No. 1554, Harmony Grove, Salem.

Married, 1st, January 31, 1826, 109 Bridge Street, Salem, Mary Crowninshield, daughter of the Honorable Jacob Crowninshield and Sarah Gardner,

* These children were all born at 380 Essex Street, Salem.

his wife; born May 22, 1804, Salem; died March 12, 1838, Salem. Place of burial — Endicott Lot, No. 1554, Harmony Grove, Salem,

Issue.
23. i. William Crowninshield Endicott.
24. ii. Mary Crowninshield Endicott.
25. iii. George Frederick Endicott.
26. iv. Sarah Rogers Endicott.

Married, 2nd, December 4, 1844, 14 Elm Street, Salem, Mrs. Harriet (French) Peabody, widow of Joseph William Peabody* and daughter of Josiah French and Rebecca Blanchard, his wife; born July 26, 1801, Milford, N. H.; died March 18, 1886, Salem. Place of burial — Endicott Lot, No. 1554, Harmony Grove, Salem.

No Issue.

RESIDENCES

Town. 1803-1816, 2 Winter Street, Salem. 1816-1826, 359 Essex Street, Salem. 1826-1830, Derby and Orange Streets, Salem. 1832-1833, Derby and Orange Streets, Salem. 1833-1838, 5 Summer Street, Salem. 1838-1844, 359 Essex Street, Salem. 1844-1846, 14 Elm Street, Salem. 1846-1888, 359 Essex Street, Salem.

Country. 1830-1832, Derby Farm, Peabody. 1856-1879, Farm, Milford, New Hampshire.

*Joseph William Peabody, son of Asa Peabody and Anna Gould, his wife; born May 18, 1787, Middleton; died September 16, 1842, Salem. Place of burial — Peabody Lot, No. 227, Harmony Grove, Salem.

Married November 25, 1822, Milford, N. H., by Rev. Humphrey Moore, Harriet French, daughter of Josiah

French and Rebecca Blanchard, his wife; born July 26, 1801, Milford, N. H.; died March 18, 1886, Salem. Place of burial—Endicott Lot, No. 1554, Harmony Grove, Salem.

16. CLARISSA (CLARA) ENDICOTT[8] (*Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born December 16 1807, Salem; died April 18, 1892, Salem. Place of burial — Peabody Tomb, No. 51, Harmony Grove, Salem.

Married September 5, 1827, 359 Essex Street, Salem, George Peabody, son of Joseph Peabody and Elizabeth Smith, his wife; born January 10, 1804, Salem; died January 3, 1892, Salem. Place of burial—Peabody Tomb, No. 51, Harmony Grove, Salem.

*Issue.**

27. i. Clara Endicott Peabody.
28. ii. George Peabody, Jr.
29. iii. George Augustus Peabody.
30. iv. Ellen Peabody.
31. v. Eliza Endicott Peabody.
32. vi. Mary Crowninshield Peabody.
33. vii. Fanny Peabody.

RESIDENCES

Town. 1807-1816, 2 Winter Street, Salem. 1816-1827, 359 Essex Street, Salem. 1827-1834, 21 Chestnut Street, Salem. 1834-1892, 29 Washington Square, Salem.

Country. 1837-1892, Nahant House, Nahant. 1854-1892. The Farm, Danvers.

* The first three children were born at 21 Chestnut Street, Salem. Ellen Endicott was born at 359 Essex Street, Salem. The other three were born at 29 Washington Square, Salem.

17. JOSEPH PEABODY[9] (*Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born January 31, 1824, Salem; died April 6, 1905, Hampton Terrace, South Carolina. Place of burial — Peabody Tomb, No. 50, Harmony Grove, Salem.

Married October 23, 1866, East Church, Salem, Anna Perkins Pingree, daughter of David Pingree and Susan Kimball, his wife; born October 18, 1839, Salem; died March 6, 1911, Boston. Place of burial — Pingree Lot, No. 953, Harmony Grove, Salem,

No Issue.

RESIDENCES

Town. 1824-1839, 380 Essex Street, Salem. 1839-1866, 136 Essex Street, Salem. 1878-1888, 47 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston.

Country. 1824-1836, House on Newburyport Turnpike, under the Pines, Danvers. 1837-1846, Nahant House, Nahant. 1847-1866, "Kernwood," Salem.

18. SAMUEL ENDICOTT PEABODY[9] (*Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel*[3]*; Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born April 19, 1825, Salem; died October 31, 1909, Salem. Place of burial—Peabody Lot, No. 1553, Harmony Grove, Salem.

Married November 23, 1848, 40 Chestnut Street, Salem, Marianne Cabot Lee, daughter of John

Clarke Lee and Harriet Paine Rose, his wife; born October 11, 1828, Boston; died October 11, 1911, Salem. Place of burial — Peabody Lot, No. 1553, Harmony Grove, Salem.

Issue.

34. i. John Endicott Peabody.
35. ii. Francis Peabody.
36. iii. Endicott Peabody.
37. iv. Martha Endicott Peabody.
38. v. George Lee Peabody.

RESIDENCES

Town. 1825-1839, 380 Essex Street, Salem. 1839-1848, 136 Essex Street, Salem. 1848-1871, 31 Warren Street, Salem. 1871-1878, 97 Queen's Gate, London, England. 1883-1893, 205 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston. 1897-1898, Hotel Victoria, Boston. 1898-1911, 40 The Fenway, Boston.

Country. 1825-1836, House on Newburyport Turnpike, under the Pines, Danvers. 1837-1846, Nahant House, Nahant. 1847-1848, "Kernwood," Salem. 1864-1871, Cottage, Ober's Point, Beverly. 1871-1878, "Sevenoaks," Kent, England. 1878-1879, Burley Farm, Danvers. 1878-1911, "Kernwood," Salem.

19. MARTHA ENDICOTT PEABODY[9] (*Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born July 6, 1826, Salem; died December 12, 1866, St. Catharine's, Canada. Place of burial — Rogers Lot, No. 1526, Harmony Grove, Salem.

Married April 2, 1851, 136 Essex Street, Salem, Richard Denison Rogers, son of Richard Saltonstall Rogers and Sarah Gardner Crowninshield, his wife; born July 25, 1826, Salem; died January 25, 1892, Boston, Place of burial—Rogers Lot, No. 1526, Harmony Grove, Salem.

No Issue.

RESIDENCES

Town. 1826-1839, 380 Essex Street, Salem. 1839-1866, 136 Essex Street, Salem.

Country. 1826-1836, House on Newburyport Turnpike, under the Pines, Danvers. 1837-1846, Nahant House, Nahant. 1847-1866, "Kernwood" Salem.

20. Francis Peabody, Jr.[9] (*Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born February 11, 1828, Salem; died May 11, 1828, Salem. Place of burial—Peabody Tomb, No. 50 Harmony Grove, Salem.

21. Elizabeth Putnam Peabody[9] (*Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John;*[1]), born May 10, 1829, Salem; died November 27, 1921, Boston. Place of burial—Rogers Lot, No. 1526, Harmony Grove, Salem.

Married February 9, 1853, 136 Essex Street, Salem, Jacob Crowninshield Rogers, son of Richard Saltonstall Rogers and Sarah Gardner Crowninshield, his wife; born October 7, 1828, Salem; died Jan-

uary 2, 1900, Boston. Place of burial—Rogers Lot, No. 1526, Harmony Grove, Salem.

No Issue.

RESIDENCES

Town. 1829-1839, 380 Essex Street, Salem. 1839-1853, 136 Essex Street, Salem. 1853-1863, 14 Mt. Vernon Street, Boston. 1864-1865, 71 Marlborough Street, Boston. 1866-1885, 89 Marlborough Street, Boston. 1886-1921, 231 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston.

Country. 1829-1836, House on Newburyport Turnpike, under the Pines, Danvers. 1837-1846, Nahant House, Nahant. 1847-1853, "Kernwood", Salem. 1872-1879, Widmore, Chiselhurst, Bromley, Kent, England. 1879-1921, "Oak Hill", Peabody.

22. Francis Peabody, Jr.[9] (*Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John;*[1]), born March 26, 1831, Salem; died April 29, 1910, Danvers. Place of burial—Peabody Lot, No. 1714, Harmony Grove, Salem.

Married November 6, 1856, 72 West 11th Street, New York City, Helen Bloodgood, daughter of Nathaniel Bloodgood and Eliza Antoinette Crocker, his wife; born July 4, 1834, New York; died August 7, 1911, Danvers. Place of burial—Peabody Lot, No. 1714, Harmony Grove Salem.

Issue.
39. i. Richard Duncan Peabody.
40. ii. Fanny Peabody.
41. iii. Jacob Crowninshield Rogers Peabody.

RESIDENCES

Town. 1831-1839, 380 Essex Street, Salem. 1839-1859, 136 Essex Street, Salem. 1874-1878, 89 Marlborough Street, Boston. 1879-1882, 88 Marlborough Street, Boston.

Country. 1831-1836, House on Newburyport Turnpike, under the Pines, Danvers. 1837-1846, Nahant House, Nahant. 1847-1860, "Kernwood", Salem. 1859-1860, passed winter at "Kernwood", Salem. 1860-1911, The Lindens, Danvers.

23. WILLIAM CROWNINSHIELD ENDICOTT[9]* (*William Putnam;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John;*[1]), born November 19, 1826, Salem; died May 6, 1900, Boston. Place of burial—Endicott Lot, No. 1554, Harmony Grove, Salem.

Married December 13, 1859, North Church, Salem, Ellen Peabody, daughter of George Peabody and Clarissa (Clara) Endicott, his wife; born May 21, 1833, Salem.

Issue.
42. i. William Crowninshield Endicott, Jr.
43. ii. Mary Crowninshield Endicott.

RESIDENCES

Town. 1826-1830, Derby and Orange Streets, Salem. 1832-1833, Derby and Orange Streets, Salem. 1833-1838, 5 Summer Street, Salem. 1838-1844, 359 Essex Street,

* Baptised at the East Church, Salem, on July 1, 1827, William Gardner Endicott. Name changed by Special Act of Legislature, on April 19, 1837, to William Crowninshield Endicott.

Salem. 1844-1846, 14 Elm Street, Salem. 1846-1859, 359 Essex Street, Salem. 1859-1863, 33 Warren Street, Salem. 1863-1894, 365 Essex Street, Salem. 1885-1889, 1313 - 16th Street N.W., Washington, D. C. 1895-1897, 234 Beacon Street, Boston. 1897-1900, 163 Marlborough Street, Boston.

Country. 1830-1832, Derby Farm, Peabody. 1892-1900, The Farm, Danvers. 1893, "Thirlstane", Bar Harbor, Maine.

24. Mary Crowninshield Endicott[9] (*William Putnam;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John;*[1]), born February 4, 1830, Salem; died February 26, 1833, Salem. Place of burial—Endicott Lot, No. 1554, Harmony Grove, Salem.

25. George Frederick Endicott[9] (*William Putnam;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John;*[1]), born September 11, 1832, Danvers; died January 11, 1833, Salem. Place of burial—Endicott Lot, No. 1554, Harmony Grove, Salem.

26. Sarah Rogers Endicott[9] (*William Putnam;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John;*[1]), born March 3, 1838, Salem; died January 7, 1916, Boston. Place of burial—Dexter Lot, No. 4314, Mount Auburn, Cambridge.

Married June 20, 1872, 359 Essex Street, Salem, George Dexter, son of George Minot Dexter and Elizabeth Ann Amory, his wife; born July 22, 1834, Boston; died July 2, 1910, Beverly. Place of burial—Dexter Lot, No. 4314, Mount Auburn, Cambridge.

Issue. 44. i. William Endicott Dexter.

RESIDENCES

Town. 1838-1872, 359 Essex Street, Salem. 1874-1899, Brookline, Mass. 1899-1916, 39 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston.

Country. Houses at Nahant and Marblehead. 1886-1916, Prides Crossing, Mass.

27. Clara Endicott Peabody[9]* (*Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born August 21, 1828, Salem; died September 22, 1856, Paris, France. Place of burial — Payson Lot, No. 1593, Mount Auburn Cambridge.

Married June 8, 1852, 29 Washington Square, Salem, Arthur Lithgow Payson, son of John Larkin Payson and Frances Lithgow, his wife; born January 13, 1824, Messina, Sicily; died January 10, 1855, Boston. Place of burial — Payson Lot, No. 1593, Mount Auburn, Cambridge.

* The name of Clara Endicott Payson is inscribed upon the chime of bells in St. Peter's Church, Salem. The inscription, written by her father is as follows:

In Memory of
Clara Endicott Payson,
Wife of Arthur Lithgow Payson
Born in Salem, August 21st, 1828
Died in Paris, Sept. 22d, 1856
Presented by her Father,
George Peabody

"*Blessed are the pure in heart*
for they shall see God."

Issue.

45. i. Clara Endicott Payson.
46. ii. Fanny Lithgow Payson.

RESIDENCES

Town. 1828-1834, 21 Chestnut Street. Salem. 1834-1852, 29 Washington Square, Salem. 1852-1855, 60 Beacon Street, Boston.

Country. 1837-1852, Nahant House, Nahant.

28. GEORGE PEABODY, JR.[9] (*Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born March 1, 1830, Salem; died March 14, 1832, Salem. Place of burial—Peabody Tomb, No 51, Harmony Grove, Salem.

29. GEORGE AUGUSTUS PEABODY[9]* (*Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born August 23, 1831, Salem.

Married April 20, 1881, Little Old Church, Holderness, N. H., Augusta Jay Balch Neilson, daughter of Rev. Lewis Penn Witherspoon Balch and Anna Jay, his wife; born December 16, 1839, New York; died April 30, 1888, Danvers. Place of burial — Peabody Tomb, No. 51, Harmony Grove, Salem.

No Issue.

RESIDENCES

Town. 1831-1834, 21 Chestnut Street, Salem. 1834-1881, 29 Washington Square, Salem.

* Baptized Joseph Augustus Peabody. Name changed by Special Act of Legislature on March 25, 1845, to George Augustus Peabody.

Country. 1837-1880, Nahant House, Nahant. 1854-1880, The Farm, Danvers, Mass. 1882- , Burley Farm, Danvers.

30. ELLEN PEABODY[9] (*Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born May 21, 1833, Salem.

Married December 13, 1859, North Church, Salem, William Crowninshield Endicott, son of William Putnam Endicott and Mary Crowninshield, his wife; born November 19, 1826, Salem; died May 6, 1900, Boston. Place of burial — Endicott Lot, No. 1554, Harmony Grove, Salem.

Issue.
42. i. William Crowninshield Endicott, Jr.
43. ii. Mary Crowninshield Endicott.

RESIDENCES

Town. 1833-1834, 21 Chestnut Street, Salem. 1834-1859, 29 Washington Square, Salem. 1859-1863, 33 Warren Street, Salem. 1863-1894, 365 Essex Street, Salem. 1885-1889, 1313 - 16th Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. 1895-1897, 234 Beacon Street, Boston. 1897- , 163 Marlborough Street, Boston.

Country. 1837-1859, Nahant House, Nahant. 1854-1859, The Farm, Danvers. 1892- , The Farm, Danvers. 1893- , "Thirlstane", Bar Harbor, Maine. 1915- , "Westfield," Bar Harbor, Maine.

31. ELIZA ENDICOTT PEABODY[9] (*Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born October 4, 1834, Salem; died

January 13, 1876, Boston. Place of burial—Gardner Tomb, No. 2900, Mount Auburn, Cambridge.

Married November 8, 1854, 29 Washington Square, Salem, George Augustus Gardner, son of John Lowell Gardner and Catharine Elizabeth Peabody, his wife; born September 30, 1829, Boston; died August 6, 1916, Boston. Place of burial—Gardner Tomb, No. 2900, Mount Auburn, Cambridge.

Issue.

47. i. George Peabody Gardner.
48. ii. Catharine Elizabeth Gardner.
49. iii. Ellen Gardner.
50. iv. Samuel Pickering Gardner.
51. v. William Endicott Gardner.
52. vi. John Lowell Gardner.
53. vii. Olga Eliza Gardner.

RESIDENCES

Town. 1834-1854, 29 Washington Square, Salem. 1856-1863, 12 Mt. Vernon Street, Boston. 1864-1865, 7 Beacon Street, Boston. 1867-1868, 12 James Avenue, Boston. 1868-1876, 81 Marlborough Street, Boston.

Country. 1837-1854, Nahant House, Nahant. Houses at Brookline and Beverly.

32. Mary Crowninshield Peabody[9] (*Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born July 26, 1836, Salem.

Married June 10, 1858, 29 Washington Square, Salem, Knyvet Winthrop Sears, son of David Sears and Miriam Clarke Mason, his wife; born April 7,

1832, Boston; died June 17, 1891, Nahant. Place of burial — Sears Church, Longwood.

Issue.
54. i. Mary Peabody Sears.
55. ii. Clara Endicott Sears.

RESIDENCES

Town. 1836-1858, 29 Washington Square, Salem. 1858-1859, 1 Louisburg Square, Boston. 1860-1861, 108 Beacon Street, Boston. 1862- , 132 Beacon Street, Boston.

Country. 1836-1858, Nahant House, Nahant. 1854-1858, The Farm, Danvers. 1859-1863, Newport, R. I. 1864-1872, Nahant. 1874- , Crowninshield Mountfort Estate, Nahant (Purchased).

33. FANNY PEABODY[9] (*Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born February 18, 1840, Salem; died May 10, 1895, Brookline. Place of burial — Mason Lot, No. 3844, Mount Auburn, Cambridge.

Married November 24, 1863, 29 Washington Square, Salem, William Powell Mason, son of William Powell Mason and Hannah Rogers, his wife; born September 7, 1835, Boston; died June 4, 1901, Vienna, Austria. Place of burial — Mason Lot, No. 3844, Mount Auburn, Cambridge.

Issue.
56. i. Fanny Peabody Mason.
57. ii. William Powell Mason, Jr.

RESIDENCES

Town. 1840-1863, 29 Washington Square, Salem. 1863-1864, 63 Mount Vernon Street, Boston. 1865-1883, 75 Beacon Street, Boston. 1884-1901, 211 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston.

Country. 1840-1863, Nahant House, Nahant. 1854-1863, The Farm, Danvers. 1867-1901, Meadow Farm, Walpole, N. H. 1883-1901, Parker Estate, Beverly.

34. JOHN ENDICOTT PEABODY[10] (*Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born January 6, 1853, Salem; died August 17, 1921, Brookline. Place of burial — Peabody Lot, No. 1553, Harmony Grove, Salem.

Married, 1st, June 15, 1878, Trinity Church, Boston, Gertrude Lawrence, daughter of James Lawrence and Elizabeth Prescott, his wife; born February 19, 1855, Boston; died May 2, 1883, Boston. Place of burial—Peabody Lot, No. 1553, Harmony Grove, Salem.

Issue.
58. i. Marion Lee Peabody.
59. ii. Harold Peabody.

Married, 2nd, August 25, 1887, St. Peter's Church, Beverly, Martha Prince Whitney, daughter of William Michael Whitney and Annie Nourse, his wife; born April 12, 1852, Beverly.

Issue.
60. iii. An infant Son.
61. iv. Samuel Endicott Peabody.

35. FRANCIS PEABODY[10] (*Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel*[3]*; Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born September 1, 1854, Salem.

Married January 13, 1881, Trinity Church, Boston, Rosamond Lawrence, daughter of Abbot Lawrence and Harriette White Paige, his wife; born May 7, 1856, Boston.

Issue.

62. i. Rosamond Peabody.
63. ii. Francis Peabody, Jr.
64. iii. Martha Peabody.
65. iv. Sylvia Peabody.

36. ENDICOTT PEABODY[10] (*Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born May 20, 1857, Salem.

Married June 18, 1885, Grace Church, Salem, Fanny Peabody, daughter of Francis Peabody and Helen Bloodgood, his wife; born October 12, 1860, Danvers.

Issue.

66. i. Malcolm Endicott Peabody.
67. ii. Helen Peabody.
68. iii. Rose Saltonstall Peabody.
69. iv. Elizabeth Rogers Peabody.
70. v. Margery Peabody.
71. vi. Dorothy Peabody.

37. MARTHA ENDICOTT PEABODY[10] (*Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born September 24, 1863, Salem.

Married June 16, 1887, Grace Church, Salem, John Lawrence, son of Abbott Lawrence and Har-

riette White Paige, his wife; born April 27, 1861, Boston.

Issue.

72. i. Hester Lawrence.
73. ii. Mary Lawrence.
74. iii. Geraldine Lawrence.
75. iv. Harriette Paige Lawrence.

38. George Lee Peabody[10] (*Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born May 11, 1865, Salem; died February 9, 1911, Baltimore, Md. Place of burial — Peabody Lot, No. 1553, Harmony Grove, Salem.

Married June 4, 1891, Trinity Church, Boston, Elizabeth Copley Crowninshield,* daughter of Caspar Crowninshield and Elizabeth Greene, his wife; born June 17, 1871, Brookline; died November 28, 1915, London, England. Place of burial — Cliveden, England.

No Issue.

39. Richard Duncan Peabody[10] (*Francis Peabody, Jr.;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born September 26, 1858, Salem; died November 27, 1858, Salem. Place of burial—Peabody Tomb, No. 50, Harmony Grove, Salem.

* Elizabeth Copley (Crowninshield) Peabody married November 14, 1912, at the Church of St. Roch, Paris, France, Count Michel-Antoine Zogheb, son of Count Antoine Zogheb, Diplomatic Agent of Denmark in Cairo, Egypt, and Chamberlain of the King of Denmark.

40. Fanny Peabody[10] (*Francis Peabody, Jr.;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born October 12, 1860, Danvers.

Married June 18, 1885, Grace Church, Salem, Endicott Peabody, son of Samuel Endicott Peabody, and Marianne Cabot Lee, his wife; born May 20, 1857, Salem.

Issue.
66. i. Malcolm Endicott Peabody.
67. ii. Helen Peabody.
68. iii. Rose Saltonstall Peabody.
69. iv. Elizabeth Rogers Peabody.
70. v. Margery Peabody.
71. vi. Dorothy Peabody.

41. Jacob Crowninshield Rogers Peabody[10] *Francis Peabody, Jr.;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born September 10, 1866, Danvers.

Married November 30, 1889, Trinity Church, Boston, Florence Wheatland, daughter of George Wheatland and Florence de Saumarez Dumeresq, his wife; born April 19, 1870, Boston.

Issue.
76. i. Richard Rogers Peabody.

42. William Crowninshield Endicott, Jr.[10] (*William Crowninshield;*[9] *William Putnam;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born September 28, 1860, Salem.

Married October 3, 1889, "Oakwood," Lenox, Marie Louise Thoron, daughter of Joseph Thoron

and Anna Barker Ward, his wife, born November 26, 1864, New York City.

No Issue.

43. Mary Crowninshield Endicott[10] (*William Crowninshield*;[9] *William Putnam*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born March 15, 1864, Salem.

Married, 1st, November 15, 1888, St. John's Church, Washington, D. C., Joseph Chamberlain of Birmingham, England, son of Joseph Chamberlain and Caroline Harben, his wife; born July 8, 1836, London; died July 2, 1914, London. Place of burial—General Cemetery, Birmingham, England.

No Issue.

Married, 2nd, August 2, 1916, St. Faith's Chapel, Westminster Abbey, London, Rev. William Hartley Carnegie, son of Robert Carnegie and Emily Porter, his wife; born February 27, 1860, Dublin, Ireland.

No Issue.

44. William Endicott Dexter[10] (*Sarah Rogers Endicott*;[9] *William Putnam*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born October 21, 1874, Brookline.

Married April 5, 1904, 282 Marlboro Street, Boston, Mary Fitzhugh Lindsay, daughter of Rev. John Summerfield Lindsay and Caroline Smith, his wife; born May 31, 1878, Warrenton, Virginia.

Issue.
77. i. Sarah Endicott Dexter
78. ii. John Lindsay Dexter.

45. Clara Endicott Payson[10] (*Clara Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born June 7, 1853, Boston; died April 16, 1900, Brookline. Place of burial — Peabody Tomb, No. 51, Harmony Grove, Salem.

46. Fanny Lithgow Payson[10] (*Clara Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born March 20, 1855, Boston.*

Married February 14, 1885, St. Peter's Church, Salem, Morton Henry Prince, son of Frederick Octavius Prince and Helen Susan Henry, his wife; born December 21, 1854, Boston.

Issue.
79. i. Claire Morton Prince.
80. ii. May Prince.
81. iii. Morton Peabody Prince.

47. George Peabody Gardner[10] (*Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John;*[1]), born November 19, 1855, Boston.

Married June 11, 1884, St. Mark's Church, Southboro, Esther Burnett, daughter of Joseph Burnett and Josephine Cutler, his wife; born July 7, 1859, Southboro.

* Born in the house of her grandfather, John Larkin Payson, 94 Beacon Street, Boston.

Issue.

82. i. Catherine Elizabeth Cardner.
83. ii. George Peabody Gardner, Jr.

48. Catherine Elizabeth Gardner[10] (*Eliza Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Clarissa Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born February 27, 1857, Boston; died October 22, 1865, Lausanne, Switzerland. Place of burial — La Salez, Lausanne, Switzerland.

49. Ellen Gardner[10] (*Eliza Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Clarissa Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born February 24, 1860, Boston.

Married June 3, 1884, Church of the Messiah, Boston, Augustus Peabody Loring, son of Caleb William Loring and Elizabeth Smith Peabody, his wife; born December 7, 1856, Boston.

Issue.

84. i. Augustus Peabody Loring, Jr.
85. ii. Caleb Loring.
86. iii. Ellen Gardner Loring.

50. Samuel Pickering Gardner[10] (*Eliza Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Clarissa Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born July 21, 1864, Paris, France; died October 26, 1865, Lausanne, Switzerland. Place of burial — La Salez, Lausanne, Switzerland.

51. William Endicott Gardner[10] (*Eliza Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Clarissa Endicott*[8]; *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6]

John;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born August 1, 1868, Brookline; died June 15, 1870, Paris, France. Place of burial — La Salez, Lausanne, Switzerland.

52. John Lowell Gardner[10] (*Eliza Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Clarissa Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born June 28, 1867, Brookline.

53. Olga Eliza Gardner[10] (*Eliza Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Clarissa Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born October 21, 1869, Boston.

Married June 15, 1897, St. Stephen's Church, Boston, George Howard Monks, son of John Patrick Monks and Delia Smith Hatton, his wife; born March 28, 1853, Boston.

Issue.

87. i. George Gardner Monks.
88. ii. John Peabody Monks.
89. iii. Olga Monks.

54. Mary Peabody Sears[10] (*Mary Crowninshield Peabody*;[9] *Clarissa Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born March 29, 1859, Boston; died November 20, 1890, Wellesley Hills. Place of burial — Shaw Tomb, No. 1286, Mount Auburn, Cambridge.

Married April 19, 1883, Emmanuel Church, Boston, Francis Shaw, son of Gardiner Howland

Shaw and Cora Lyman, his wife; born November 27, 1854, Boston.

Issue.
90. i. Cora Lyman Shaw.
91. ii. Francis Shaw, Jr.
92. iii. Miriam Shaw.

55. Clara Endicott Sears[10] (*Mary Crowninshield Peabody*;[9] *Clarissa Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born December 16, 1863, Boston.

56. Fanny Peabody Mason[10] (*Fanny Peabody*;[9] *Clarissa Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born November 18, 1864, Boston.

57. William Powell Mason, Jr.[10] (*Fanny Peabody*;[9] *Clarissa Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born January 30, 1867, Boston; died October 22, 1881, Beverly (drowned). Place of burial — Off Baker's Island Light, Beverly.

58. Marion Lee Peabody[11] (*John Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born July 6, 1879, London, England.

Married October 11, 1904, Emmanuel Church, Boston, James Lawrence, Jr., son of James Lawrence and Caroline Estelle Mudge, his wife; born February 7, 1878, Boston.

Issue.
93. i. Dorothy Lawrence.
94. ii. James Lawrence, 3rd.
95. iii. John Endicott Lawrence.

59. Harold Peabody[11] (*John Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born December 7, 1880, Boston.

Married May 8, 1906, Emmanuel Church, Boston, Marian Lawrence, daughter of William Lawrence and Julia Cunningham, his wife; born May 16, 1875, Boston.

Issue.
96. i. Gertrude Lawrence Peabody.

60. An Infant Son[11] (*John Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born November 6, 1890, Paris, France; died November 6, 1890, Paris, France. Place of burial—St. Germain, France.

61. Samuel Endicott Peabody[11] (*John Endicott Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born August 27, 1894, Lausanne, Switzerland.

62. Rosamond Peabody[11] (*Francis Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born October 7, 1881, Boston.

Married June 12, 1907, Church of the Holy Spirit, Mattapan, Benjamin Nason Hamlin, son of Joseph Hamlin and Jane Hallett, his wife; born September 25, 1870, Shanghai, China.

Issue.

97. i. Francis Peabody Hamlin.
98. ii. Jane Hamlin.
99. iii. Rosamond Lawrence Hamlin.

63. Francis Peabody, Jr.[11] (*Francis Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born April 8, 1883, Boston; died April 24, 1883, Boston. Place of burial—Peabody Lot, No. 1553, Harmony Grove, Salem.

64. Martha Peabody[11] (*Francis Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born January 14, 1886, Boston.

Married September 18, 1923, Church of the Holy Spirit, Mattapan, Major Montague William Warren Prowse, son of Thomas William Warren Prowse and

Clara Fox, his wife, born October 15, 1891, Forest Hill, Surrey, England.

65. Sylvia Peabody[11] (*Francis Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born April 1, 1893, Boston.

Married January 26, 1918, Grace Church Chantry, New York City, Clarence Van Schaick Mitchell, son of Clarence Blair Mitchell and Mildred Matthews, his wife; born December 17, 1890, New York, City.

Issue.
100. i. Sylvia Mitchell.
101. ii. Clarence Peabody Mitchell.

66. Malcolm Endicott Peabody[11] (*Endicott Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born June 12, 1888, Danvers.

Married June 19, 1916, Emmanuel Church, Boston, Mary Elizabeth Parkman, daughter of Henry Parkman and Frances Parker, his wife; born July 21, 1888, Beverly Farms.

Issue.
102. i. Mary Endicott Peabody.
103. ii. Endicott Peabody.
104. iii. George Lee Peabody.

67. Helen Peabody[11] (*Endicott Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born February 8, 1890, Danvers.

68. Rose Saltonstall Peabody[11] (*Endicott Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born October 11, 1891, Groton.

Married March 22, 1919, St. John's Chapel, Groton, William Barclay Parsons, Jr., son of William Barclay Parsons and Anna DeWitt Reed, his wife; born May 22, 1888, New York City.

Issue.
105. i. William Barclay Parsons, 3rd.
106. ii. Rose Parsons.

69. Elizabeth Rogers Peabody[11] (*Endicott Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born January 24, 1896, Groton.

70. Margery Peabody[11] (*Endicott Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born December 4, 1897, Groton.

71. Dorothy Peabody[11] (*Endicott Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born November 20, 1899, Groton.

Married April 16, 1920, St. John's Chapel, Groton, Frederick Trubee Davison, son of Henry Pomeroy Davison and Mary Kate Trubee, his wife; born February 7, 1896, Englewood, N. J.

Issue.
107. i. Frederick Trubee Davison, Jr.
108. ii. Endicott Peabody Davison.

72 Hester Lawrence[11] (*Martha Endicott Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born April 4, 1888, Cambridge.

Married February 16, 1912, St. John's Chapel, Groton, Richard Dudley Fay, son of Dudley Bowditch Fay and Katharine Gray, his wife; born January 13, 1891, Boston.

Issue.

109. i. Hester Fay.
110. ii. Elinor Fay.
111. iii. Richard Fay.

73. Mary Lawrence[11] (*Martha Endicott Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born October 7, 1890, Cambridge.

Married November 14, 1914, St. John's Chapel, Groton, Stephen Webb Sabine, son of George Kraus Sabine and Caroline Webb, his wife; born May 11, 1888, Brookline.

Issue.

112. i. John Lawrence Sabine.
113. ii. Janet Sabine.
114. iii. Martha Peabody Sabine.
114a. iv. Rosamond Sabine.

74. Geraldine Lawrence[11] (*Martha Endicott Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born June 1, 1893, Groton.

Married July 17, 1920, St. John's Chapel, Groton, Edward Hall Harding, son of Emor Herbert

Harding and Helen Beal Hall, his wife; born April 8, 1888, Milton.

Issue.
115. i. Edward Hall Harding, Jr.
115a. ii. Elizabeth Harding.

75. HARRIETTE PAIGE LAWRENCE[11] (*Martha Endicott Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born December 24, 1898, Groton.

Married May 17, 1919, St. John's Chapel, Groton, Richard Cunningham Procter, son of Joseph Osborn Procter and Florence Cunningham, his wife; born March 3, 1891, Gloucester.

Issue.
116. i. Margery Peabody Procter.
117. ii. Harriette Lawrence Procter.

76. RICHARDS ROGERS PEABODY[11] (*Jacob Crowninshield Rogers Peabody;*[10] *Francis Peabody, Jr.;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel:*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born January 23, 1892, Boston.

Married, 1st, January 9, 1915, Barnum Estate, Mamaroneck, N. Y., Mary Phelps Jacob, daughter of William Jacob and Mary Phelps, his wife; born April 20, 1892, New York City.

Issue.
118. i. William Jacob Peabody.
119. ii. Polly Wheatland Peabody.

Married, 2nd, May 26, 1923, "Headquarters House," Hamilton, Ethel Jane McKean, daughter of Walter McKean and Jane Elizabeth Peary, his wife; born December 13, 1898, Brockton.

77. Sarah Endicott Dexter[11] (*William Endicott Dexter;*[10] *Sarah Rogers Endicott;*[9] *William Putnam;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born September 9, 1905, Beverly Farms.

78. John Lindsay Dexter[11] (*William Endicott Dexter;*[10] *Sarah Rogers Endicott;*[9] *William Putnam;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born August 31, 1911, York Village, Maine.

79. Claire Morton Prince[11] (*Fanny Lithgow Payson;*[10] *Clara Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]) born December 19, 1885, Boston.

Married June 17, 1904, St. Stephen's Church, Boston, Roger Wolcott, son of Roger Wolcott and Edith Prescott, his wife; born July 25, 1877, Boston.

Issue.

120. i. Roger Wolcott, Jr.
121. ii. Clarissa Endicott Wolcott.
122. iii. John Endicott Wolcott.

80. May Prince[11] (*Fanny Lithgow Payson;*[10] *Clara Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born February 3, 1887, Boston; died February 3, 1887, Boston; Place of burial — Prince Lot, No. 4784, Mount Auburn, Cambridge.

81. Morton Peabody Prince[11] (*Fanny Lithgow Payson*;[10] *Clara Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Clarissa Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born August 6, 1888. Nahant.

Married January 5, 1918, St. Paul's Church, Newburyport, Marjorie Sarah Bernheimer, daughter of Mayer Simon Bernheimer and Caroline Bachman, his wife; born November 18, 1887, New York.

Issue.
123. i. Marjorie Prince.
123a. ii. Elizabeth Peabody Prince.

82. Catherine Elizabeth Gardner[11] (*George Peabody Gardner*;[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Clarissa Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born June 25, 1885, Southboro.

Married June 29, 1907, St. Mark's Church, Southboro, Francis Buckner Boyer, son of Samuel Herbert Boyer and Sophia Mary Buckner, his wife; born December 20, 1879, Philadelphia, Pa.

Issue.
124. i. Esther Gardner Boyer.
125. ii. Francis Buckner Boyer, Jr.

83. George Peabody Gardner, Jr.[11] (*George Peabody Gardner*;[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Clarissa Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born January 28, 1888, Boston.

Married January 28, 1913, Grace Church, Providence, R. I., Rose Phinney Grosvenor, daughter of William Grosvenor and Rose Diamond Phinney, his wife; born October 13, 1888, Providence, R. I.

Issue.
126. i. Catherine Peabody Gardner.
127. ii. Isabella Stewart Gardner.
128. iii. George Peabody Gardner, 3rd.
129. iv. John Lowell Gardner, 2nd.

84. Augustus Peabody Loring, Jr.[11] (*Ellen Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born April 16, 1885, Boston.

Married June 22, 1911, Bowditch Estate, Jamaica Plain, Rosamond Bowditch, daughter of Alfred Bowditch and Mary Louise Rice, his wife; born May 2, 1889, Jamaica Plain.

Issue.
130. i. Mary Bowditch Loring.
131. ii. Rose Loring.
132. iii. Augustus Peabody Loring, 3rd.
133. iv. Ellen Gardner Loring.
134. v. Elizabeth Smith Peabody Loring.

85. Caleb Loring[11] (*Ellen Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born February 18, 1888, Boston.

Married April 15, 1920, St. George's Church, Griffin, Georgia, Suzanne Grantland Bailey, daughter of David Jackson Bailey and Mary Hammond, his wife; born April 30, 1896, Griffin, Ga.

Issue.
135. i. Caleb Loring, Jr.
136. ii. David Loring.
137. iii. Suzanne Grantland Loring.

86. Ellen Gardner Loring[11] (*Ellen Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born May 2, 1889, Prides Crossing; died May 17, 1922, Boston. Place of burial—Vaughan Lot, No. 6702, Mount Auburn, Cambridge.

Married July 10, 1912, "Off Lots," Prides Crossing, Samuel Vaughan, son of William Warren Vaughan and Ellen Twistleton Parkman, his wife; born April 15, 1887, Boston.

Issue.
138. i. Louisa Loring Vaughan.
139. ii. Samuel Vaughan, Jr.
140. iii. William Loring Vaughan.
141. iv. Ellen Gardner Vaughan.

87. George Gardner Monks[11] (*Olga Eliza Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born May 6, 1898, Boston.

88. John Peabody Monks[11] (*Olga Eliza Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born June 24, 1901, Boston.

89. Olga Monks[11] (*Olga Eliza Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born January 28, 1911, Boston.

90. Cora Lyman Shaw[11] (*Mary Peabody Sears;*[10] *Mary Crowninshield Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Sam-*

uel;[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born January 28, 1884, Boston; died May 28, 1884, Boston. Place of burial—Shaw Tomb, No. 1286, Mount Auburn, Cambridge.

91. Francis Shaw, Jr.[11] (*Mary Peabody Sears;*[10] *Mary Crowninshield Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born June 20, 1887, New Braintree.

92. Miriam Shaw[11] (*Mary Peabody Sears;*[10] *Mary Crowninshield Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born January 14, 1889, Wellesley Hills.

93. Dorothy Lawrence[12] (*Marion Lee Peabody;*[11] *John Endicott Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born May 29, 1906, Milton.

94. James Lawrence, Jr.[12] (*Marion Lee Peabody;*[11] *John Endicott Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born May 30, 1907, Milton.

95. John Endicott Lawrence[12] (*Marion Lee Peabody;*[11] *John Endicott Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born October 18, 1909, Milton.

96. Gertrude Lawrence Peabody[12] (*Harold Peabody;*[11] *John Endicott Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born May 21, 1915, Boston.

97. Francis Peabody Hamlin[12] (*Rosamond Peabody;*[11] *Francis Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born April 13, 1908, Dedham.

98. JANE HAMLIN[12] (*Rosamond Peabody;*[11] *Francis Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born August 22, 1916, Milton.

99. ROSAMOND LAWRENCE HAMLIN[12] (*Rosamond Peabody;*[11] *Francis Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born February 7, 1919, Milton.

100. SYLVIA MITCHELL[12] (*Sylvia Peabody;*[11] *Francis Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born January 25, 1920, New York City.

101. CLARENCE PEABODY MITCHELL[12] (*Sylvia Peabody;*[11] *Francis Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born March 4, 1921, New York City.

102. MARY ENDICOTT PEABODY[12] (*Malcolm Endicott Peabody;*[11] *Endicott Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born April 12, 1917, Lawrence.

103. ENDICOTT PEABODY[12] (*Malcolm Endicott Peabody;*[11] *Endicott Peabody;*[10] *Samuel Endicott Pea-*

body;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born February 15, 1920, Lawrence.

104. George Lee Peabody[12] (*Malcolm Endicott Peabody*;[11] *Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born January 15, 1922, Lawrence.

105. William Barclay Parsons, 3rd[12] (*Rose Saltonstall Peabody*;[11] *Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]) born December 31, 1919, New York City.

106. Rose Parsons[12] (*Rose Saltonstall Peabody*;[11] *Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born July 1, 1923, New York City.

107. Frederick Trubee Davison, Jr.[12] (*Dorothy Peabody*;[11] *Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born January 18, 1922, New York City.

108. Endicott Peabody Davison[12] (*Dorothy Peabody*;[11] *Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born June 15, 1923, New York City.

109. Hester Fay[12] (*Hester Lawrence*;[11] *Martha Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born November 16, 1912, Cambridge.

110. Elinor Fay[12] (*Hester Lawrence*;[11] *Martha Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born September 20, 1914, Nahant.

111. Richard Fay[12] (*Hester Lawrence*;[11] *Martha Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born December 12, 1918, Boston.

112. John Lawrence Sabine[12] (*Mary Lawrence*;[11] *Martha Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born November 3, 1915, Groton.

113. Janet Sabine[12] (*Mary Lawrence*;[11] *Martha Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born August 22, 1918, Boston.

114. Martha Peabody Sabine[12] (*Mary Lawrence*;[11] *Martha Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott*

Peabody;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born October 7, 1921, Boston.

114a. Rosamond Sabine[12] (*Mary Lawrence*;[11] *Martha Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born April 24, 1924, Boston.

115. Edward Hall Harding, Jr.[12] (*Geraldine Lawrence*;[11] *Martha Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born March 12, 1922, Boston.

115a. Elizabeth Harding[12] (*Geraldine Lawrence*;[11] *Martha Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born July 12, 1924, Boston.

116. Margery Peabody Procter[12] (*Harriette Paige Lawrence*;[11] *Martha Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born March 20, 1920, Boston.

117. Harriette Lawrence Procter[12] (*Harriette Paige Lawrence*;[11] *Martha Endicott Peabody*;[10] *Samuel Endicott Peabody*;[9] *Martha Endicott*;[8] *Samuel*;[7] *John*;[6] *John*;[5] *Samuel*;[4] *Samuel*;[3] *Zerubbabel*;[2] *John*[1]), born March 27, 1923, Rye, New York.

118. WILLIAM JACOB PEABODY[12] (*Richard Rogers Peabody;*[11] *Jacob Crowninshield Rogers Peabody;*[10] *Francis Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born February 4, 1916, New York City.

119. POLLY WHEATLAND PEABODY[12] (*Richard Rogers Peabody;*[11] *Jacob Crowninshield Rogers Peabody;*[10] *Francis Peabody;*[9] *Martha Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born July 21, 1917, New York City.

120. ROGER WOLCOTT, JR.[12] (*Claire Morton Prince;*[11] *Fanny Lithgow Payson;*[10] *Clara Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born February 28, 1905, Readville; died July 5, 1909, Readville. Place of burial— Wolcott Lot, No. 6214, Mount Auburn, Cambridge.

121. CLARISSA ENDICOTT WOLCOTT[12] (*Claire Morton Prince;*[11] *Fanny Lithgow Payson;*[10] *Clara Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born November 29, 1907, Readville.

122. JOHN ENDICOTT WOLCOTT[12] (*Claire Morton Prince;*[11] *Fanny Lithgow Payson;*[10] *Clara Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John;*[1]), born April 2, 1910, Readville; died March 27, 1919, Boston. Place of burial — Wolcott Lot, No. 6214, Mount Auburn, Cambridge.

123. MARJORIE PRINCE[12] (*Morton Peabody Prince;*[11] *Fanny Lithgow Payson;*[10] *Clara Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born November 15, 1918, Boston.

123a. ELIZABETH PEABODY PRINCE[12] (*Morton Peabody Prince;*[11] *Fanny Lithgow Payson;*[10] *Clara Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born July 8, 1924, Newburyport.

124. ESTHER GARDNER BOYER[12] (*Catherine Elizabeth Gardner;*[11] *George Peabody Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born March 27, 1908, Boston.*

125. FRANCIS BUCKNER BOYER, JR.[12] (*Catherine Elizabeth Gardner;*[11] *George Peabody Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born May 15, 1911, New Bedford; died September 17, 1911, New Bedford. Place of burial — Burnett Burying Ground, Southboro.

126. CATHERINE PEABODY GARDNER[12] (*George Peabody Gardner, Jr.;*[11] *George Peabody Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born December 20, 1913, Chestnut Hill.

* Name changed to Gardner.

127. Isabella Stewart Gardner[12] (*George Peabody Gardner, Jr.;*[11] *George Peabody Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born September 7, 1915, Chestnut Hill.

128. George Peabody Gardner, 3rd[12] (*George Peabody Gardner, Jr.;*[11] *George Peabody Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born September 2, 1917, Chestnut Hill.

129. John Lowell Gardner, 2nd[12] (*George Peabody Gardner, Jr.;*[11] *George Peabody Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born April 14, 1923, Green Hill, Brookline.

130. Mary Bowditch Loring[12] (*Augustus Peabody Loring, Jr.;*[11] *Ellen Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born March 27, 1912, Prides Crossing.

131. Rose Loring[12] (*Augustus Peabody Loring, Jr.;*[11] *Ellen Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born April 3, 1913, Prides Crossing.

132. Augustus Peabody Loring, 3rd[12] (*Augustus Peabody Loring, Jr.;*[11] *Ellen Gardner;*[10] *Eliza En-*

dicott Peabody;[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born August 24, 1915, Prides Crossing.

133. Ellen Gardner Loring[12] (*Augustus Peabody Loring, Jr.;*[11] *Ellen Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born March 23, 1918, Boston; died May 7, 1922, Boston. Place of burial—Loring Lot, No. 3904, Mount Auburn, Cambridge.

134. Elizabeth Smith Peabody Loring[12] (*Augustus Peabody Loring, Jr.;*[11] *Ellen Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born July 4, 1923, Prides Crossing.

135. Caleb Loring, Jr.[12] (*Caleb Loring;*[11] *Ellen Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born February 5, 1921, Boston.

136. David Loring[12] (*Caleb Loring;*[11] *Ellen Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born September 22, 1922, Prides Crossing.

137. Suzanne Grantland Loring[12] (*Caleb Loring;*[11] *Ellen Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born November 3, 1923, Chestnut Hill.

138. Louisa Loring Vaughan[12] (*Ellen Gardner Loring;*[11] *Ellen Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born May 24, 1913, Beverly Farms.

139. Samuel Vaughan, Jr.[12] (*Ellen Gardner Loring;*[11] *Ellen Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born September 29, 1915, Beverly Farms.

140. William Loring Vaughan[12] (*Ellen Gardner Loring;*[11] *Ellen Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born August 18, 1917, Beverly Farms.

141. Ellen Gardner Vaughan[12] (*Ellen Gardner Loring;*[11] *Ellen Gardner;*[10] *Eliza Endicott Peabody;*[9] *Clarissa Endicott;*[8] *Samuel;*[7] *John;*[6] *John;*[5] *Samuel;*[4] *Samuel;*[3] *Zerubbabel;*[2] *John*[1]), born April 25, 1922, Boston.

THE ENDICOTT BURYING GROUND

THE ENDICOTT BURYING GROUND

On July 3, 1632, the Court of Assistants granted to Governor Endecott the Orchard Farm, located at what is now Danversport in the town of Danvers, which remained in the Endicott family for a period of one hundred and ninety-seven years.* On December 31, 1829, John Endicott of Danvers, and the heirs of his brother Samuel Endicott (who had died May 1, 1828), sold the Farm to Charles Sanders of Cambridge.

The Burying Ground which originally was a part of the Orchard Farm, had been unenclosed and neglected for many years and was at that time upon the land of Joseph Sprague who made the following deed dated June 18, 1828:—

> Whereas the family of the late John Endicott have the right to bury their dead on my farm in Danvers, without any particular part thereof being designated for that purpose, and whereas they are solicitous to have the spot wherein they are to be buried designated and marked out by metes and bounds.
>
> Now Know all Men by These Presents that I, Joseph Sprague of Danvers in the County of Essex, in consideration of twenty-five dollars paid me by the family of the late John Endicott of said Danvers, deceased, the receipt of which I do hereby acknowledge, and also in consideration of their releasing all right in other parts of said farm to me and my heirs, do

* See post — The Orchard Farm.

hereby grant, sell and convey to them and their heirs forever, a certain piece of land situated in my pasture which has been and is to continue to be improved as a burying place for the family of said John Endicott, containing about one quarter of an acre, more or less, as now fenced in, with the right of passing to and from it over said Sprague's land in such way as to be the least injurious to said Sprague, his heirs or assigns.

To Have and to Hold the same for said purpose to the family of said Endicott, and I, the said Sprague warrant to defend the same to them. And I, Margaret wife of said Sprague in consideration of one dollar paid me release my right of dower in the premises.

In Witness Whereof the said Joseph and Margaret have hereunto set their hands and seals this eighteenth day of June A. D. 1828.*

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of (the word "heirs" first interlined) Joseph E. Sprague, Eliza B. Sprague, Jos. Sprague and Margaret Sprague.

Having by this deed secured a definite piece of land with a right of way thereto, the Burying Ground was enclosed with a wooden fence and was cared for until 1914, by William Putnam Endicott, William Crowninshield Endicott and the writer with the assistance of other members of the family.

Family tradition handed down by William Putnam Endicott (1803-1888), who knew his grandmother Elizabeth Jacobs Endicott, who knew people who knew Governor Endecott and his sons John and Zerubbabel, says that Zerubbabel Endecott, his first wife Mary Smith and their three young children are buried within this enclosure.

* Essex County Deeds, Book 338, folio 24.

Zerubbabel Endecott died in 1683-4 and his wife Mary Smith died June 20, 1677. His second wife Elizabeth Winthrop Newman, died December 17, 1716. She was the daughter of Governor Winthrop of Connecticut and was buried in the Winthrop Tomb, King's Chapel, Boston, as described in Sewell's Diary. The three young children of Zerubbabel Endecott, above mentioned, were:—Elizabeth Endecott (1655-1658); Elizabeth Endecott (1661-1661) and Zerubbabel Endecott, born April 11, 1652, who died before February 14, 1664 when another son was born to Zerubbabel and his wife, who was given the name of Zerubbabel.

The oldest stones in the Endicott Burying Ground are that of Mr. Samuel Endicott, who departed this life December 10, 1773 and that of his wife Mary (Putnam) Endicott, who departed this life February 27, 1774. Previous to that date of burial there were no inscribed stones in the Burying Ground but the family always took a great interest in it and the older members of the family pointed out the places where their dead lay.

In the summer of 1818, Samuel Endicott of Salem, placed within the enclosure four slate stones in memory of his grandfather, John Endicott; of his grandmother, Elizabeth Jacobs Endicott; of his great-grandfather Samuel Endicott; and of his great-grandmother Anne Endicott.

The marble tombstone erected in memory of Joseph Endicott, his wife Sarah Hathorne and their daughter Mary Endicott, was erected by his grand-

son, Charles Endicott, of Salem, at the instigation of Timothy Endicott, who pointed out to him the graves of his grandparents. At the same time Mr. Charles Endicott enclosed the lot with four iron posts and chains.

There were numerous slaves in the Endicott family at one time, the best known of whom was Phyllis, purchased by Mrs. Elizabeth (Jacobs) Endicott. These slaves are buried near the northerly wall of the enclosure.

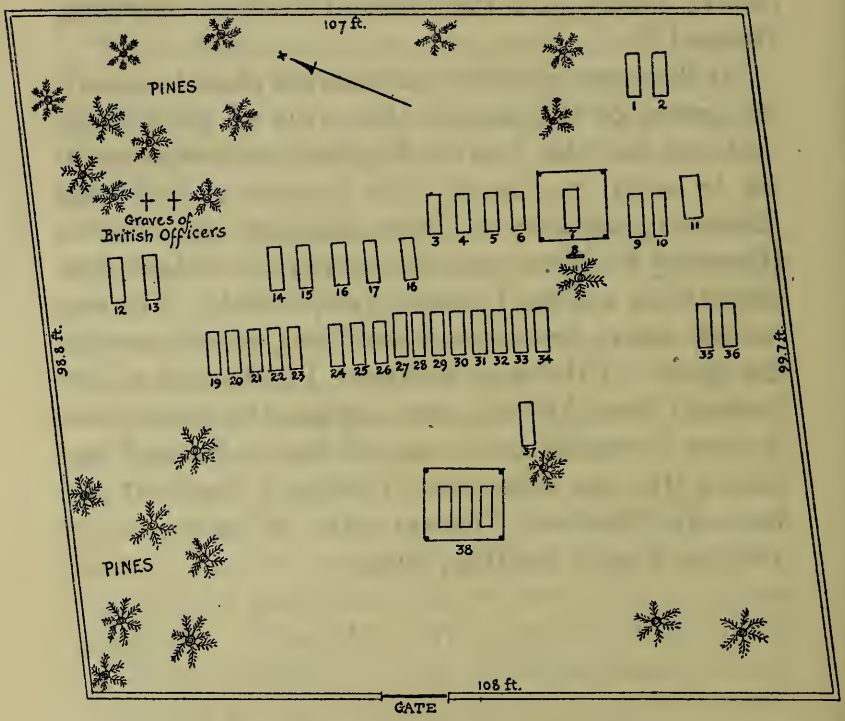
Between two pine trees, as pointed out to me by Miss Susan Gray, are buried in a double grave two British Officers who died in Danvers at the time General Gage had his headquarters in the Robert Hooper Mansion, now known as "The Lindens."

Julia Ann Endicott, a daughter of Jacob Endicott and his wife Ruth Hawkes, was buried in a grave not far from the stone wall on the northerly side.

In 1914, the writer raised quite a large sum of money from the descendants of Governor John Endecott to place this ancient burial lot in proper condition. When the work began the place was in very bad condition. The fence had been burned frequently so that it became useless to repair it. The stones within the enclosure were broken and many of them had been pulled up. A solid granite wall was built on firm foundations — two granite posts make an entrance to the enclosure—a bronze gate, copied from an old iron gate erected about 1665 at the University of Oxford in England, hangs between the posts; on the front of the gate on a bronze shield

is a copy of the coat of arms which Governor John Endecott brought from England and on the back of this shield is the inscription—"The first burial herein was in 1658." At the bottom of the gate, in bronze letters, are the words "Endicott Burying Ground."

At the same time slate stones were placed to mark the graves of William Endicott, son of John Endicott and his wife Martha Endicott, who was lost at sea in early manhood; also Samuel and Nathan Endicott, children of John Endicott and Martha (Putnam) Endicott; and of the graves of Ruth Endicott Dole and her husband Joseph Dole. The two marble stones, broken and mutilated, which marked the graves of Rebecca Endicott Hardy and of her husband Daniel Hardy, were replaced by slate stones. A slate memorial stone was erected to Samuel Endicott, Jr., the elder son of Samuel Endicott and his wife Elizabeth Putnam, who is buried in the Putnam Lot at Sterling, Mass.



PLAN OF THE ENDICOTT BURYING GROUND
ON THE ORCHARD FARM, DANVERSPORT

INSCRIPTIONS

No. 1. Slate.

CHARLES EDWARD,
SON OF
CHARLES MOSES & SARAH ROLLAND
ENDICOTT,
BORN JULY 7 , 1832,
DIED DEC. 26, 1887.

No. 2. Slate.

INGERSOLL BOWDITCH
SON OF
CHARLES MOSES & SARAH ROLLAND
ENDICOTT,
BORN MAY 17, 1835
DIED MAY 14, 1909

No. 3. Slate.

NATHAN ENDICOTT
Twin Brother of Martha Endicott
Wife of Jeremiah Page
Born Sept. 25, 1775
Died Sept. 1, 1788

SARAH ENDICOTT
Born March 8, 1778
Died May 12, 1796
Children of John Endicott and
Martha Putnam His wife

No. 4. Slate.
IN MEMORY OF
WILLIAM ENDICOTT
Sixth Son of
JOHN ENDICOTT, ESQ.
AND MARTHA PUTNAM
His Wife
Born April 23, 1782
Died June 22. 1806
He was second officer of the
Ship "Cincinnatus"
and was drowned
at the Island of Sumatra

No. 5. White Marble.
MR. JOHN ENDICOTT,
DIED MARCH 11, 1816;
AGED 77.
Son of John &
Elizabeth Endicott.
He left a numerous posterity.

No. 6. White Marble.

Mrs. Martha Endicott,
Widow of
Mr. John Endicott.
Died Sept. 3, 1821,
Aged 79.

No. 7. White marble slab resting on six marble posts, enclosed by iron fence.

IN MEMORY OF
SAMUEL ENDICOTT,
WHO DIED IN SALEM,
MAY 1, 1828.
AGED 65 YEARS.

He was of the 6th Generation
from his Ancestor of that name,
who settled Salem in 1628.

Also in memory of
ELIZABETH, his wife,
who died at Salem
November 9, 1841;
Aged 76.

No. 8. Slate.

IN MEMORY OF
SAMUEL ENDICOTT,
The elder Son of
SAMUEL ENDICOTT, ESQ.
and ELIZABETH PUTNAM
His Wife
Born March 13, 1795
Died May 15, 1828
His Body lies
in the Putnam Lot
Old Cemetery
Sterling, Mass.

No. 9. White Marble.

SARAH R. ENDICOTT,
Wife of
Charles M. Endicott,
died
Aug. 30, 1859.
Aged 66.

No. 10. White Marble.

CHARLES M. ENDICOTT,
died
Dec. 14, 1863.
Aged 70.

No. 11. White Marble.

NANCY ENDICOTT,
died April 20, 1843.
Aged 74.
Relict of
MOSES ENDICOTT,
who died
at Havana, March 5, 1807;
Aged 40,
and two of their Children.
LEWIS R.
died Oct. 8, 1796; Aged 1 year.
SALLY,
died Aug. 18, 1801;
Aged 3 years.

No. 12. Slate.

RUTH ENDICOTT
Relict of
JOSEPH DOLE
and
Daughter of
Samuel and Margaret Endicott
Born in the year 1738
Died Sept. 7, 1828
Aet. 90

No. 13. Slate.

JOSEPH DOLE
Son of
Abner Dole and Mary Kent
his wife
Born Jan. 16, 1740
Died about July 11, 1783

No. 14. Slate.

MRS. MARGARET ENDICOTT,
Second Wife of
Capt. Samuel Endicott,
Born in Boston,
March 1, 1694
Died in Danvers,
May 11, 1758

No. 15. Slate.

Capt. SAMUEL ENDICOTT,
Died May 7, 1766.
Aged 78.

He was the 3rd Generation
from his Ancestor who
settled Salem in 1628,
was very useful &
lived respected.

No. 16. Slate.

Mrs. Anne Endicott
Wife of
Cap^{t}. Samuel Endicott,
Died in 1723;
Aged 30.
She was born in London.

No. 17. Slate.

Mr. John Endicott,
Died May 11, 1783;
Aged 69.
He was the son of
Cap^{t}. Samuel &
Mrs. Anne Endicott.

No. 18. Slate.

Mrs. ELIZABETH,
Wife of
Mr. John Endicott,
Died Aug. 9, 1809;
Aged 90 years
& 9 mon's.

No. 19. White Marble.

REBECCA ENDICOTT,
Wife of
JAMES W. DEXTER,
Formerly wife of
Maurice C. Oby,
Died Apr. 23, 1877.
Aged 62 yrs.

No. 20. White Marble.

In Memory of
MAURICE C. OBY,
who died
June 2, 1861.
Æt 37 y'rs.

No. 21. Slate.

In Memory of
George W. E. Hardy
Son of Daniel &
Rebecca Hardy
Obt. Sept.8, 1813.
Aged 2 years.

No. 22. Slate.

Daniel Hardy
Born May 1, 1784
Died July 16. 1844

No. 23. Slate.

Rebecca Endicott
Wife of Daniel Hardy
Dau. of John Endicott and
Martha Putnam, His Wife
Born May 22, 1780
Died Sept. 25, 1850

No. 24. Slate.

In Memory of
Mr. Samuel Endicott,
who Departed this
Life Decr. the 10th.
1773;
Aged 56 Years.

No. 25. Slate.

In Memory of
Mrs. Mary Endicott
the wife of
Mr. Samuel Endicott,
who Departed this
Life Feby ye 27th 1774;
Aged 49 years.

No. 26. Slate.

In Memory of
Miss Nancy Endicott
Daur. of Mr. Samuel &
Mrs. Mary Endicott
who Departed this
Life April ye 17th, 1786;
Aged 24 Years.

No. 27. Slate.

In Memory of
John Endicott 3d
Son of
Capt. John Endicott,
who died
April 1, 1803;
Aged 11 years.

No. 28. Slate.

In
Memory of
Mrs. Mary Endicott,
wife of
Capt. John Endicott,
who died
Feb. 26, 1811.
Æt. 40

No. 29. White Marble.

In Memory of
JOHN ENDICOTT,
who died
Nov. 29, 1834.
Aged 70 years.

No. 30. Slate

SACRED
To the Memory of
MISS MARTHA P. ENDICOTT,
Daughter of Cap^t. John &
Mrs. Mary Endicott,
who died
Nov. 23, 1815;
Aged 13 years.

Here lies as fair a bud of hope
As e'er to mortal man was given,
If you would know its perfect state
See it bloom and bear in Heaven
Where there is rest.

No. 31. Slate.

SACRED
To the Memory of
Sarah Endicott,
An infant daughter of
Cap^{t}. John &
Mrs. Fidelia Endicott,
who died
Sept. 8, 1813;
Aged 1 month.

No. 32. White Marble.

In Memory of
MARY P. GARDNER,
Only daughter of
John and
Maria Gardner,
Obt. Dec. 26, 1827;
Aged 2 years.

No. 33. White Marble.

In Memory of
FIDELIA,
wife of
JOHN ENDICOTT,
Born Mar. 23, 1788.
Died Sept. 11, 1854.
Aged 66 yrs., 5 mos. &
19 days.

No. 34. White Marble.

MARIA C. GARDNER
BORN
JAN. 20, 1797.
DIED
JULY 1, 1880.

On the back of this stone is the following inscription:

Maria C.
daughter of
John & Mary Putnam
Endicott

No. 35. White Marble.

TIMOTHY ENDICOTT,
died
Sept. 20, 1865.
Aged 80.

No. 36. White Marble.

HARRIET MARTYN
wife of
TIMOTHY ENDICOTT
died
April 17, 1871.
Aged 83.

No. 37. White Marble.
In Memory of
WILLIAM ENDICOTT
who died
July 3. 1892.
Aged 69 years

No. 38. White Marble.
JOSEPH ENDICOTT,
son of
SAMUEL & MARGARET ENDICOTT,
Died Dec. 19, 1806;
Aged 75.

SARAH ENDICOTT
Relict of
JOSEPH ENDICOTT,
Died Dec. 1, 1809;
Aged 72.

MARY ENDICOTT
Daughter of
JOSEPH & SARAH ENDICOTT,
Died June 12, 1811;
Aged 36.

THE ORCHARD FARM

TITLE TO THE ORCHARD FARM, DANVERSPORT

1. Governor John Endecott.

"At a court holden at Boston, July 3, 1632," the Orchard Farm was granted to Governor John Endecott:—

"There is a necke of land lyeing aboute 3 myles from Salem, con^{t} aboute 300 a^{c} of land, graunted to Cap^{t} Jo: Endicott, to enioy to him & his heires for euer, called in Indean tonge Wahquainesehcok, in English Birchwood, bounded on the south side with a ryver called in the Indean tounge Soewamapenessett, comonly called the Cowe Howse Ryver; bounded on the north side with a ryver called in the Indean tongue, Conamabsqunooncant, comonly called Ducke Ryver; bounded on the east wth a ryver leadeing upp to the 2 form^{er} ryvers, w^{ch} is called in the Indean tongue Orkhussunt, otherwise knowen by the name of Wooleston Ryv^{r}; bounded on the west with the maine land." *Mass. Bay Colony Records, Vol.* 1, *p.* 97.

2. Elizabeth Endecott.

This whole Grant was devised by will of the Governor, dated May 2, 1659, to his wife Elizabeth for life, and then to his sons: John Endecott and Zerubbabel Endecott.

"I give to him [John Endecott his eldest son] and my younger sonne Zerobabel the whole of farme

called Orchard to be parted indifferently between them after the decease of my said wife." *Essex County Probate, No.* 9053.

His son John, died February 7, 1667/68. His wife died September 18, 1676.

3. Zerubbabel Endecott.

Zerubbabel Endecott by will dated Nov. 23, 1673, devised the same in equal parts to his sons: John Endecott and Samuel Endecott. *Essex County Probate, No.* 9072.

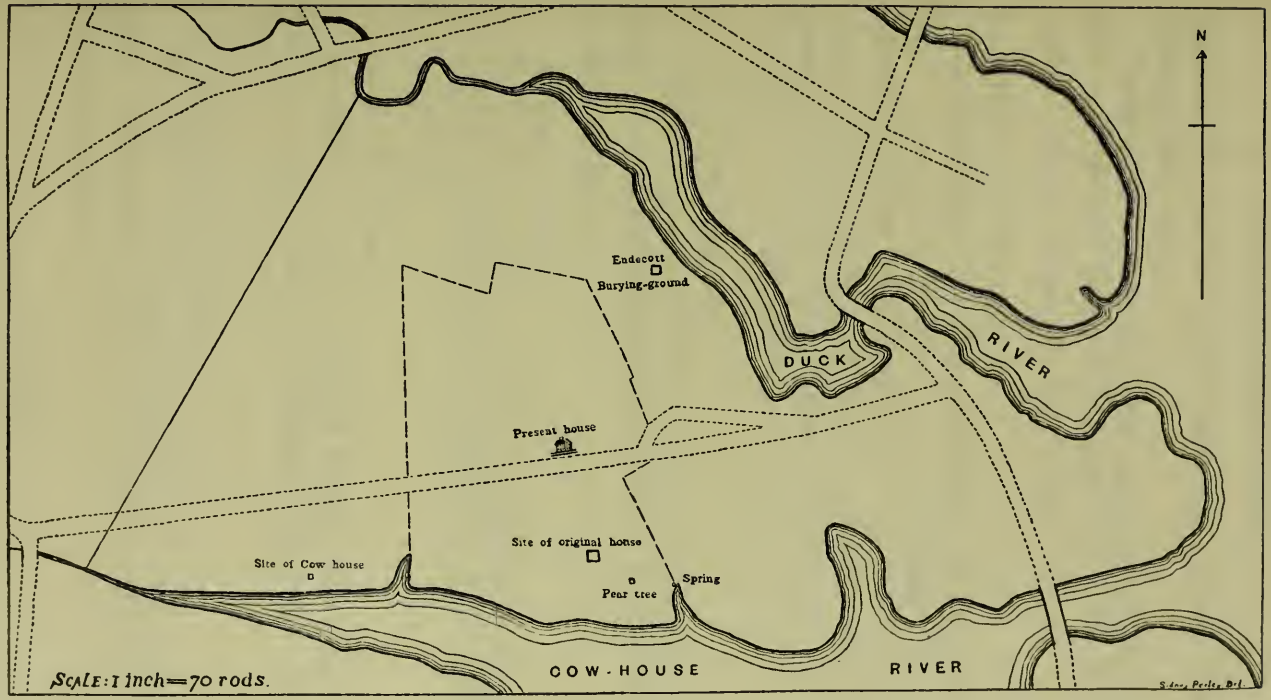
4. John Endecott.

Partition was made on March 26, 1691 and the part belonging to John, on his decease, passed to his son and daughter: Robert Edwards Endecott who had ⅔, and Anne Endecott who had ⅓. *Essex County Probate Record, b.* 305, *p.* 211. (*Original on file.*)

Robert dying, his share went to his sister, Anne Endecott, who afterwards married her cousin, Samuel Endecott, and by him had three children: Samuel Endicott, Sarah Endicott and John Endicott, who afterwards on the death of Anne Endecott came into possession of her share. Partition was afterwards made and there was set off to John Endicott that part which is now (1924) owned by William Crowninshield Endicott.

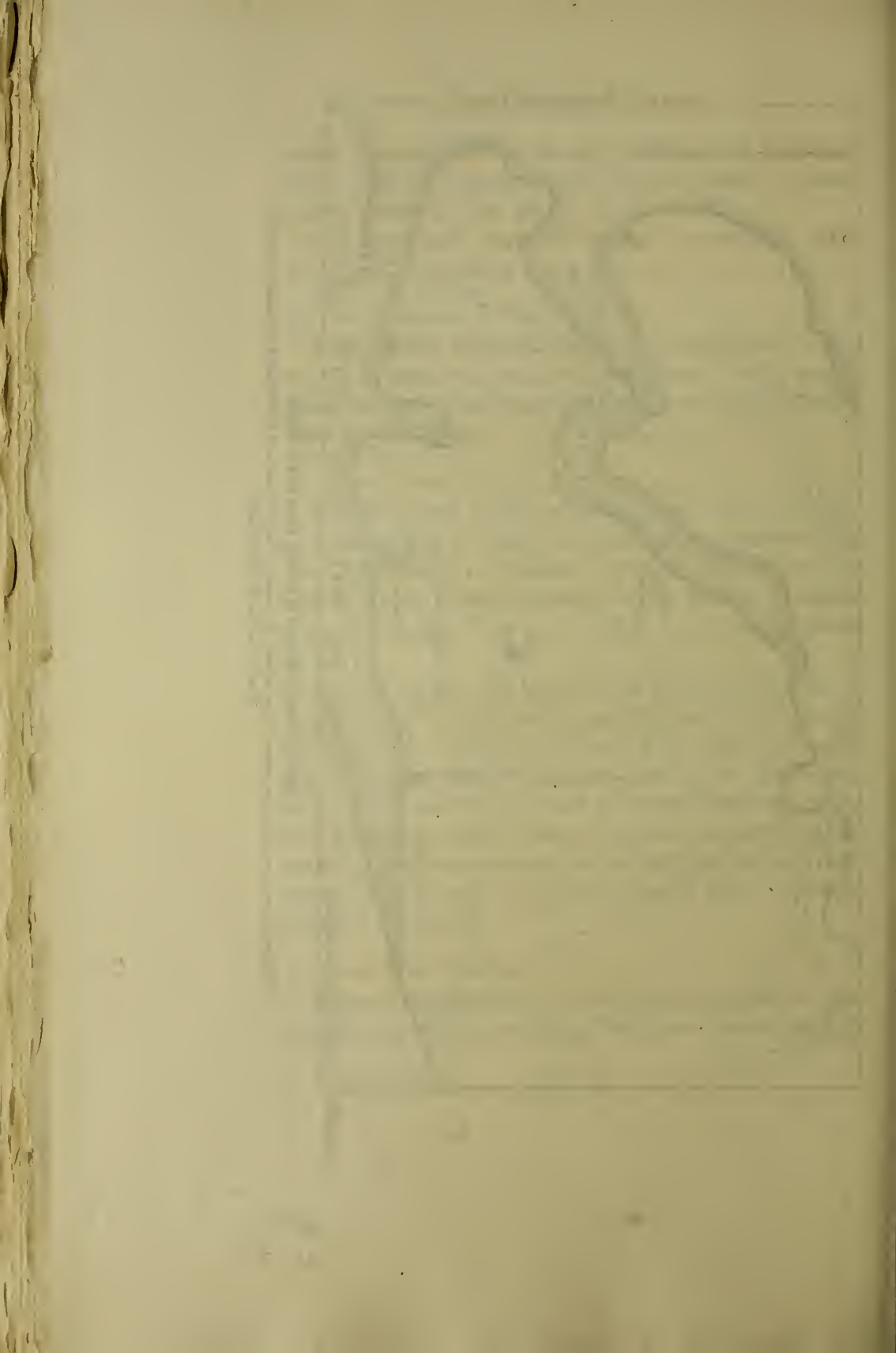
5. John Endicott.

By will dated Jan. 3, 1783, John Endecott devised the part now owned by William Crowninshield



MAP OF THE ORCHARD FARM, DANVERS, MASS.

The dotted lines surrounding the present house indicate the bounds of the land now held by William Crowninshield Endicott.
From a drawing by Sidney Perley.



Endicott to his son John Endicott. *Essex County Probate, No.* 9054.

On Sept. 10, 1793, the latter sold a portion of the farm to his sons: Samuel Endicott and John Endicott, Jr. *Essex Deeds, b.* 157, *p.* 28.

6. Charles Sanders.

On December 31, 1829, the heirs of Samuel Endicott and John Endicott, Jr. sold the farm to Charles Sanders of Cambridge. By this sale the above named portion of the Orchard Farm first passed out of the Endicott name after an ownership of 197 years. *Essex Deeds, b.* 255, *p.* 126.

7. William Johnson.

On Nov. 11, 1830, Charles Sanders conveyed the Farm to William Johnson of Salem. *Essex Deeds, b.* 257, *p.* 303.

8. Abijah Porter.

On July 21, 1836, William Johnson conveyed the Farm to Abijah Porter of Danvers. *Essex Deeds, b.* 293, *p.* 39.

9. Isaac Porter.

On Feb. 20, 1841, Abijah Porter conveyed the Farm to Isaac Porter of Danvers (his son). *Essex Deeds, b.* 322, *p.* 275.

10. Benjamin Porter.

On Nov. 18, 1845, Isaac Porter conveyed the Farm to Benjamin Porter of Danvers. *Essex Deeds, b.* 361, *p.* 104.

Of this owner Charles Moses Endicott wrote on Sept. 18, 1848, "the present owner of the Farm on which the pear tree now stands is a descendant of Gov. Endicott through the maternal line."

11. John Mason.

On March 15, 1851, Benjamin Porter conveyed the Farm to John Mason of Salem. *Essex Deeds, b.* 448, *p.* 37.

12. John Sparhawk.

On March 23, 1854, John Mason conveyed the Farm to John Sparhawk, Jr. of Marblehead. *Essex Deeds, b.* 492, *p.* 64.

13. John S. Ives.

On Aug. 12, 1862, John Sparhawk, Jr. conveyed the Farm to John S. Ives of Salem. *Essex Deeds, b.* 641, *p.* 118.

14. James B. Curwen.

On Aug. 28, 1862, John S. Ives conveyed the Farm to James B. Curwen of Salem. *Essex Deeds, b.* 642, *p.* 57.

15. James Bridges Endicott and William Endicott.

On Oct. 31, 1862, James B. Curwen conveyed the Farm to James Bridges Endicott and William Endicott, who were brothers. *Essex Deeds, b.* 644, *p.* 85.

These men were the sons of Capt. John Endicott, Jr., he being one of the parties from whom

the Orchard Farm passed in 1829 by deed to Charles Sanders of Cambridge.

16. William Endicott.

On Feb. 2, 1874, the executor of the will of James Bridges Endicott, conveyed his portion of the Farm to his brother, William Endicott. *Essex Deeds, b.* 907, *p.* 273.

17. William Crowninshield Endicott.

William Endicott by will dated May 4, 1892, devised the Orchard Farm to his cousin William Crowninshield Endicott.

"I devise my freehold farm situate at Danversport, Massachusetts, United States of America, known as the Endicott Farm to my Cousin William Crowninshield Endicott absolutely or if he shall predecease me to his father the Honorable William Crowninshield Endicott, late Secretary for War of the United States of America, absolutely in the hope that the devisee and his descendants will keep the property in the family". *Essex County Probate, No.* 73652.

THE ENDICOTT PEAR TREE

THE ENDICOTT PEAR TREE

The Endicott pear tree, whose authentic history goes back farther than that of any cultivated tree in New England, was undoubtedly planted by Governor John Endecott in the garden of his house in Salem, which formerly stood near what is now the corner of Washington and Church Streets. Probably the tree was planted in its present location at some time after the "Orchard Farm" was granted to Governor John Endecott in 1632; whether imported at that date or previously growing in his Salem garden is uncertain; tradition, however, says it was brought here in the ship *Arbella* with Winthrop in 1630.

That the "Orchard Farm" was extensively planted for the times is shown by the record that five hundred trees were injured by a fire set by the children in 1641. The pear tree was shattered by the great gale of 1815 and again by a gale in 1837; but the persistence of its original strain is shown by suckers which bear the same fruit as that borne by the branches of the main trunk.

The "Orchard Farm" was granted to the Governor July 3, 1632, and as early as 1633 was placed under cultivation, for in 1678 one Edward Grover, who had been employed by Governor Endecott, made a deposition relative to the "Orchard Farm" in the year 1633, in which he states:—

The Endicott Pear Tree

> I did helpe to cut and cleave about 7000 pallisadoes and was the first that made improvements thereof by braking vp of ground and plantings of Indian corne.

It is known that Governor Endecott soon after reaching Neihum-kek (Salem) planted a garden and set out vines and shrubs, for the Rev. Francis Higginson, in the fall of 1629, sent to England a letter* in which he stated that

> Our Governour hath already planted a Vineyard with great hope of encrease. Also Mulberries, Plums, Raspberries, Corrance, Chestnuts, Filberds, Walnuts, Smalnuts, Hurtleberies, and Hawes of white thorne neere as good as our Cherries in England; they grow in plentie here. He hath store of greene pease growing in his garden as good as ever I eat in England.

In the records of the Company of the Massachusetts Bay in New England, under the date of May 16, 1628/9, is entered a memorandum of certain articles "to provide to send for Newe England" among which appear "stones of all sorts of fruites, as peaches, plummes, filberts, cherries, peare, aple, quince kernalls, pomegranats." A month later, on April 17th, the Company wrote to Governor Endecott a letter of instruction and made mention,—

> As for fruit stones and kernals, the time of the year fits not to send them now; so we purpose to do it per next.

* New Englands Plantation, London, 1630.

Endicott Pear Tree -

It is a natural inference that this was done and that the spring of 1630 saw many English seeds planted in New England soil. It is highly improbable, however, that the first fruit trees in the Colony were raised entirely from seeds. The settlers were well informed husbandmen, familiar with the process of transplanting and it is likely that some young trees were sent over in the increasing number of ships that arrived in the Colony. The pippen apple trees in the Governor Winthrop orchard were bearing in 1638, which seems to indicate that they must have been imported from nurseries over-seas.

The earliest description we now have of the Endicott pear tree is found in the diary of Rev. William Bentley, the pastor of the East Church, Salem. On Sept. 21, 1796 he went on a long walk to Danvers in the course of which he visited the "Orchard Farm." On his return he entered in his diary an account of what he had observed from which the following is taken, viz.:—

> We entered the house which had nothing to recommend it, & saw the old family picture of G. Endicott. Copies have been taken. One I have seen in the Senate Chamber & another at Col. Pickman's, Salem. It is hardly to be discovered. The face is the only part, which is not entirely gone. The canvas is chiefly bare. We then passed into the Cornfield at the Orchard Farm to find the site of the old Mansion. We found that this house, gone before the memory of any persons living, was upon the descent of the hill facing southward. The place of the Cellar, which is to be seen is distinguished by an

apple tree growing on it. Behind was a building for the family servants, & domestic laborers, the place of which is now to be seen. There is a fine prospect in front, & a gentle descent to a little creek, in which the Gov. kept his Shallop. Tradition says there was a walk to this place with damson trees and grape vines so thick that a person might walk unobserved. These have all been gone for many years. This place was called by the Gov. Orchard as he planted early trees around his house. There is only one tree left, which bears the Sugar Pear, & by tradition was planted in 1630. It is in front of the site of the House; it rises in three trunks from the ground & is considerably high. It is much decayed at bottom, but the branches at top are sound. I brought away some of the pears & engaged such as remain, to be brought to my house to send to the Governour of the Commonwealth."

In August, 1800, Doctor Bentley records that he "visited the ancient site of the House of Gov. Endicott & plucked some pears from the ancient tree which he planted in 1631." On October 3d of the same year he received at the hands of Mr. John Endicott some pears "from the Tree which Gov. Endicott planted in 1630." On July 26, 1802, the "old pear tree of 1630 hung still full of pears" and four years later Captain Endicott carried to the Salem minister more pears from the ancient tree which then "stood without any sensible injury from the violent storm of October, 1804, when some of its younger neighbors fell victims to the fury of the wind. It continues to yield many bushels."

The Endicott Pear Tree

In the fall of the year 1809, Doctor Bentley again visited the old pear tree and with revived interest wrote to his correspondent, President John Adams, as follows:—

Salem, 10 October 1809.

Sir,

Last evening I received with great pleasure your request for an explanation of a note left at Quincy.

Having been in the habit for many years of receiving from M^r. Endicott a portion of the Endicott Pears, & being desirous to honour the man who, above all others, deserved the Name of the Father of New England, I concluded, in passing, I should be accepted, if, in the reverence of my heart, I paid my respects & gave the highest expression in my power. That the information I gave in the note is correct, I have no doubt, after an examination of many years. The substance of the evidence is, that the tree is near the site of the first mansion of the Governour, & the land & tree have been always, & now are the property of his direct heirs, being now in possession of Mr. John Endicott, nearly fourscore years of age, & of the sixth generation. To ascertain its age, near it stood a Dial which was fixed upon a pedestal, which the Governour said, bore the age of the Tree. That Dial has been for years in my possession. It is in Copper, square, horizontal, 3 inches, a very fair impression, & in the highest order. It was marked "William Bowyer, London, Clockmaker, fecit. I. 1630, E." the Initials of the Governour's name. On the Gnomon, on one side, "Lat. 42," & on the other, "Salem." In August last, Aug. 8, 1809, died Elizabeth Endicott, aged 91 & her Brother born in 1711 is still living. Her family had

grants at the same time with Gov. Endicott. The persons known to me knew those who knew Gov. Endicott. The consent leaves no doubt in my mind. Gov. Endicott came to Salem in 1628, his farm still retains his name. Opposite to him, the King's Forester, Mr. Rial, was ordered to settle & the name "Rial's Side" is still retained. . . .

In 1796, I visited the Gov's Farm, with an Italian painter, with the purpose of taking from the Original painting of the Gov. a likeness, as the family picture, three-quarter length was in the family apartment, & nearly defaced. . . . Every year, my friend Mr. Endicott sends me my portion of the several bushels which this tree continues to bear every year. . . .

With every sentiment of personal respect, & with the national affection,

I am, Sir,
Your devoted servant
William Bentley

President Adams replied shortly and asked for scions from the old pear tree and these were sent to him at Quincy on April 11, 1810. A month later Doctor Bentley sent to him a drawing of the pear tree made by his pupil, Hannah Crowninshield. President Adams wrote Bentley that he had "engrafted a number stocks which have taken well according to their present appearances and have distributed others to several Gentlemen in this and neighboring Towns."

In the fall of 1814, Doctor Bentley made his usual pilgrimage to the Orchard Farm and visited the pear tree which, he records in his diary, "has

blighted for the past two years, tho' it had abundance of blossoms. It shared the fate of the fruit trees in the present year. Three years ago it bore several bushels of pears." In September of the next year the pear tree was much injured in a severe storm that blew down the great elm near the Chelsea ferry, but it continued to bear fruit. At some time not long before May, 1819, according to Doctor Bentley, the ancient tree was inclosed by a fence and it has been so protected ever since.

In 1837, William Lincoln of Worcester, delivered an address before the Massachusetts Horticultural Society on the Endicott pear tree. Incorporated in his address is an "account of the present condition of the Endicott Pear Tree" supplied by William Putnam Endicott and Charles Moses Endicott, as follows:—

> This 'Old Pear Tree' is situated on the southern side of a gentle slope of land, and sheltered by it, in some measure, from the piercing northerly and northwest winds, in what was once the garden of Gov. Endicott. The surrounding soil is a light loam, with a sub-stratum of clay. Its appearance, at this time is rather dwarfish, being only 18 feet high and 55 feet in the circumference of its branches. The trunk exhibits all the marks of extreme old age, being entirely hollow, and mostly open on the south side, with just sufficient bark to convey sap to the branches. It is 7 feet 4 inches in circumference near the roots, and is divided into three parts; two of which are connected, to the height of about 18 inches; the other is entirely distinct, from the ground upwards. There is

bark only on the outside of these divisions, until they reach the height of 7 or 8 feet, where they are completely encircled with it, and form distinct limbs, with numerous lateral branches, all of which appear in a perfectly sound and healthy state. Two suckers have sprung up from the roots, one on the northeast, and the other on the southwest side, each 10 or 12 feet in length, and I presume it is known, that this tree has never been grafted, but is natural fruit.

No doubt, the dilapidated condition of the trunk is owing, in some measure, to the want of care during the most part of the two first centuries of its existence, being situated in an open field, without any protection, and often browsed by cattle, and injured by storms. This patriarch, within the last forty years, has often suffered severely from easterly and southerly gales. In October, 1804, it was nearly laid prostrate, being shorn of all its branches, and its trunk split and divided in the manner before spoken of. In the heavy gale of September, 1815, it was again doomed to a similar fate; almost all its limbs at that time were either split or broken, and it appeared doubtful, for some time, if it would ever recover, — but such was its wonderful tenacity of life, that it rose again, phoenix like, as it were, from its very ashes. At this time, the soil was loosened about its roots, and, for the first time probably since its introduction into this country, there was a large quantity of manure spread around it. About the year 1823 it was protected by a fence, to prevent the cattle from injuring it. It continues to produce fruit yearly, and the average quantity for several years past has been about two bushels.

With proper care and attention this tree may yet continue many years, and will serve to remind us, by its own trials, strength, vigor and durability, of

THE ENDICOTT PEAR TREE

From a wood engraving in Felt's *Annals of Salem*, Salem, 1845.

the enterprize, hardships, perseverance, and untiring zeal of our ancestors in the first settlement of this cherished land; and may we be permitted to encourage the hope that it may prove the precursor of the durability of our present free and liberal institutions.

Salem, November, 1837.

Nearly a century has passed since the above was written and still the ancient pear tree blossoms and bears its fruit. When visited on October 11, 1924 it was found that the original trunk described in 1837 had entirely disappeared but the two suckers were in good condition, the taller, the one on the southwest side, being about fourteen feet high and having a circumference of twenty-five inches at three feet from the ground. The other sucker measured twenty-two inches in circumference at three feet from the ground and was somewhat hollow-hearted below that point. During a recent storm a northerly branch from this sucker had partly broken off. No new suckers were to be seen. Many pears lay on the ground and half a bushel of the fruit had been carried to the house that morning. The pear is undoubtedly the old-fashioned "sugar pear," well known in old gardens. It is round, slightly red on one side, has an average diameter of 2¼ inches and when ripe is usually decayed at the heart. This is a characteristic of this pear everywhere, but when just right to eat it is juicy and sugary sweet, and well accounts for its name.

"Among other ancient pear trees of which records are preserved," writes Mr. John Robinson of

Salem, "is the Allen 'Orange' pear still flourishing (1924) altho hollow in its trunk, in the yard of the Allen house on Hardy Street in Salem, and which in the great fruit year of 1862 bore over thirteen bushels of pears. This tree is traced back to about 1640, a date when many other trees appear to have been imported from England. The Allen tree was grafted high on the branches, undoubtedly after it was planted in its present situation. Measurements made in 1875 showed the trunk to be nine feet and five inches in circumference at four feet from the ground, which indicates a diameter slightly over three feet, which equals that of many old pears in England.

"When Boardman Street in Salem was laid out in 1877, a large ancient pear tree was destroyed, then known as the Silsbee pear, which was supposed to be one of the many trees imported from England about 1640. This tree was much shattered and decayed altho the original trunk still remained; its photograph at the time it was cut down is preserved at the Essex Institute. Also, regarded as dating from 1640, is the Anthony Thatcher pear at Yarmouth, Massachusetts. Coming to this country, Thatcher was wrecked on Cape Ann and reached the shore on the island which has ever since borne his name and whose twin light-houses now guide voyagers to safety. Thatcher soon settled on Cape Cod and made his farm at Yarmouth where the tree was still standing in 1875. The Governor Prince pear tree, called the 'fall pear', said to have been planted in

1650, was thirty-five feet high 1875 when one of its double trunks had been blown down in a storm. In New York, the Stuyvesant pear, planted in 1647, was in existence until 1866; but most of the ancient pear trees have, however, long since disappeared.

"It is significant in searching for definite records of ancient trees, that it is nearly always the pear of which data are preserved. The apple is seldom noticed, the only very old tree of which a record seems to have been made is the Peregrine White apple at Mansfield, Massachusetts, which was in existence in 1846 when it is stated to have borne fruit. This clearly indicates that the pear is much the longer lived tree.

"Careful study of the native and cultivated trees of Essex County, Massachusetts, some years ago led to the conclusion that probably no native tree then in existence could claim to be three hundred years old or more. The oldest and largest oaks were cut for shipbuilding more than one hundred years ago; the giant pines went for masts or were reduced to lumber. One white oak, a very large pollarded, white pine and one gnarled and rugged red cedar which possibly might have reached that age have since gone. It therefore seems reasonably certain that the Endicott pear is the oldest living vegetable, native or cultivated, in this part of New England."

THE PORTRAITS OF GOVERNOR JOHN ENDECOTT

A. W. Elson & Co. Belmont, Mass.

Jo: Endecott

THE PORTRAITS OF GOVERNOR JOHN ENDECOTT

The original portrait of Governor John Endecott was painted in Boston in 1664/65, the year of his death. The artist is unknown. After the death of Governor Endecott and his son, John Endecott, Jr., this portrait was taken from Boston to the Orchard Farm, Danvers, Mass., where it remained until the death of John Endicott in 1816. The portrait has been handed down from the oldest son to the oldest son through nine generations, as well as the sword with which the Governor cut the cross out of the King's colors. Neither the portrait nor the sword has ever passed by will. The custom of the family of handing these heirlooms over to the oldest son upon the death of the owner has been observed during all these years. Shortly after the American Revolution, Mrs. John Endicott (Elizabeth Jacobs), heard that some stranger was coming to the farm to examine the portrait. She ordered Phyllis, the colored slave, to scrub it with soap and sand. As may be imagined this did not improve the portrait which even then hung at the Orchard Farm in a dilapidated condition. Upon the death of John Endicott in 1816, the portrait was taken to Salem by his son, Samuel Endicott, together with the sword, after having hung at the Orchard Farm for one hundred and forty-nine years,

—since about 1720, upon the walls of the same house. For many years afterwards the portrait was used, as it had been at the Orchard Farm, as a fireboard, until 1843 when it was restored for William Putnam Endicott by Charles Osgood of Salem.

There are several interesting facts about this portrait recorded in the "Diary of the Rev. William Bentley":—

> Sept. 21, 1796. From this spot I walked to Mr. Reed's house. . . . We visited this man (John Endicott) who was of the seventh generation from the Gov. At the door we found the Gov.'s dial, which was in copper, a very fair impression, & in the highest order. It was marked "William Bowyer, London, Clockmaker, fecit. I. 1630. E." (the initials of the Gov.'s name). On the gnomon on one side, Lat. 42, on the other, Salem. We entered the house which had nothing to recommend it, and saw the old family picture of G. Endicott. Copies have been taken. One I have seen in the Senate Chamber & another at Col. Pickman's, Salem. It is hardly to be discovered. The face is the only part, which is not entirely gone. The canvas is chiefly bare.—*Volume* II, *page* 197.

> May 19, 1797. It has been my wish to preserve the heads of the first settlers. This is a mem. to know where they may be found. Govr. Endicott is in the hands of the family, ⅔ length, much defaced, tho' the countenance is preserved. Col. Pickman has a copy in fine order & well imitated.—*Volume* II, *page* 223.

> Oct. 24, 1801. In the afternoon I visited the Old Spot (Orchard Farm) which was the first choice

of our old Gov. Endicott. The old picture grows dimmer by the smoak. The old dial was broken & the pears from the old Tree were all rotten."—*Volume* II, *page* 400.

July 26, 1802. "Mr. Corné of Naples, an Italian painter in the Town, introduced by Mr. Derby (Elias Hasket Derby), rode with me to the estate of Gov. Endicott to see whether he could preserve a likeness from the family picture of that venerable Puritan. . . . The dial lays in the Closet as the boys threw stones & broke off the gnomon. . . . We have the promise of the loan of the Picture."—*Volume* II, *page* 441.

Aug. 11, 1802. "I went up to Endicott's farm to borrow the portrait of the Governour from his descendant. The favour was granted."—*Volume* II, *page* 442.

Oct. 7, 1803. "At the Court House, in the Land Office Room, I saw again the portraits of Winthrop, Endicot, & Leveret. These had been retouched, which gave them greater beauty as pictures, but not as originals. . . . Winthrop was taken from the family picture from which my copy was taken & Endicot from the same from which my copy was taken. Leveret is from the old governour in his advanced age, but mine from the English Original, when he was an officer under Cromwell."—*Volume* III, *page* 51.

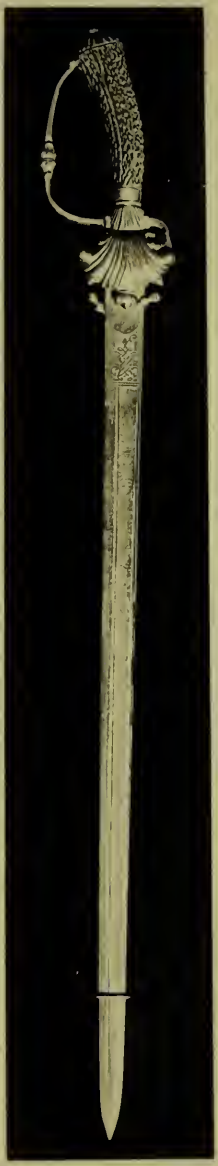
July 4, 1804. "To give a presence to our venerable ancestors on the interesting occasion [celebration at the Meeting House], a Painting of the venerable Gov. Endicott & another of the worthy Gov. Leverett, both done by M. Corné, an Italian, appeared on the right, & on the left the painting of the worthy Higginson, Minister of Salem, who died aged 93 & was 70 years in the ministry, & Capt.

George Corwin, the first Merchant of Salem & first Master of Horse in New England." — *Volume* III, *page* 96.

In 1883, the Honorable Robert Samuel Rantoul wrote a very interesting article for the "Historical Collections" of the Essex Institute, "On the authenticity of the portraits of Gov. John Endecott." He deals largely with the genealogy and the traditions of the family: "Few family traditions can be better entitled to credit than that of the Endicott Family." At that time, he states, there were eight portraits in existence, the original and seven copies. In reality there were nine copies known to have been made previous to 1873, and four copies made between 1873 and 1876. Since 1876 ten other copies have been made, which means that now there are in existence the original portrait and twenty-three copies belonging either to members of the family or to public institutions.

1664/ The original portrait of Governor John En-
1665. decott has been in the possession of:—

1. Gov. John Endecott, died 1664/5.
2. John Endecott, Jr., died 1667/8.
   Zerubbabel Endecott, died 1683/4.
3. John Endecott, died 1693.
   Samuel Endecott, died 1694.
4. Samuel Endicott, died 1766.
5. John Endicott, died 1783.
6. John Endicott, died 1816.
7. Samuel Endicott, died 1828.



8. William Putnam Endicott, died 1888.
9. William Crowninshield Endicott, died 1900.
10. William Crowninshield Endicott, Jr. (owner 1924).

1737. Copy given to Massachusetts Historical Society by Francis Calley Gray on November 24, 1836. On a slip of paper pasted on the back of the frame is the following written by Julius H. Tuttle, Secretary of the Society: —

John Endecott
First Governor of the Colony
of Massachusetts Bay
Copy by Smibert 1737
Original drawn 1664.

1770. As late as 1770, John Adams saw a portrait of Governor John Endecott hanging in the Council Chamber, Old State House, Boston. This is probably the portrait now hanging in the Senate Chamber, State House, Boston, removed from the Old State House to the new State House in 1798. On the back is said to be written: "Restored by G. Howorth, Boston." But the portrait has recently (1923) been carefully examined by an expert who reports that there is nothing written on the back of the portrait.

1774. Copy made for Mrs. Nathaniel Treadwell,

née Hannah Endicott. "Drawn from the picture of Gov. Endecott in the Council Chamber at Boston. T. (or J.) Mitchell pinx" above "Dr. Paine's." This inscription was until a few years since painted on the back of the canvas in oil. But the portrait was in bad condition and had to be relined so that now (1923) the inscription is covered up. Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Treadwell kept a famous tavern in Ipswich which John Adams, while on the circuit, frequently visited. In his "Diary," under date of March 29, 1774, he writes; "The old lady has got a new copy of her great grandfather, Gov. Endecott's picture hung up in the house." A story is current in Ipswich that on one occasion when a concourse of Baptist clergymen was held in the parlor of the old Deacon Aaron Treadwell's house, one of the clergymen turned the face of the picture to the wall "because Gov. Endecott persecuted the Baptists." This portrait has been in the possession of:—

1. Mrs. Nathaniel Treadwell (Hannah Endicott), died 1792.
2. Deacon Aaron Treadwell, second son of Nathaniel Treadwell, died 1825.
3. John White Treadwell, died 1830, who gave this portrait about 1821 to the Essex Historical Society.
4. The Essex Institute (owner 1924).

After 1783. Small copy in pastel, probably made by Samuel Blythe for Colonel Benjamin Pickman of Salem. In possession of:—

1. Colonel Benjamin Pickman, died 1819.
2. Benjamin Pickman, died 1843.
3. Elizabeth Pickman, wife of Elias Hasket Derby (given her by her father Benjamin Pickman), died 1870.
4. Mary Walcott Almon, her adopted daughter and niece, died 1919.
5. Henry Pickering Walcott, her brother (owner 1924).

About 1802. Small copy made by Michele Felice Corné, for Dr. William Bentley of Salem, and given by his executor in 1820 to the American Antiquarian Society at Worcester (owner 1924).

1822. Two copies were made by James Frothingham for Samuel Endicott of Salem, who presented one of the copies to the East India Marine Society of Salem, now (1923) hanging in the Essex Institute, Salem, and who retained the other copy for himself. The other copy has been in the possession of:—

1. Samuel Endicott, died 1828.
2. William Putnam Endicott, died 1888.
3. William Crowninshield Endicott, died 1900.
4. William Crowninshield Endicott, Jr., who in 1910 presented this copy to his cousin,
5. Roger Wolcott (owner 1924).

These copies were made by James Frothingham at the time when the original was used in the house of Samuel Endicott as a fireboard, in 1822, a year before the marriage of his daughter Martha Endicott to Francis Peabody. Both the daughters, Martha and Clarissa (Clara), were married facing this portrait of the Governor which hung in the large drawing room at 359 Essex Street, Salem, until the death of William Putnam Endicott, in 1888. Though Frothingham painted these two portraits, they neither have any possible resemblance to the original portrait except in the head, which lacks the force and vigor of the original. The portrait owned by Roger Wolcott is the better of the two, but the portrait now at the Essex Institute is what one might call an idealized portrait and is wanting in any of the characteristics which tradition claims belonged to Governor Endecott. The original portrait is hard and severe and uncompromising, so that curtains and an empire table seem to make these copies almost ridiculous.

1845. Small oil copy made by Savimer Edmé Dubourjal for George Peabody of Salem. In possession of:—

1. George Peabody, died 1892.
2. Mrs. William Powell Mason (Fanny Peabody), died 1895.

3. Miss Fanny Peabody Mason (owner 1924).

1848. Pastel copy made by Miss Martha Endicott Peabody (afterwards Mrs. Richard Denison Rogers), for the Gothic Hall at Kernwood, Salem. In possession of:—

1. Francis Peabody, died 1867.
2. Richard Denison Rogers, died 1892.
3. Samuel Endicott Peabody, died 1909.
4. Mrs. Samuel Endicott Peabody, died 1911.
5. Francis Peabody (owner 1924).

1873. Copy made by George Southward of Salem, for the Honorable William Crowninshield Endicott, and given by him in 1873 to the American Antiquarian Society, Worcester, Mass. (owner 1924).

1873. Copy made by George Southward of Salem, for James Barr Curwen. In possession of:—

1. James Barr Curwen, died 1894.
2. Mrs. James Henry Davis (Caroline Endicott Curwen), died 1915, when this copy was inherited by her cousin,
3. George Endicott of Worcester, Mass. (owner 1924).

1873. Small oval copy of head only made by George Southward of Salem, for the Honorable William Crowninshield Endicott. In possession of:—

1. William Crowninshield Endicott, died 1900.
2. William Crowninshield Endicott, Jr., who in 1900 gave it to his cousin,
3. John Endicott Peabody, who gave it to his son,
4. Harold Peabody (owner 1924).

1876. Copy made by George Southward of Salem, for John Endicott of New York, who gave it to his daughter, Mrs. Marshall Owen Roberts (Susan Lawrence Endicott), of New York, now Mrs. Ralph Vivian of London, England (owner 1924).

1886. Copy made by Horace Robbins Burdick for William Endicott, Jr., of Beverly. In possession of:—

1. William Endicott, Jr., died 1914.
2. William Endicott, 3rd (owner 1924).

1889. Copy made by Frank Hill Smith for the Steamer "Puritan," of the New England Steamship Company, which remained on the steamer until she was scrapped in 1916. The portrait was then purchased by Mrs. Charles William Rantoul, Jr. (Caroline Leach Endicott) (owner 1924).

1889. Copy made by Robert Hinckley of Washington, D. C., for William Endicott of London. In possession of:—

1. William Endicott of London, died 1892.
2. Robert Endicott of New York, died 1921.
3. Mrs. Robert Endicott of New York (owner 1924).

1889. Copy made by Robert Hinckley of Washington, D. C., for the Honorable William Crowninshield Endicott, who gave it to his daughter, Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain (Mary Crowninshield Endicott) of Birmingham, England, now Mrs. William Hartley Carnegie of London, England (owner 1924).

1889. Copy made by Robert Hinckley of Washington, D. C., for Mrs. George Dexter (Sarah Rogers Endicott). In possession of:—

1. Mrs. George Dexter, died 1916.
2. William Endicott Dexter (owner 1924).

1892. Copy made by Robert Hinckley of Washington, D. C., for the Honorable William Crowninshield Endicott, who presented the same to the City of Salem in 1892 (owner 1924).

1899. Two copies made by Alfred B. Copeland for George Augustus Peabody, who presented one of the copies to the Holten High School, Danvers, Mass. (owner 1924), and retained the other copy for himself (owner 1924).

1916. Two copies made by Miss Frances Cham-

berlain for William Crowninshield Endicott, Jr., who presented one copy to his cousin, John Endicott Peabody, and retained the other for himself. Now (1924), one in possession of Mrs. John Endicott Peabody, the other in possession of William Crowninshield Endicott, Jr.

INDEX

INDEX

Abigail (ship), 74.
Active (schooner), 12.
Adams, President John, 181, 182, 195, 196.
Admittance (brig), 12, 19.
Aguado, Marquis de, 57.
Aldrich, James, 37.
Allen, Mrs. Elizabeth, 76.
Mrs. Hannah, 76.
Rev. James, 75, 76.
Allen Pear Tree, 187.
Almon, Mary Walcott, 197.
American Antiquarian Society, 197, 199.
Amory, William, 58.
Andrews, John H., 20.
Appleton, Thomas Gold, 58.
Arbella (ship), 74, 177.
Arthur, Prince (Duke of Connaught), 41.

Bachman, Caroline, 130.
Bailey, David Jackson, 131.
Mrs. Mary (Hammond), 131.
Suzanne Grantland, 131.
Bainbridge, Ansley & Co., 19.
Balch, Mrs. Anna (Jay), 108.
Rev. Lewis Penn Witherspoon, 108.
Baltimore (ship), 56.
Barr, James M., Jr., 21.
Belcher, — , 79.
Bellingham, Richard, 75.
Bentley, Rev. William, 179-182, 192, 193, 197.
Bernheimer, Mrs. Caroline (Bachman), 130.
Bernheimer, Marjorie Sarah, 130.
Mayer Simon, 130.
Beverly Bridge, 9.
Beverly Endicotts, 9.
Blanchard, Augustus, 52.
Rebecca, 52, 99.
Bloodgood, Mrs. Eliza Antoinette (Crocker), 104.
Helen, 104, 114.
Nathaniel, 104.
Blythe, Samuel, 197.
Bonaparte, Pauline, 44.
Borghese, Princess, 44.
Both, Jean, 57.
Bowditch, Alfred, 131.
Mrs. Mary Louise (Rice), 131.
Rosamond, 131.
Bowyer, William, 181, 192.
Boyer, Mrs. Catherine Elizabeth (Gardner), 130.
Esther Gardner, 130, 141.
Francis Buckner, 130, 141.
Samuel Herbert, 130.
Mrs. Sophia Mary (Buckner), 130.
Brazer, Rev. John, 40, 55.
Breed, Holten J., 20.
British Soldiers Burial, 30, 150.
Bromfield, ———, 79.
Brooke, Rev. Stopford W., 47.
Buckner, Sophia Mary, 130.
Buffington, James, 20.
Bunker Hill, Battle of, 6.
Burdick, Horace Robbins, 200.
Burnett, Esther, 118.
Joseph, 118.

Index

Burnett, Mrs. Josephine (Cutler), 118.

Cadogan, Lord, 43.
Calley, Thomas, 21.
Carcassie, Madame, 57.
Carnegie, Mrs. Emily (Porter), 117.
Mrs. Mary Crowninshield (Endicott-Chamberlain), 117.
Robert, 117.
Canon William Hartley, 117.
Mrs. William Hartley, 201.
Carroll, William, 12.
Chamberlain, Mrs. Caroline (Harben), 117.
Miss Frances, 201.
Joseph, 117.
Mrs. Joseph, 201.
Mrs. Mary Crowninshield (Endicott), 117.
Charlestown, 6.
Cheever, William Downs, 73, 74.
Cincinnatus (ship), 11, 13-20, 154.
Clapp, Elizabeth, 97.
Cogan, Philobert, 69.
Copeland, Alfred B., 201.
Copenhagen, 16.
Corné, Michele Felice, 193, 197.
Corwin, Capt. George, 194.
Cradock, Gov. Mathew, 69.
Crocker, Eliza Antoinette, 104.
Cromwell, Oliver, 193.
Cronstadt, 17.
Crowninshield, Annie Caspar, 61.
Benjamin, 49.
Caspar, 115.
Elizabeth Copley, 115.
Mrs. Elizabeth (Greene), 115.
Hannah, 182.
Jacob, 49, 52, 98.
Mary, 36, 49, 55, 98, 109.
Crowninshield, Mrs. Sarah (Gardner), 98, 103.
Sarah Gardner, 49, 103.
Cunningham, Florence, 128,
Julia, 123.
Curwen, Caroline Endicott, 199.
James Barr, 172, 199.
Cutler, Josephine, 118.

Dartmoor Prison, 10.
Davis, Mrs. James Henry, 199,
Davison, Mrs. Dorothy (Peabody), 126.
Endicott Peabody, 126, 137.
Frederick Trubee, 126, 137.
Henry Pomeroy, 126.
Mrs. Mary Kate (Trubee), 126.
Day, John, 20.
Derby, Elias Hasket, 52, 193, 197.
John, 73, 74.
Richard, 21.
Sarah Ellen, 49.
Devereux, Marianne Cabot, 34.
De Witt Clinton (brig), 20.
Dewston, Devon, Eng., 3.
Dexter, Mrs. Elizabeth Ann (Amory), 106.
George, 50, 106.
Mrs. George, 37, 201.
George Minot, 106.
James W., 160.
John Lindsay, 118, 129.
Mrs. Mary Fitzhugh (Lindsay), 117.
Mrs. Rebecca (Endicott), 160.
Sarah Endicott, 118, 129.
Sarah Rogers (Endicott), 106.
William Endicott, 107, 117, 201.
Disraeli, Benjamin, 43.

Index

Dodge, Sallie, 57.
Dole, Abner, 158.
Joseph, 151, 157, 158.
Mrs. Mary (Kent), 158.
Mrs. Ruth (Endicott), 151, 157.
Dorchester, Eng., 3.
Dow, George Francis, viii.
Gerard, 57.
Dubourjal, Savimer Edmé, 198.
Dumeresq, Florence de Saumarez, 116.
Duncan, William, 21.
Duxbury (ship), 35.

East India Marine Society, 197.
Edwards, Anna, 72, 88.
Anne, 81.
John, 78, 79, 81.
John, Jr., 72.
Endecott, Alice, 3.
Mrs. Anna (Gower), 74.
Anne, 4, 81, 82, 85, 86, 87, 88, 149, 170.
Benjamin, 77, 78.
Elizabeth, 69, 149, 169.
Mrs. Elizabeth Cogan (Gibson), 74.
Mrs. Elizabeth (Houchin), 75, 76.
Mrs. Elizabeth (Phillips), 86, 87.
Mrs. Elizabeth (Winthrop-Newman), 149.
Hannah, 77, 78, 82, 85.
Mrs. Hannah (Felton), 82.
John, vii, 4, 5, 7-9, 24, 25, 27, 69, 71, 72, 75-78, 81, 82, 85-88, 91, 147-149, 151, 154, 155, 159, 161-165, 169-172, 177-183, 191-202.
Endecott, Dr. John, 81.
Gov. John, 3, 5, 29, 67, 69-75, 147, 150, 151, 169, 172.
John, Portraits of, 191-202.
Joseph, 77, 78.
Mary, 77, 78.
Mrs. Mary (Smith), 78, 148, 149.
Mehitable, 77, 78.
Robert Edwards, 4, 81, 82, 85-87, 170.
Ruth, 82.
Samuel, 82, 83.
Sarah, 77, 78, 85, 88.
Thomas, 3.
Zerubbabel, 5, 30, 69, 71, 76-78, 81, 87, 148, 149, 169, 170, 194.
Endicott, Ann, 88.
Anna, 93.
Mrs. Anne, 159.
Caroline Leach, 200.
Charles, 150.
Charles Edward, 153.
Clara, 10, 23, 54, 61.
Clarissa, v, 23, 40, 49, 54-63, 100, 105, 198.
Clarissa (Clara), 95.
Charles Moses, 67, 153, 156, 172, 183.
Elias, 88.
Eliza, 55, 56, 61, 97.
Elizabeth, 5-7, 9, 21, 23, 30, 33-39, 53, 62, 77-79, 91, 93, 97, 159, 181.
Elizabeth (Eliza), 95.
Mrs. Elizabeth (Jacobs), 91, 148, 149, 150, 191.
Mrs. Elizabeth (Putnam), 151, 154, 155, 156.
Mrs. Ellen (Peabody), 105, 109.

Endicott, Mrs. Fidelia, 164.
George, 199.
George Frederick, 50, 51, 99, 106.
George Washington, 20.
Hannah, 88, 196.
Mrs. Harriet (French-Peabody), 99.
Mrs. Harriet Martyn, 165.
Ingersoll Bowditch, 153.
Jacob, 25, 62, 93, 150.
James Bridges, 24, 172, 173.
John, 93, 95, 154, 180, 181, 191, 192, 194, 200.
Mrs. John, 30.
John, 3d, 162.
Joseph, 88, 149, 166.
Julia Ann, 150.
Lewis R., 157.
Lydia, 88.
Margaret, 88.
Mrs. Margaret, 158, 166.
Mrs. Margaret (Foster), 88.
Maria C., 165.
Maria Cecilia, 27.
Mrs. Marie Louise (Thoron), 116.
Martha, 8, 23, 39-48, 58, 61, 93, 95, 97, 98, 151, 153, 155, 198.
Martha P., 163.
Mrs. Martha (Putnam), 94, 151, 154, 161.
Mary, 149, 162, 163, 166.
Mary Crowninshield, 50, 99, 105, 106, 109, 117, 201.
Mrs. Mary (Crowninshield), 98, 109.
Mrs. Mary (Putnam), 149, 165.
Moses, 8, 21, 67, 93, 157.
Nancy, 157, 162.
Nathan, 93, 151, 153.
Endicott, Rebecca, 93.
Robert, 5, 9, 10, 85, 88, 91, 201.
Mrs. Robert, 201.
Ruth, 88, 157.
Mrs. Ruth (Hawkes), 150.
Sally, 157.
Samuel, v, vii, 4, 5, 8-30, 33, 34, 62, 67, 77, 78, 85-89, 93-95, 97, 147, 149, 151, 155-159, 161, 162, 166, 170, 171, 191, 194, 197, 198.
Sarah, 93, 154, 164, 170.
Mrs. Sarah, 166.
Mrs. Sarah (Hathorne), 149.
Sarah R., 156.
Sarah Rogers, 37, 50, 99, 106, 201.
Mrs. Sarah Rolland, 153.
Susan Lawrence, 200.
Timothy, 8, 21, 22, 72, 93, 150, 165.
William, viii, 5, 8, 24, 91, 93, 151, 154, 166, 172, 173, 200, 201.
William, Jr., 200.
William, 3rd, 200.
William Crowninshield, 24, 50, 52, 54, 74, 99, 105, 109, 116, 148, 170, 173, 195, 197, 199, 200, 201.
William Crowninshield, Jr., viii, 195, 197, 200, 202.
Mrs. William Crowninshield, 36, 56.
William Gardner, 105,
William Putnam, vii, 10, 23, 25, 26, 35, 37, 48-54, 72, 95, 98, 148, 183, 192, 195, 197, 198.

Index

Endicott, Mrs. William Putnam, 36.
Zerubbabel, 4, 5.
Endicott Burying Ground, 4, 10, 29, 33, 53, 62, 97, 145-166.
Endicott pear tree, 177-188.
Essex (frigate), 14.
Essex Historical Society, 196.
Essex Institute, viii, 196, 197, 198.
European Travel, 55-58.

Favorite (brig), 16.
Fay, Dudley Bowditch, 127.
Elinor, 127, 138.
Hester, 127, 138.
Mrs. Hester (Lawrence), 127.
Mrs. Katharine (Gray), 127.
Richard, 127, 138.
Richard Dudley, 127.
Felton, Benjamin, 83.
Mrs. Eleanor, 83.
Hannah, 82, 83, 85.
Hepzebah, 86.
Judith, 83.
Margaret, 83.
Nathaniel, 82, 83.
Skelton, 86.
Thomas, 83.
Filicche, ———, 56.
Fiske, Abigail, 22.
Foster, James, 88, 89.
Margaret, 88.
Mrs. Margeret (Pratt), 89.
Fox, Clara, 125.
Foxwell (ship), 15.
French, Harriet, 99.
Josiah, 52, 99.
Mrs. Rebecca (Blanchard), 99.
Frothingham, James, 197, 198.
Fry, Col. Joseph, 6.
Frye, Nathan, 20.
Funk, Captain, 56.

Gage, Gen. Thomas, 30, 150.
Gardner, Catherine Elizabeth, 110, 119, 130.
Mrs. Catherine Elizabeth (Peabody), 110.
Catherine Peabody, 131, 141.
Mrs. Eliza Endicott (Peabody), 109.
Ellen, 110, 119.
Mrs. Esther (Burnett), 118.
George Augustus, 110.
George Peabody, 110, 118, 119, 130.
George Peabody, 3d, 131, 142.
Isabella Stewart, 131, 141.
John, 164.
Mrs. John, 27.
John Endicott, 27, 28.
John Lowell, 34, 35, 110, 120.
John Lowell, 2d, 131, 142.
Jonathan, 21.
Joseph, 34.
Mrs. Maria, 164.
Mrs. Maria C., 165.
Mary P., 164.
Olga Eliza, 110, 120.
Mrs. Rose Phinney (Grosvenor, 130.
Samuel Pickering, 110, 119.
Sarah, 49, 98.
William Endicott, 110, 119.
Gauden, Henry, 74.
Gibson, Mrs. Elizabeth (Cogan), 69, 71.
Giddings, Solomon, 21.
Gould, Anna, 99.
Gower, Anna, 69, 71.
Graves, John, 20.
Gray, Eliza Endicott, 53.
Francis Calley, 195.

Index

Gray, Mrs. James, 7.
Katharine, 127.
Susan, viii, 150.
Green, Dr. Samuel A., 72.
Greene, Elizabeth, 115.
Grosvenor, Mrs. Rose Diamond (Phinney), 130.
Rose Phinney, 130.
William, 130.
Grover, Edward, 177.

Hall, Helen Beal, 128.
Hallett, Jane, 124.
Hamlin, Benjamin Nason, 124.
Francis Peabody, 124, 135.
Jane, 124, 136.
Mrs. Jane (Hallett), 124.
Joseph, 124.
Rosamond Lawrence, 124, 136.
Mrs. Rosamond (Peabody), 124.
Hammond, Mary, 131.
Hanover (Mass.), 13, 16.
Harben, Caroline, 117.
Harding, Edward Hall, 127, 128, 139.
Elizabeth, 128, 139.
Emor Herbert, 127.
Mrs. Geraldine (Lawrence), 127.
Mrs. Helen Beal (Hall), 128.
Hardy, Daniel, 151, 160.
George W. E., 160.
Mrs. Rebecca (Endicott), 151, 160, 161.
Harmony Grove Cemetery (Salem), 48.
Hathorne, Sarah, 149.
Hatton, Delia Smith, 120.
Hawkes, Ruth, 150.
Henry, Helen Susan, 118.
Herrick, Rufus, 86.
Higginson, Rev. Francis, 83, 178, 193.
Hinckley, Robert, 200, 201.
Hodges, Samuel, 49.
Holt, Mary, 9.
Rev. Nathan, 9.
Holten High School (Danvers), 201.
Hooper, Robert, 150.
Houchin, Elizabeth, 75.
Esther, 75.
Jeremiah, 75.
Howorth, G., 195.
Hunt, Sarah Elizabeth, viii.
Hutchinson,———, 79.
Em., 79

Ives, John S., 172.

Jacob, Mrs. Andrew, 62.
Mrs. Mary (Phelps), 128.
Mary Phelps, 128.
William, 128.
Jacobs, Mrs. Abigail (Walters), 91.
Daniel, 6.
Elizabeth, 6, 7, 9, 53, 91.
John, 91.
Jay, Anna, 108.
Jefferson, Thomas, 49.
Jeremiah (brig), 20.
Jeremiah (schooner), 34.
Johnson, William, 171.

Kent, Mary, 158.
Kernwood (Salem), 41.
Kimball, Mrs. Elizabeth, 78.
Henry, 78.
Susan, 101.
King's Chapel Burying Ground, 72, 73.
Kingman, David, 13, 14, 15.

Lafayette, Marquis de, 34.

Index

Lambert, John, 21.
Lander, Benjamin, 23.
Larcom, Benjamin, 21.
Lawrence, Abbott, 43, 114.
Mrs. Caroline Estelle (Mudge), 123.
Dorothy, 123, 135.
Mrs. Elizabeth (Prescott), 113.
Geraldine, 115, 127.
Gertrude, 113.
Harriette Paige, 115, 128.
Mrs. Harriette White (Paige), 114.
Hester, 115, 127.
James, 113, 123, 135.
John, 114.
John Endicott, 123, 135.
Mrs. Julia (Cunningham), 123.
Marian, 123.
Mrs. Marion Lee (Peabody), 123.
Mrs. Martha Endicott (Peabody), 114.
Mary, 115, 127.
Rosamond, 114, 124.
William, 123.
Lee, Mrs. Harriet Paine (Rose), 102.
John Clarke, 102.
Marianne Cabot, 101, 116.
Lethbridge, Sir Roper, 3.
Leverett, Governor, 193.
Lexington, Battle of, 7.
Lincoln, William, 183.
Lindsay, Mrs. Caroline (Smith), 117.
Rev. John Summerfield, 117.
Mary Fitzhugh, 117.
Lithgow, Frances, 107.
Loring, Augustus Peabody, 119, 131.
Augustus Peabody, 3d, 131, 142.
Loring, Caleb, 119, 131, 143.
Caleb William, 119.
David, 131, 143.
Mrs. Elizabeth Smith, 119.
Elizabeth Smith Peabody, 131, 143.
Mrs. Ellen (Gardner), 119.
Ellen Gardner, 119, 131, 132, 143.
Mary Bowditch, 131, 142.
Mrs. Rosamond (Bowditch), 131.
Rose, 131, 142.
Suzanne Grantland, 131, 143.
Mrs. Suzanne Grantland (Bailey), 131.
Louis Philippe, 58.
Lowell, Mrs. John Amory, 49, 55.
Ludlow, Mary, 69.
Roger, 70.
Lyman, Cora, 121.
Lynde, Sam., 79.

McIntire, Samuel, 40.
McKean, Ethel Jane, 128.
Mrs. Jane Elizabeth (Peary), 128.
Walter, 128.
Maes, Nicholas, 57.
Manchester (ship), 55.
Manners, John, 44.
Martyn, Harriet, 22.
Martyn, John Monis, 22.
Mason, Mrs. Fanny (Peabody), 111.
Fanny Peabody, 111, 121.
Fanny Peabody, 199.
Mrs. Hannah (Rogers), 111.
John, 171.
Miriam Clarke, 110.
William Powell, 111, 121.
Mrs. William Powell, 198.
Massachusetts Bay Company, 178.

Index

Massachusetts Historical Society, 195.
Massachusetts Horticultural Society, 183.
Mathilde, Princess, 44.
Matthews, Mildred, 125.
Maury, Mrs. Sarah Mytton, 62.
Maverick, Margaret, 88.
Mifflin, Mrs. Charles, 55.
Milford, N. H., 52.
Mill prison, 10.
Mitchell, Clarence Blair, 125.
Clarence Peabody, 125, 136.
Clarence Van Schaick, 125.
Mrs. Mildred (Matthews), 125.
Sylvia, 125, 136.
Mrs. Sylvia (Peabody), 125.
T., 196.
Monks, Mrs. Delia Smith (Hatton), 120.
George Gardner, 120, 132.
George Howard, 120.
John Patrick, 120.
John Peabody, 120, 132.
Olga, 120, 132.
Mrs. Olga Eliza (Gardner), 120.
Morgan, Henry, 20.
Mount Vernon (ship), 19, 20.
Mudge, Caroline Estelle, 123.
Murat, Prince, 45.
Murillo, 57.

Nabby (schooner), 15.
Neihum-kek (Salem), 178.
Neilson, Augusta Jay Balch, 108.
Newhall, Mrs. Eliza Endicott, 53.
Newman, Rev. Antipas, 77, 78.
Mrs. Elizabeth (Winthrop), 77, 78, 149.
Sybil, 78.
Nourse, Annie, 113.

Oaks, Caleb, 12.
Ober, Josiah, 21.
Oby, Maurice C., 160.
Orchard Farm, Danvers, 24, 53, 89, 147, 169-173, 177-188, 191-193.
Osgood, Charles, 192.
Sarah, 23.

Page, Mrs. Martha (Endicott), 153.
Jeremiah, 20, 21.
Samuel, 11.
Paige, Harriette White, 114.
Paine, Doctor, 196.
Paintings, Purchase of, 57.
Palfrey, John Gorham, 60.
Sarah Hammond, 60.
Pampaluna, Luigi, 56.
Paris (France), 44, 57.
Parker, Frances, 125.
Parkman, Ellen Twistleton, 132.
Mrs. Frances (Parker), 125.
Henry, 125.
Mary Elizabeth, 125.
Parsons, Mrs. Anna DeWitt (Reed), 126.
Rose, 126, 137.
Mrs. Rose Saltonstall (Peabody), 126.
William Barclay, 126, 137.
Patriot (bark), 20.
Payson, Arthur Lithgow, 107.
Clara Endicott, 108, 118.
Mrs. Clara Endicott (Peabody), 107.
Fanny Lithgow, 108, 118.
Mrs. Frances (Lithgow), 107.
John Larkin, 107, 118.
Peabody, Mrs. Anna (Gould), 99.
Mrs. Anna Perkins (Pingree), 101.
Asa, 99.

Index

Peabody, Mrs. Augusta Jay Balch (Neilson), 108.
Catharine Elizabeth, 110.
Clara Endicott, 55, 56, 100, 107.
Dorothy, 114, 116, 126.
Eliza Endicott, 55, 100, 109.
Mrs. Elizabeth Copley, (Crowninshield), 115.
Elizabeth Putnam, 39, 43, 98, 103.
Elizabeth Rogers, 114, 116, 126.
Mrs. Elizabeth (Smith), 98, 100.
Elizabeth Smith, 119.
Ellen, 55, 56, 58, 100, 105, 109.
Endicott, 102, 114, 116, 125, 136.
Mrs. Ethel Jane (McKean), 128.
Fanny, 55, 100, 104, 111, 114, 116, 198.
Mrs. Fanny (Peabody), 114, 116.
Mrs. Florence (Wheatland), 116.
Francis, 39, 40, 41, 44, 45, 98, 102-104, 113, 114, 124, 198, 199.
Francis, Jr., 46.
Mrs. Francis, vii, 61.
George, v, 36, 40, 41, 51, 54-61, 100, 105, 108, 198.
George, Jr., 55.
Mrs. George, vii, 10, 36, 49, 51.
George Augustus, 55, 100, 108, 201.
George Lee, 102, 115, 125, 137.
Peabody, Mrs. Gertrude (Lawrence), 113.
Gertrude Lawrence, 123, 135.
Harold, 113, 123, 200.
Mrs. Harriet (French), 52, 99.
Helen, 114, 116, 125.
Mrs. Helen (Bloodgood), 104, 114.
Jacob Crowninshield, 104
Jacob Crowninshield Rogers, 116.
John Endicott, 102, 113, 200, 202.
Mrs. John Endicott, 202.
Joseph, 20, 39, 40, 44, 45, 48, 54, 56, 98, 100, 101.
Joseph Augustus, 40, 55, 56, 108.
Joseph William, 52, 99.
Malcolm Endicott, 114, 116, 125.
Margery, 114, 116, 126.
Mrs. Marian (Lawrence), 123.
Mrs. Marianne Cabot (Lee), 101, 116.
Marion Lee, 113, 123.
Martha, 114, 124.
Martha Endicott, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44, 98, 102, 114, 199.
Mrs. Martha (Endicott), 98.
Mrs. Martha Prince (Whitney), 113.
Mary Crowninshield, 55, 100, 110.
Mrs. Mary Elizabeth (Parkman), 125.
Mary Endicott, 125, 136.
Mrs. Mary Phelps (Jacob), 128.
Polly Wheatland, 128, 140.

Peabody, Richard Duncan, 104, 115.
Richard Rogers, 116, 128.
Rosamond, 114.
Mrs. Rosamond (Lawrence), 114.
Rose Saltonstall, 114, 116, 126.
Samuel Endicott, 39, 41, 98, 101, 113, 116, 124, 199.
Mrs. Samuel Endicott, 199.
Sylvia, 114, 125.
William Jacob, 128, 140.
Peabody & Perkins, 13, 19.
Peary, Jane Elizabeth, 128.
Peele, Margaret Mason, 49.
Percy, Dr. George Emery, 24.
Perkins, Thomas, 20.
Capt. Thomas, 15.
Perley, Rebecca, 23.
Thomas, 23.
Perry, Augustus, 35, 37, 97.
Mrs. Augustus, vii, 61.
Mrs. Elizabeth (Clapp), 97.
Mrs. Elizabeth (Endicott), 97.
Samuel, 33-35, 97.
Phelps, Mary, 128.
Phillipps, James, Sen., 82.
Phillips, Elizabeth, 86.
James, 86, 87.
Mrs. Sarah (Stevens), 86.
Mrs. Stephen C., 49.
Phinney, Rose Diamond, 130.
Phyllis (negress), 30, 150, 191.
Pickering, Col. Timothy, 6, 23.
Pickman, Colonel, 179, 192.
Benjamin, 197.
Col. Benjamin, 197.
Dudley Leavitt, 50.
Eliza Leavitt, 50.
Elizabeth, 197.
Pierson, Dr. Abel Lawrence, 56.
Pingree, Anna Perkins, 101.
David, 101.
Mrs. Susan (Kimball), 101.
Plaisted, Col., 5.
Porter, Abijah, 171.
Benjamin, 86, 171.
Emily, 117.
Isaac, 171.
Pratt, John, 88, 89.
Margaret, 89.
Mrs. Margaret (Maverick), 88.
Prescott, Edith, 129.
Elizabeth, 113.
Prince, Claire Morton, 118, 129.
Elizabeth Peabody, 130, 141.
Mrs. Fanny Lithgow (Payson), 118.
Frederick Octavius, 118.
Mrs. Helen Susan (Henry), 118.
Marjorie, 130, 141.
Mrs. Marjorie Sarah (Bernheimer), 130.
May, 118, 129.
Morton Henry, 118.
Morton Peabody, 118, 130.
Prince, Governor, pear tree, 187.
Procter, Ebenezer, 82.
Mrs. Florence (Cunningham), 128.
Harriette Lawrence, 128, 139.
Mrs. Harriette Paige (Lawrence), 128.
Jonathan, 82.
Joseph Osborn, 128.
Margery Peabody, 128, 139.
Nathan, 82.
Richard Cunningham, 128.
Thorndike, 82, 86.
Prowse, Mrs. Clara (Fox), 125.
Mrs. Martha (Peabody), 124.
Major Montague William Warren, 124.

Prowse, Thomas William Warren, 124.
Puritan (steamer), 200.
Putnam, Andrew, 22, 27.
Col. David, 23.
Elizabeth, v, vii, 21, 26, 49, 55, 93, 95.
Rev. George, 27.
Jonathan, 86.
Martha, 8, 93.
Samuel, 93.
William, 21, 22, 33, 95.

Rantoul, Mrs. Charles William, Jr., 200.
Robert Samuel, 194.
Reade, Edmund, 77.
Elizabeth, 77.
Rebecca (schooner), 21.
Reed, ———, 192.
Anna DeWitt, 126.
Rial, ———, 182.
Rice, Mary Louise, 131.
Roberts, Mrs. Marshall Owen, 200.
Robinson, John, 186.
Rogers, Mrs. Elizabeth Putnam, (Peabody), 103.
Hannah, 111.
Jacob Crowninshield, 40, 103.
Mrs. John, 49.
Mrs. Martha Endicott (Peabody), 103.
Richard Denison, 103, 199.
Mrs. Richard Denison, 41, 42, 44, 199.
Richard Saltonstall, 37, 103.
Mrs. Richard Saltonstall, 49, 50.
Mrs. Sarah Gardner (Crowninshield), 103.
Rose, Harriet Paine, 102.
Royal Academy dinner, 43.
Russell, William R., 20.
Rust, Captain, 16.
Ryburg & Co., 18.

Sabine, Mrs. Caroline (Webb), 127.
George Kraus, 127.
Janet, 127, 138.
John Lawrence, 127, 138.
Martha Peabody, 127, 138.
Mrs. Mary (Lawrence), 127.
Rosamond, 127, 139.
Stephen Webb, 127.
St. Catharine, Canada, 42.
Salem, City of, 201.
Sally (schooner), 11, 12, 21.
Samson, Captain, 12, 19.
Sanders, Catherine, 50.
Charles, 147, 171, 173.
Searl, Curtis, 21.
Sears, Clara Endicott, 111, 121.
David, 110.
Knyvet Winthrop, 110.
Mrs. Knyvet Winthrop, 56.
Mrs. Mary Crowninshield (Peabody), 110.
Mary Peabody, 111, 120.
Mrs. Miriam Clarke (Mason), 110.
Sewall, ———, 79.
Shattuck, Dr. Frederick Cheever, 74.
Dr. George Brune, 74.
George C., 73, 74.
Shaw, Mrs. Cora (Lyman), 121
Cora Lyman, 121, 132.
Francis, 120, 121, 133.
Gardner Howland, 120.
Mrs. Mary Peabody (Sears), 120.
Miriam, 121, 133.
Shelden, William, 86.
Shepard, Michael, 21.
Shillaber, Benjamin, 21.
Silsbee, Mary Crowninshield, 49.
Nathaniel, Jr., 49.

Index

Silsbee, Mrs. Nathaniel, Jr., 34, 37.
Silsbee pear tree, 187.
Skelton, Mary, 82, 83.
Rev. Samuel, 83.
Smibert, John, 195.
Smith, Caroline, 117.
Daniel T., 12.
Elizabeth, 39, 54, 98, 100.
Frank Hill, 200.
Mary, 76, 148, 149.
Samuel, 76.
Sarah, 76.
Southward, George, 199, 200.
Sparhawk, John, Jr., 171.
Sparks, Mrs. Jared, 49.
Spooner, Dr. William, 73.
Sprague, Eliza B., 148.
Joseph, 147, 148.
Joseph E., 148.
Margaret, 148.
Sterling, Mass., 21, 22.
Stevens, Sarah, 86.
Stuyvesant pear tree, 188.
Suffolk (ship), 21.

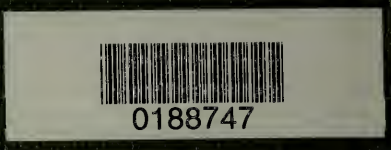
Thatcher, Anthony, pear tree, 187.
Thomas (schooner), 21.
Thompson, William, 20.
Thoron, Mrs. Anna Barker (Ward), 117.
Joseph, 116.
Marie Louise, 116.
Tiverton, R. I., 8.
Townsend, Penn, Jr., 23.
Treadwell, Aaron, 196.
John White, 196.
Nathaniel, 196.
Mrs. Nathaniel, 195, 196.
Trevis, Susanna, 83.
Trubee, Mary Kate, 126.
Tucker, Gideon, 20, 49.
Tuttle, Julius H., 195.
Two Brothers (schooner), 21.

Vaughan, Ellen Gardner, 132, 144.
Mrs. Ellen Gardner (Loring), 132.
Mrs. Ellen Twistleton (Parkman), 132.
Louisa Loring, 132, 143.
Samuel, 132, 144.
William Loring, 132, 144.
William Warren, 132.
Victoria, Queen, 57.
Vivian, Mrs. Ralph, 200.

Walcott, Henry Pickering, 197.
Walters, Abigail, 91.
Ward, Anna Barker, 117.
Warren, Mrs. J. Mason, 61.
Waters, Henry FitzGilbert, 3.
Webb, Caroline, 127.
Wellington, Duke of, 44.
Weston, Cutler, 20.
Wheatland, Florence, 116.
Mrs. Florence de Saumarez (Dumeresq), 116.
George, 116.
White, Peregrine, apple tree, 188.
Whiteside, Mrs. Alexander, 74.
Whitney, Mrs. Annie (Nourse), 113.
Martha Prince, 113.
William Michael, 113.
Winthrop, Gov. John, 74, 77, 78, 179, 193.
Robert Charles, 62.
Wolcott, Mrs. Claire Morton (Prince), 129.
Clarissa Endicott, 129, 140.
Mrs. Edith (Prescott), 129.
John Endicott, 129, 140.
Roger, 129, 140, 197, 198.

Zogheb, Count Michel-Antoine, 115.
Zurbaran, Francisco, 57.

HG
2-97


0188747